



2020 Annual Report

Now is The Time For Biosimilars

Published on April 17th, 2021
The Tanvex Annual Report is available at:
http://mops.twse.com.tw
http://www.tanvex.com

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Title	Chairman/Chief Executive Officer
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4. Most Recent Year Financial Auditor's Name, CPA Firm, Address, Telephone and Website

Auditor: Ms. Yu, Shu-Fen, Ms. Liang, Hua-Ling

CPA Firm: PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan ("PwC Taiwan")

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5. Listing Foreign Stock Exchange and Query Method: Not Applicable

6. Board of Directors

TITLE	NAME	NATIONALITY	WORK EXPERIENCE
Director	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd., Representative: Chen, Chi-Chuan	Taiwan, ROC	
Director	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd., Representative: Tseng, Tamon	Taiwan, ROC	
Director	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust, Representative: Allen Chao	U.S.A	Please refer to the
Director	Hsia Family Trust, Representative: Hsia, David	U.S.A	Section 3.2 Board Members
Chairman & CEO	Delos Capital Fund, LP, Representative: Chen, Lin-Cheng	Taiwan, ROC	Information of this Annual Report for more details.
Director	Yen, Yun	Taiwan, ROC	
Independent Director	Tsai, Jin-Pau	Taiwan, ROC	
Independent Director	Chang, Lee-Chiou	Taiwan, ROC	

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8. Company Website: www.tanvex.com

Notice to Reader:

Notice to Reader:

1. For the convenience of readers and for informational purposes only, the 2020 Annual Report for the 2021 Annual General Meeting has been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version, or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-Language annual report should prevail.

2. Tanvex is a biotechnology company that aims to develop biosimilar and new drug products. Due to the lengthy R&D process, extensive spending, failure to obtain the regulatory approval of government authorities which may result in non-productive R&D activities, investors should assess carefully the risks of investment. Please refer to the risk assessment section 7.6 of this annual report for more details.

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1. Letter to Shareholders

1.1 Letter from CEO

Dear Shareholders,

The Year 2020 was a significant year for Tanvex as it continued its quest of developing essential biosimilar products. We successfully resubmitted the Biologics Licensing Application (BLA) for Tanvex's lead product TX-01 in November. We also completed enrollment for the pivotal clinical study of Tanvex's second product, TX-05, in March, and completed neoadjuvant treatment in November. These achievements marked promising progress toward Tanvex's goal of introducing these important biosimilar products to the market.

As our tireless work continues, 2021 promises to be a momentous year for Tanvex. For TX-01, we are working toward obtaining the BLA approval from the FDA. For TX-05, with the positive readout of the pivotal clinical study announced in March, we are working toward submitting the BLA in 2021. With completion of these milestones, we hope to complete the vertically integrated biologics development, manufacturing and marketing platform and elevate Tanvex toward a full-fledged pharmaceuticals company.

These achievements mark the culmination of years of hard work by the entire Tanvex team, under Dr. Allen Chao's astute and unwavering leadership, spanning the US and Taiwan. We take pride in these achievements and remain vigilant in achieving critical milestones ahead of us. I am honored to assume leadership at this pivotal time. Together, we shall strive toward maximizing the value of Tanvex's vertically integrated platform and providing essential and cost-effective therapeutic solutions that serve to improve and save patients' lives. The decade of 2020 shall be Tanvex's shine.

Best regards,

Lin-Cheng Chen, Chairman/CEO

1.2 2020 Business Report

The high price of biologic drugs presents a significant financial burden on the healthcare system globally. Consequently, quality, effective and affordable biosimilar products has emerged as one of the best solutions to reduce pharmaceutical costs.

The United States represents the single, largest market in the world for biologic drugs. In 2010, the US government approved the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act ("BPCIA") which established a clear and efficient pathway for biosimilar regulation and market access. In 2015, the US FDA approved the first biosimilar product (Zarxio®), a biosimilar to Neupogen®. As of December 31, 2020, the US FDA had approved a total of twenty-nine biosimilar products, three of which were approved during 2020. With the continued growth in biosimilar products approvals, introductions and market penetration rates, the US biosimilar industry continues to move toward fulfilling its potential.

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. (Tanvex) is developing biosimilar products and plans to target the US market as a priority. The Company plans to leverage its in-house development, manufacturing and commercialization capabilities, which provide it control and flexibility and the ability to successfully compete in the US market. Key developments in 2020 are as follows:

2020 Product and Operation Results, Financial Performance and Budget Execution Status

1. 2020 Product and Operation Results:

To deliver on our commitment to shareholders, we have been diligently working on advancing the development of our product pipeline and building the foundation for commercialization. Below is an overview of the progress we made in 2020:

- → Product TX01 (A Proposed biosimilar to Neupogen®)

 Resubmitted BLA to US FDA in November 2020; submitted response to Health Canada in November 2020
- → Product TX05 (A Proposed biosimilar to Herceptin®)
 Advanced Phase III clinical program completing enrollment in March 2020 and completing treatment in October 2020
- → Product TX04 (A Proposed biosimilar to Neulasta®)

 Met with US FDA regarding pivotal trial requirements; initiated planning for scale-up clinical trials
- → Product TX16 (A Proposed biosimilar to Avastin®)

Put Phase III clinical trial plans on hold due to level of financial investment required

- ightarrow Continued to develop commercial plans for the launch of TX01
- → Raised ~NT\$1.7 billion (~US\$60 million) of additional capital through a follow-on public offering of common stock in December 2020.

Our product pipeline development status is outlined in the table below:

Pipeline Product	Molecule	Innovator Product	Pre-clin	Phase I	Phase III	Submission	Approval	Status
TX-01	filgrastim	Neupogen® (Amgen)						Resubmitted BLA in Nov 2020; preparing for and awaiting PAI inspection
TX-05	trastuzumab	Herceptin® (Genentech)						Phase III top-line results released Feb 2021; preparing BLA for submission in mid- 2021
TX04	pegfilgrastim	Neulasta® (Amgen)						Completed meeting with FDA on pivotal clinical study plans; preparing for pivotal trials
TX-16	bevacizumab	Avastin® (Genentech)						On hold (delaying initiation of Phase III due to clinical cost)
TX-52	pertuzumab	Perjeta® (Genentech)						Preparing for cell banking, process development and scale-up

2. Year 2020 financial performance

As our products are still in the development stage, no revenue was generated in 2020. Below is a summary of our financial results for 2020 and 2019:

Unit: NT\$ in thousands, (except per share amounts)

				re per oriare arrivaries,
DESCRIPTION	2020	2019	VARIANCE	% OF VARIANCE
Sales and Revenue	300	0	300	0%
Cost of Goods Sold	(157)	0	(157)	0%
Operating Expenses	(2,099,577)	(2,328,156)	228,579	-10%
Non-operating Income and Expenses	(4,635)	53,955	(58,590)	-109%
Income Tax Expense	(24)	(25)	1	-4%
Net Loss after Tax	(2,104,236)	(2,274,226)	169,990	-7%
Net Loss Per Share (NT\$)	(7.84)	(9.26)	1.42	-15%

We continued to invest heavily in research and development and pre-commercialization activities in 2020. As a result, we incurred a net loss in 2020 of NT\$2.1 billion which was NT\$170 million less than the prior year. Our research and development costs were NT\$1.9 billion in 2020, which represented a 7% decrease from the prior year. This decrease in research and development costs was primarily due to lower cost for our TX05 phase III clinical trials. All major product development activities were implemented as planned and within the overall budget of NT\$2.5 billion in 2020.

Outlook

Tanvex will continue its transition to commercialization in the coming year. In 2021, the Company continues to plan for the approval and launch of TX01, a proposed biosimilar to Neupogen® (filgrastim), in the US and Canada. In addition, the Company expects to file its BLA with US FDA for TX05, a proposed biosimilar to Herceptin® (trastuzumab). Tanvex will also continue to develop its earlier-stage pipeline of biosimilar products.

Allen Chao, Chairman Lin-Cheng Chen, Chief Executive Officer

1.3 Potential Challenges from External Competition Environment, Regulations and Overall Business Environment

1. Challenges from External Competition

When products are launched in the market, the Company may face challenges from new products (new drug and/or biosimilars) with the same efficacy, or the insurance companies reducing reimbursement amounts or declining coverage. However, the Company's unique marketing strategies, integrated, cost-effective structure, and its team's experience will enable the Company to overcome these challenges and successfully market and sell its products.

2. Impact from Regulatory Changes

- (1) U.S. FDA has established standards for biosimilars and had approved twenty-nine biosimilar products as of the end of 2020. The FDA and other regulatory authorities' policies may change and additional regulations may be enacted that could impact the Company's plans and timelines. During 2020 and up to the date of this report, there were no changes to the FDA regulations for biosimilars that significantly affect the Company's business and financials.
- (2) The Company has strictly followed local, state and federal regulations and policies, constantly monitors the changes and trends on important policies, consults with its attorneys and certified public accountants to ensure it is aware of any changes in local regulations and policies and any related impact on the Company. In addition, the Company constantly monitors the regulatory changes in order to take proper actions in a timely fashion. In the most recent year and up to the date of this report, there hasn't been any change which significantly affects the Company's business and financials.

3. Challenges from Overall Business Environment

The Company was registered in the Cayman Islands on May 8, 2013 as a holding company and has no substantial economic activities in the Cayman Islands. The government in the Cayman Islands not only strengthens crime prevention, but also strives to protect the privacy of legitimate business practices. It has generally stable political and economic environment. The Company has two wholly-owned subsidiaries which are located in Taiwan and the United States. These two countries are also both generally politically and economically stable. Their governments are actively boosting domestic demand, and committed to long-term economic restructuring to continue to strengthen their economies.

In 2020, SARS-CoV-2, a novel strain of coronavirus, and the resulting disease COVID-19, had spread to most countries, including the United States. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, both the global economy and our business has been impacted. While the long-term economic impact and the duration of the COVID-19 pandemic may be difficult to assess or predict, the widespread pandemic has resulted in, and may continue to result in, significant disruption of global financial markets, global supply constraints, and other disruptions, including but not limited to travel restrictions which have impacted FDA's ability to conduct on-site inspections, which could impact our business and financial results.

2. Company Profile

2.1 Company Overview

Tanvex Biopharma, Inc. (TWSE: 6541) is a biopharmaceutical company focused on biologic pharmaceutical products with a core focus on biosimilar products. We are vertically integrated with in-house capabilities to research, develop, manufacture and bring to market our products. Tanvex operates out of its facilities in the United States and Taiwan. The Company's Taiwan subsidiary is responsible for initial stage cell line and bioprocess development. The Company's US subsidiary is responsible for further cell line and process development, scale up and commercial production. Seamless cooperation between the two subsidiaries promotes the Company's overall international competitiveness.

Key Facts:

- Founded in 2013
- Approximately 160 employees in the U.S. and Taiwan.
- The Company was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) in October 2017.
- Vertically integrated with in-house capabilities to research, develop and manufacture providing better control of quality and cost.
- Technical expertise and equipment to develop and manufacture products using either mammalian or microbial expression/systems.
- Resubmitted BLA for TX-01 (biosimilar to Neupogen®) to U.S. FDA in November 2020;
- Completed Phase III clinical trial for TX-05 (biosimilar to Herceptin®) in November 2020 (last patient surgery) and released positive results for the trial in Feb. 2021;
- Pipeline also includes TX04 (biosimilar to Neulasta®) and TX-16 (biosimilar to Avastin®) as well as other biosimilar candidates in early stage of development.

Manufacturing

- Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. has facilities for early commercial production located in San Diego, California. It has two buildings which include manufacturing, lab, warehouse and offices. Total area is approximately 135,000 square foot.
- Initial commercial production capacity includes 1 x 150 liter stainless steel fermenter (with capacity to expand to 300 liter) for microbial product, and 4 x 1000 liter single-use bioreactors (with capacity to expand further) for mammalian cell products.

2.2 Market Overview

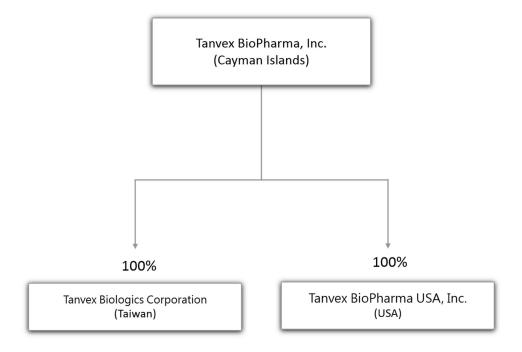
Most pharmaceutical products can be classified into one of two major categories: small molecule products and large molecule products. Small molecule products are generally made from chemicals which have been synthesized using chemical reactions between different organic and/or inorganic compounds. Small molecule products have relatively simple structure and "small" molecular weight. Large molecule products are made from living organisms such as human, animal, yeast and bacteria cells. Large molecule products have a relatively complex structure and "large" molecular weight. Biologic pharmaceutical products ("biologics") fall into the large molecule classification.

Many of today's important therapeutics are biologics. Biologics are used to treat multiple conditions including various types of cancer, low white blood cell counts, anemia, rheumatoid arthritis, and inflammatory bowel disease and skin conditions such as psoriasis. The biologics market was valued at over \$300 billion in 2020 and estimated to grow to over \$500 billion by 2026.

Biosimilars are biologics that have been shown to have no clinically meaningful differences from an already approved biologic known as the reference product. Biosimilars represent a relatively new market. The high, growing cost of biologics and the need to increase access to critical treatment options will continue to drive demand for lower cost alternatives and create vast commercial potential for the biosimilars market.

The process to develop and manufacture biosimilars is complex and requires a high level of scientific sophistication. The associated technical barriers, in addition to the high cost of development (relative to small molecule generics) will limit many potential competitors, enhancing the overall commercial opportunity within the biosimilar market.

2.3 Group Structure



2.4 Company History

YEAR	MILESTONES
May 2013	Ruenvex Biotech Inc. was registered in Cayman Islands on May 8th, 2013. Authorized capital stock US\$50,000
September 2013	Cash capital increase for US\$16,000,000 for business funding
September 2013	Acquired 100% shares of Tanvex Biologics Corporation for obtaining cell line patent and licensing, and developing biosimilar market
September 2014	Ruenvex Biotech Inc. changed name to Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. on September 30th, 2014
September 2014	Acquired 100% shares of La Jolla Biologics Inc. for obtaining technology on process development, commercialization manufacturing and equipments, and vertically integrating the supply chain of upstream, midstream and downstream

YEAR	MILESTONES
October 2014	Closed US\$20,000,000 equity financing for business operation
March 2015	Closed US\$50,000,000 equity financing for facility expansion, research and development of various biosimliar products
March 2015	Par value converion of stock options to US\$ 109
April 2015	Par value converion of stock options to US\$ 125
May 2015	Approved by the Board on conversion of stock par value to NT\$10, paid in capital is NT\$ 1,656,650,000 after converion
July 2015	Approved by Taipei Exchange as public listed company in Taiwan
August 2015	Approved by Taipei Exchange as emerging stock company on Emerging Stock Board
February 2016	Closed NT\$3,328,000,000 equity financing with issued common stock 26,000,000 shares at NT\$128 per share, paid in capital valued NT\$1,924,445,000 post funding
March 2016	Completed phase II manufacturing facility expansion for La Jolla Biologics Inc. in the U.S.
October 2016	 (1) Entered Phase III clinical trial for TX01 (2) Completed lab expansion for Tanvex Biologics Corporation in Taiwan (3) Completed building 2 remodel for La Jolla Biologics Inc. in the U.S.
November 2016	(1) Obtained approval from Industry Development Bureau on high-tech science and technology business application (2) Applied for primary listing on the Taiwan Stock Exchange
January 2017	Entered Phase I clinical trials for TX16
May 2017	Approved by Taiwan Stock Exchange as public listed company in Taiwan
July, October 2017	Precessed and Listed stock on Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) and raised NT\$1.65 Bilion
August 2017	Completed Phase III clinical trials for TX01, the pre-specified endpoints are met
October 2017	Initiated Phase III clinical trials for TX05
December 2017	Completed Phase I clinical trials for TX16
January 2018	Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. wholly owned subsidiary La Jolla Biologics, Inc. changed name to Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.
August 2018	Tanvex Biologics Corporation to expand process development capability
September 2018	Raised ~US\$70 million of additional capital through secondary public offering of common stock
September 2018	Filed Biologics License Application (BLA) with US FDA for TX01
November 2018	FDA accepts TX01 BLA filing
January 2019	Submitted NDS to Health Canada for TX01
December 2019	Raised ~US\$31 million of additional capital through a follow-on public offering of common stock
December 2019	Settled patent litigation with Amgen related to US patent #9,856,287 for TX01
March 2020	Clinical trail completion of enrollment for TX05

YEAR	MILESTONES
October 2020	Clinical trial completion of treatment for TX05
November 2020	Submitted TX01 NDS responses to Health Canada
November 2020	TX01 BLA resubmission
November 2020	Clinical trial completion of last patient surgery for TX05
December 2020	Signed binding term sheet with Canadian partner
December 2020	Raised ~US\$60 million of additional capital through a follow-on public offering of common stock
February 2021	Positive Phase III top-line results released
March 2021	Has reached a license agreement with Amgen for a patent in Canada that relates to filgrastim

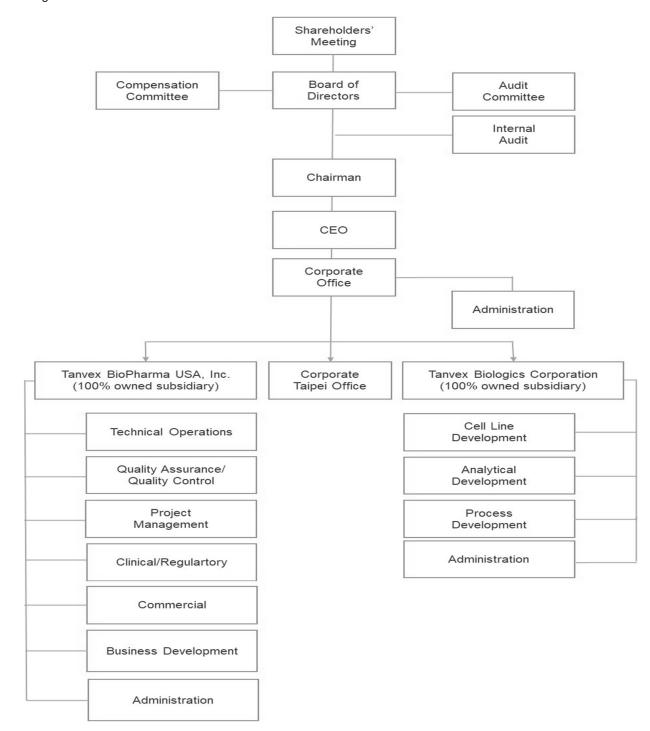
2.5 Risk Factors

Please refer to section 7 "Review and Analysis of Financial Position, Operating Results and Risk Assessment".

Corporate Governance

3.1 Organization

3.1.1 Organizational Chart



3.1.2 Duties of Main Departments

DEPARTMENT	MAIN DUTIES
Board of Directors (the "Board")	Formulate strategies, objectives, and policies on Tanvex BioPharma's business operations.
Audit Committee	Conduct financial and business supervision over Tanvex BioPharma, oversee representations in its financial reports to ensure appropriateness, and monitor its implementation of internal controls to ensure effectiveness.
Remuneration Committee	Review performance evaluation and remuneration of directors and officers and formulate and review on a regular basis policies, systems, standards and structures regarding performance evaluation and remuneration of the Board directors and officers.
Chairman of the Board	(1) Oversee Company operations on behalf of the Board.(2) Guide managements in implementation of major operational strategies of Tanvex, according to Board Resolution.
CEO/General Manager	 Formulate, plan and supervise the Company's operational plans, objectives, and quality policies. Formulate the Company's overall business strategies and revise business performance forecasts. Execute plans and report the operational result to the Board.
Internal Audit	 Examine and evaluate the soundness, reasonableness, effectiveness, and implementation of internal controls for each department. Execute annual audit plans. Draft audit reports, assess improvements, and conduct self-examination of internal control systems. Other actions as required by laws and regulations.
Administration	 (1) Convene and assist with Compensation Committee, Audit Committee, the Board and shareholders' meetings. (2) HR, conduct general procurements, and handle administrative matters. (3) Manage accounting and tax matters. (4) Financial and cash flow management and utilization of funds. (5) Stock affairs and Employee Stock Option Plan management (6) Manage and maintain IT system, computer software and hardware. (7) Set up and manage the security of information systems. (8) Manage properties, inventories, and materials.
Business Development	 Formulate, plan, execute, manage and coordinate the Company's business development strategies. Product marketing collaboration, promotion and execution.
Technical Operations	 U.S. subsidiary, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.: (1) Cell culture development group—upstream cell line development and scale-up process development. (2) Purification group—protein purification method development, process improvement and scale-up. (3) Analytical Science group—analytical method setup and development, establish testing program according to FDA regulations, perform lab sample and stability analysis. (4) Formulation group—drug formulation design and development. (5) Biosimilar products upstream and downstream scale up, improvement and commercial production technology development. (6) Conduct GMP manufacturing of cell cultures and purification. (7) Initial commercialization production. Taiwan subsidiary, Tanvex Biologics Corporation:
	 (1) Cell line development—design cell line development platform, construct and screen cell line, develop stable and high-quality cell lines. (2) Initial stage process development—for both mammalian and microbial fermentation, both upstream and downstream initial stage process development and scale-up process, including upstream cell cultivation and downstream protein purification process development. (3) Analytical technology development, including biosimilar product characterization, analytical data analysis, analytical method research and development.
Clinical/Regulartory	Preclinical/Clinical Research group—support preparation and planning of preclinical and clinical study, execution of CRO research, communicate with regulation agencies, and clinical research and drug license application.
Quality Assurance/Quality Control	 Quality Assurance - GMP sample analysis, stability test and environmental monitoring. Quality Control - Establish product analysis and process procedure documentation, ensure the execution of the procedure, and audit product process and documentation.
Project Management	 Projects management and progress tracking. Prepare annual project planning. Assist in preparation of preclinical, clinical study plan, execution and management. Communication and coordination among project units.
Commercial	(1) Preparation for commercialization. (2) Marketing and Brand awareness.

3.2 Board Members3.2.1 Board Members information

NOTE 4)			
	RELATION-SHIP	ı	I
RECTOR OR S WITHIN A SI OF CONSANG MEMBER	NAME	ı	I
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSAING UNITY TO THE MEMBER	TITLE	ı	I
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY		ı	Vice General Manager, Investment Management and Special Assistant to Chairman of Ruentex Group Representative of Corporate Board Director, TaiMed Biologics, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Amaria Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Amaria Biotechnology, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Amaria Biotechnology, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Manaria Biotechnology, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, RenBio Holdings Ltd. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Mithra Biotechnology Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Janvex Biologics, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Theragent, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Mega Growth Investment Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Mega Growth Investment Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Nan Shan Life Insurance Co., Ltd Director, Nan Shan Life Insurance Co., Ltd Director, Nan Shan Life Insurance Co., Ltd
WORK (AND EDUCATIONAL)	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)	ı	Master in Business, National Taiwan University, College of Manage-ment Vice President and Special Assistent to CEO, Investment Investment Office, Ruentex Group
ER'S ER'S	%	1	22367842200
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	NO. OF SHARES	ı	
	%	ı	0.02%
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	NO. OF SHARES	ı	55,959
9	%	22.62 %	0.02%
CURRENT	NO. OF SHARES	70,566,999	49,046
	%	32.52 %	I
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	NO. OF SHARES	70,566,999	I
DATE HRST ELECTED	(NOTE2)	10/06/ 2013	10/06/ 2013 (Note6)
TERM		Three Year	Three Year (NoteS)
DATE		06/13/ 2018	
GENDER			Male
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF REGISTATION		Taiwan R.O.C.	Taiwan R.O.C.
NAME	_ it		Repre- sentative: Chi-Chuan (Notes)
TITLE (NOTE 1)			Director

NOTE (NOTE 4)				
	RELATION-SHIP	I	I	1
RECTOR OR SE R WITHIN A SE OF CONSANGL MEMBER	NAME	ı	ı	I
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEMBER	TITLE	ı	ı	I
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY AND OTHER COMPANIES		I	Representative of Corporate Board Director, OBI Pharma, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board director, Amaran Biotechnology, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Mithra Biotechnology Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Ruenhui Biopharmaceuticals Representative of Corporate Board Director, Ruen Chen Investment Holding. Co, Ltd. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Sunny Friend Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Sunny Friend Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Sheng Cheng Investment Co., Ltd. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Ruentex Group Construction & Development Chairman, Tawan Transport Insurance Sarvices Co., Ltd. Board Director, Hocom Board Director, Hocom Board Director, Hocom Representative of Corporate Board Director, TaiMed Biologics, Inc. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Nan Shan Life Insurance Co., Ltd	I
WORK (AND EDUCATIONAL)	EXPERIENCE (NO IE 3)	I	LLM., University College London Supervisor, SinoPac Financial Holdings Company Limited	I
EELD IN	%	ı	1	I
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	NO. OF SHARES	ı	ı	I
AND ORS OLDING	%	ı	ı	I
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	NO. OF SHARES	I	ı	I
	%	22.62 %	I	4.62 %
CURRENT	NO. OF SHARES	70,566,999	ı	14,400,000
	%	32.52 %	ı	6.64 %
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	NO. OF SHARES	70,566,999	ı	14,400,000
TERM ELECTED (NOTE2) (NOTE2) Three 10/06/ Year 2013		10/06/ 2013	10/06/ 2013 (Note 6)	05/15/
		Three Year	Three	Three Year
DATE		06/13/ 2018		06/13/
GENDER			Male	
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF	KEGISIA	Taiwan R.O.C.	Taiwan R.O.C.	Cayman Islands
NAME		Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	Representative: Tseng, Tangon (Note 7)	Delos capital Fund, LP
TITLE (NOTE 1)			Director	

NOTE (NOTE 4)					
	REI ATION-SHIP		1	I	Brother- in-law
IRECTOR OR SU OR WITHIN A SE OF CONSANGU MEMBER	NAME	MAINE	I	I	Hsia, David
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEMBER	Ë	d =	I	ı	Director
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY	AND OTHER COMPANIES		Chairman, CEO and Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex Biologics Corp. Chairman, CEO and Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. Managing Partner, Delos Capital Fund, LP. Board Director, Allera Therapeutics GmbH. Board Director, AP Biosciences, Inc. Board Director, Curatia Medical, Inc. Board Director, Curatia Medical, Inc. Board Director, Imperative Care, Inc. Board Director, Imperative Care, Inc.	ı	Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex Tanvex Biologics Corp. Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. Chairman and Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex Biologics Inc. Board Director, Ansun BioPharma Inc. Board Director, Arbor Pharmaceuticals, LLC. Board Director, Mithra Biotechnology Inc. Trust Director, Taipei Medical University
WORK (AND	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)		J.D., Harvard University Managing Partner, Delos Capital Fund, LP Partner and Co- Head of Asia, Permira Managing Director, Goldman Sachs Lawyer, Davis Polk & Wardwell, LLP and New York Bar	ı	Ph.D., Purdue University, College of Pharmacy Founder and CEO, Watson Pharmaceuticals
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME		%	I	I	I
SHARES		SHARES	I	I	I
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING		%	I	I	0.18 %
SPOUS	5	SHARES	I	1	554,991
TENT		%	l	7.36 %	0.84 %
CURRENT SHAREHOLDING	5	SHARES	I	22,978,243	2,633,766
DIDING		%	I	7.78 %	0.53 %
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	5	SHARES	I	16,888,022	1,143,421
DATE HRST FIECTED			05/15/ 2015	05/15/ 2015	06/10/
TERM	EXPIRES		Three Year	Three Year	Three
DATE			06/13/ 2018	06/13/ 2018	06/13/ 2018
GENDER			Male		Male
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF	REGISTATION		Taiwan R.O.C.	U.S.A.	U.S.A.
NAME			Repre- sentative: Chen, Lin-Cheng	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust	Repre- sentative: Allen Chao
III	(NOTE 1)		Chairman		Director

NOTE 4)									
JPERVISOR WHO COND-DEGREE JINITY TO THE	RELATION-SHIP	I	Brother- in-law						
RECTOR OR SI R WITHIN A SE DF CONSANG! MEMBER	NAME	I	Allen Chao						
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEMBER	THE	I	Director						
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY		I	Board Director, Tanvex Biologics Inc. Member of Consulting committee, Allianz Pharmascience Ltd.						
WORK (AND EDUCATIONAL)	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)	I	Ph.D., Purdue University, College of Pharmacy Senior Vice President, R&D, Watson Pharmaceuticals Manager, Pharmaceutical Technology AR&D Director, American Hospital Supply Corp. (now Baxter)						
ELD IN	%	I	I						
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	NO. OF SHARES	I	I						
AND SECTION SE	%	I	I						
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	NO. OF SHARES	I	1						
	%	0.83 %	I						
CURRENT	NO. OF SHARES	2,590,270	ı						
	%	1.13 %	I						
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	NO. OF SHARES	2,442,430	I						
DATE FIRST ELECTED	(NOTE2)	05/15/	2015						
TERM		Three Year	Three Year						
DATE		06/13/ 2018	2018						
SENDER			M ale						
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF	REGISTATION	U.S.A.	U.S.A.						
NAME		Hsia Family Trust	Repre- sentative: David Hsia						
TITE	(10)		Director						

NOTE (NOTE 4)										
	RELATION-SHIP	I								
RECTOR OR SU WITHIN A SE F CONSANGU MEMBER	NAME	I								
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEINBER	TITE.	I								
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY		Professor, Ph.D. Program for Cancer Molecular Biology and Drug Discovery, Taipei Medical University Chairman, Sino American Cancer Foundation Chief Science Advisor, Fulgent Chairman, Calgent Biotechnology Co. Ltd. Chairman, Theragent Inc. Board Director, Nor Targeting & Therapy BioPharma Inc. Board Director, National Health Research Institutes (NHRI) Board Director, National Health Research Institutes (NHRI) Board Director, Tanvex Tanvex Biologics Corp. Corp. Board Director, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.								
WORK (AND EDUCATIONAL)	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)	Adjunct Professor, Graduate Institute of Oncology, National Taiwan University Affiliate Professor, California Institute of Technology Attending Physician, Duivsion of Medical Oncology, and Graduate School, City of Hope; Drector, Developmental Cancer Therapeutics Program, City of Hope; Chairman, Molecular Pheramacol-ogy Department, City of Hope; Chairman, Molecular Amandoncology Department, City of Hope; Vice President, City of Hope; Vice President, City of Medicine, Yale U. Ph.D. in Pathology and Cell Biology, Thomas Lefferson University M.D., Taipei Medical College								
HELD IN	%									
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	NO. OF SHARES	I								
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	%	I								
SPOUS	NO. OF SHARES	0.10 %								
CURRENT	%									
	NO. OF SHARES	318,579								
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	% s	0.13 %								
	NO. OF SHARES	273,748								
DATE HRST ELECTED	(NOIEZ)	05/15/2015								
TERM		Three								
DATE		2018 1								
GENDER		Male 2								
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF	REGISTATION	Taiwan R.O.C.								
NAME		Yen, Yun								
TITLE (NOTE 1)		Director								

NOTE (NOTE 4)		
	RELATION-SHIP	I
RECTOR OR SE R WITHIN A SE OF CONSANGL MEMBER	NAME	I
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEMBER	TITE	I
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY		Adjunct Associate Professor, Department of Accounting, National Chengchii University Chairman, Jia Guang Development Industry Co., Ltd. Board Director, Global Life Insurance Co. Ltd. Board Director, Oriental Recreation and Development Corp. Board Director, Tuntex Incorporation Board Director, FCB Leasing Co., Ltd. Board Director, FCB Leasing Co., Ltd. Independent Director, Sunny Friend Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. Independent Board Director, Zenitron Corporation Corporation Independent Board Director, KD Holding Corporation Soard Director, Hsing Tian Kong Medical Foundation Board Director, Vung Tai Charity Foundation Board Director, Vung Tai Charity Foundation Board Director, Vung Tai Charity
WORK (AND EDUCATIONAL)	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)	Department of Accounting, Master in In Law, College of Law, National Chengchi University Master in Law, College of Law, National Chengchi Univestment Trust Co., Ltd. Deputy CEO, CEO and Deputy CEO, ED and Deputy CEO, CEO and Deputy Ltd. Supervisory Board President, Public Service Pension Fund Management Consulting Consulting Consulting Managing Director, and Managing Director and Governance Association Managing Director, and Governance Association Managing Director, and Development Foundation, and Cerlairman, Auditing Standards Committee Advisor, Adcounting Pension Management
HELD IN HER'S VIE	%	I I
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	NO. OF SHARES	I
E AND ORS OLDING	%	ı
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	NO. OF SHARES	I
	%	I
CURRENT	NO. OF SHARES	I
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	%	ı
SHAREH UPON EI	NO. OF SHARES	ı
DATE HRST ELECTED	(NOTE2)	2015
TERM		Three
DATE		2018
GENDER		мае
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF	REGISTATION	Taiwan R.O.C.
NAME		Tsai, Jin-Pau
MOTE 1	(NOIL 1)	Independe nt Director

NOTE (NOTE 4)			
	RELATION-SHIP	I	ı
RECTOR OR SU R WITHIN A SE OF CONSANG U MEMBER	NAME	I	ı
OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEWBER	TITE	I	ı
CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY		CEO, Sun Ten Group Chairman, FOCI Fiber Optic Communications, Inc. Chairman, Panion & Br Biotech Inc. Chairman, Herbiotek Co., Ltd. Chairman, Cheng Fong Chemical Co., Ltd. Chairman, Cheng Fong Chemical Co., Ltd. Board Director, Triknight Capital Corp. Board Director, Priknight Capital Corp. Board Director, PhytoHealth Corp. Independent Board Director, Taya Telecom Cable Co., Ltd. Independent Board Director, Acme Electronics Corporation Independent Board Director, Acme Holding Inc.	
WORK (AND EDUCATIONAL)	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)	NCCU Department of Risk Management and Insurance Department of Public Fublic Fu	The Ohio State University, M.S/Ph.D. National Chung- Hsing University, BS
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	%	I	I
SHARE	NO. OF SHARES	l .	I
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	%	I	I
	NO. OF SHARES	I	I
CURRENT	%	l l	ı
CUR	NO. OF SHARES	I	I
SHAREHOLDING UPON ELECTION	%	I	I
SHAREH	NO. OF SHARES	I	1
DATE HRST ELECTED		05/15/	05/15/
TERM		Three	Three Year
DATE		06/13/ 2018	2018
GENDER		Male	Male
NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF		Taiwan R.O.C.	Taiwan R.O.C.
NAME		Independe Chang, Lee- nt Chiou Director	Independe Shih, Chuan nt Director (Note 8)
TITLE (NOTE 1)	(KOLE 1)	Independe nt Director	Independe nt Director

A M	NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF	GENDER	DATE	TERM	DATE HRS	NATIONALITY OR PLACE OF GENDER DATE TERM DATE FIRST UPON ELECTION SHAREHOLDING	CURRENT SHAREHOLDING	SPOUSE AND SHARES HELD IN MINORS ANOTHER'S NAME	SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	WORK (AND	CONCURRENT POSITIONS HELD IN THE COMPANY	OTHER OFFICER, DIRECTOR OR SUPERVISOR WHO NOTE IS THE SPOUSE OW WITHIN A SECOND-DEGREE (NOTE 4) RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANG UINITY TO THE MEMBER	RECTOR OR SE R WITHIN A SE OF CONSANG! MEMBER	JPERVISOR WHO COND-DEGREE JINITY TO THE	NOTE (NOTE 4)
	REGISTATION			D. EXPIRE	S (NOTEZ)	NO. OF SHARES %	NO. OF SHARES %	NO. OF SHARES %	NO. OF SHARES %	EXPERIENCE (NOTE 3)	AND OTHER COMPANIES	JIIE	NAME	RELATION-SHIP	
I.은 .	onal shareholder	r shall list	t its nam	e and repr	esentative	individually (where	the member is	a representative	of an institution	al shareholder, the n	Note 1: An institutional shareholder shall list its name and representative individually (where the member is a representative of an institutional shareholder, the name of the institutional shareholder shall be specified). Table 1 shall also be	ecified). Table 1 s	hall also be		
completed. The time th	e member first	t acted as	s a Com	pany dire	ctor or sup	completed. Note 2: The time the member first acted as a Company director or supervisor shall be entered. In the event of suspension, the reason shall be stated.	ntered. In the ev	vent of suspensi	on. the reason	shall be stated.					
. •	experiences rele	evant to p	positions	scurrently	/ held, the ti	itles held and dutie	s shall be stated	if the member h	as worked in a C	PA firm or an affiliate	Note 3: In regard to experiences relevant to positions currently held, the titles held and duties shall be stated if the member has worked in a CPA firm or an affiliate thereof during the aforementioned period.				
ਲ	n and the gener	ral manag	ger or ec	quivalent a	are the sam	e person, relatives	of each other or	r spouse, need to	explain the rea	sons, rationality, nec	Note 4: The chairman and the general manager or equivalent are the same person, relatives of each other or spouse, need to explain the reasons, rationality, necessity and corresponding measures.				
5	estment Co. Ltd	մ. changed	d Repres	sentative t	to Chen, Ch.	Note 5: Peng-Lin Investment Co. Ltd. changed Representative to Chen, Chi-Chuan on 05/03/2020.	2020.								
a	Note 6: Same as the date elected as Peng-Lin Investment Co. Ltd.	s Peng-Lin	າ Investn	nent Co. L	td.										
>	estment Co. Ltd	մ. changed	d Repres	sentative t	to Tseng, Ta	Note 7: Peng-Lin Investment Co. Ltd. changed Representative to Tseng, Tamon on 07/13/2020.	20.								
Ξ	Note 8: Independent Director Shih-Chuan resigned on 07/20/2020.	Chuan res	signed o	n 07/20/2	.020										

3.2.2 Major Institutional Shareholders with Representation on the Board

As of December 31, 2020

INSTITUTIONAL SHAREHOLDER NAME (NOTE 1)	MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS (NOTE 2)
Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	Yin, Chungyao (100%)
Delos Capital Fund, LP	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. (38.46%), Alpha Institutional Holdings Limited (15.38%), Viva Victory Limited (7.69%), Taishin Venture Capital Co. Ltd. (7.69%), E. Sun Venture Capital Co. Ltd. (7.69%), MAL Investment Company (3.85%), Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust (3.85%)
Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao (100%)
Hsia Family Trust	David Hsia and Phylis Hsia (100%)

- Note 1: Where a supervisor is a representative of an institutional shareholder, the name of institutional shareholder shall be specified.
- Note 2: Top 10 shareholders shall be listed with their shareholding percentage. If the shareholder is an institutional entity, further information shall be provided in below table.
- Note 3: If the institutional shareholder is not a company, the name and shareholding ratio should be disclosed.

3.2.3 Major Shareholders of the Institutional Shareholders with Representation on the Board

As of December 31, 2020

INSTITUTIONAL SHAREHOLDER NAME (NOTE 1)	MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS (NOTE 2)
Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	Yin, Chungyao (100%)
Alpha Corporation Holdings Limited	Geng, Zhongxuan (91%), Chang, Jinjin (9%)
Viva Victory Limited	Geng, Zhongxuan (91%), Chang, Jinjin (9%)
MAL Investment Company	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust (69%), Michael Chao (31%)
Taishin Venture Capital Co. Ltd.	Taishin Venture Capital Co. Ltd. (100%)
E Sun Venture Capital Co. Ltd.	E Sun Venture Capital Co. Ltd. (100%)

Note 1: If shareholder is a corporate/institutional entity, the name of the entity shall be specified.

Note 2: Top 10 shareholders shall be listed with their shareholding percentage.

Note 3: If the institutional shareholder is not a company, the name and shareholding ratio should be disclosed.

As of December 31, 2020

N.															15 Uj L	Jecennoer 31, 2020
QUALIFICATIONS		ARS WORK EXPERII G PROFESSIONAL C							INDEP	ENDEN	ICE CRI	TERIA	(NOTE	2)		
NAME (NOTE 1)	RANK OF LECTURER OR ABOVE IN BUSINESS, LAW, FINANCE, ACCOUNTING OR OTHER DEPARTMENT RELATED TO COMPANY BUSINESS, OF A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY	A JUDGE, PROSECUTOR, LAWRA ACCOUNTANT, OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL HAVING PASSED A NATIONAL EXAMINATION WITH A CERTIFICATE GRANTED, AS REQUIRED BY COMPANY BUSINESS	WORK EXPERIENCE IN BUSINESS, LAW, FINANCE, ACCOUNTING, OR OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY COMPANY BUSINESS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	NO. OF OTHER PUBLIC COMPANIES FOR WHICH THE MEMBER ACTS AS AN INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR CONCURRENTLY
Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen, Chi-Chuan	_	_	~	✓	-	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	_	✓	-	_
Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Tseng, Tamon	_	√	√	✓	_	✓	✓	_	~	✓	✓	~	_	✓	_	_
Delos Capital Fund, LP Representative: Chen, Lin-Cheng	_	_	✓	~	1	~	✓	_	1	✓	✓	~	_	✓	~	_
Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust Representative: Allen Chao	_	_	✓	_	_	_	_	_	_	✓	_	~	_	✓	~	_
Hsia Family Trus Representative: Hsia, David	_	_	✓	_	~	_	_	_	_	✓	_	~	_	✓	~	_
Yen, Yun	✓	_	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓	✓	1	_
Tsia, Jin-Pau	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3
Chang, Lee-Chiou	_	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3
Shih, Chuan (Note 3)	✓	_	✓	~	~	✓	✓	✓	~	✓	✓	1	✓	✓	✓	0

Note 1: The numbers of columns depends on the actual numbers.

Note 2: Please check the box with a "\lefta" under each criteria number if a director or a supervisor Satisfies the relevant condition two years prior to election and during employment:

- 1. Not an employee of the company or an affiliate of the company.
- 2. Not a director or supervisor of the company or an affiliate of the company, unless the member is an independent director of the company, its parent company, or a subsidiary of the company in which the company holds directly or indirectly a majority of the shares with voting rights.
- 3. Not a natural-person shareholder that holds 1% or more of the company's total issued shares or holds company shares as one of its top ten shareholders, in the member's own name or in the name of his spouse, minor or others.
- 4. Not a spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the third degree of kinship, of any of the officer in the preceding 1 subparagraph, or of any of the above persons in the preceding subparagraphs 2 and 3.
- 5. Not a director, supervisor or employee of a corporate/institutional shareholder that holds directly 5% or more of the company's total issued shares, ranks as of its top five shareholders, or has representative director(s) serving on the company's board based on Article 27 of the Company Law.
- 6. Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a company of which the majority of board seats or voting shares is controlled by a company that also controls the same of the company.
- 7. Not a director, supervisor or employee of a company of which the chairman or CEO (or equivalent) themselves or their spouse also serve as the company's chairman or CEO (or equivalent).
- 8. Not a director, supervisor, officer or shareholder with 5% of more shares of a specified company or institution with financial or business transactions with the company
- 9. Not a professional, or an owner, partner, director, supervisor or officer of a proprietorship, partnership, company or institution, that offers business, legal,

financial, accounting services or consultancy to the company or an affiliate of the company, or a spouse thereof, and the service provided is an "audit service" or a "non-audit service which total compensation within the recent two years exceeds NTD500,000" 10. Not a spouse or within a second-degree relationship of consanguinity to another member 11. None of the circumstances in the subparagraphs of Article 30 of the Company Act applies 12. Never be elected as government, corporate or representative under Article 27 of the Company Act Note 3: Independent Director Shih-Chuan resigned on 07/20/2020.

3.2.5 Remuneration Paid to Directors (Including Independent Director) 2020 Remuneration paid to directors (Including independent directors)

TOTALREMUNERATION	(A+B+C+D+E+F+G) AS A % OF 2019 NET INCOME (NOTE 10)	▼ 8 ×	STOCK PHARMA FINANCIAL REPORTS DANIDEND (NOTE.7)	_ (0.002) (0.002)	- (0.10) (0.10) -	- (0.001) (0.001)	- (0.002) (0.002)	- (0.007) (0.007) -	- (0.37) (0.37)	- (0.00) (0.00) -	- (0.001) (0.001) -	- (0.034) (0.034)	
NCURRENT EMPLOYESS	REMUNERATION (G) (NOTE 6)	IANVEX BIO- CONSOUR PHARMA FINANCIA	STOCK CASH DWDEND DWDEND	I	I	I	I	ı	I	1	I	I	
REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS AS CONCURRENT EMPLOYESS	RETIRE MENT PENSION (F)	ALL COM-TAN PANES PANES CONSOLIDA CONSOLIDA PANES CONSOLIDA PANES CONSOLIDA PANES PA	4 5	1	1	I	I	1	I	1	1	1	
REMUNERAT	SALARY, BONUS & RET ALLOWANCES (E) (NOTE 5)	ALL COM- PANIES FANVEX CONSOLID	HARMA FINANCIAL REPORTS (NOTE7)		I	I	I	150 -	7,8	1	I	I	
	I OTAL KEMUNERALON (AFBFCFD) — AS A% OF 2019 NET INCOME S (NOTE 10)	ALL COM-PANIES CONSOLIDATED IN	FINANCIAL REPORTS (NOTE 7)	(0.002)	(0.10)	(0.001)	(0.001)	ı	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.001)	(0.034)	
		1		(0.002)	(0.10)	(0.001)	(0.001)	ı	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.001)	(0.034)	
	BUSINESS EXECUTION EXPENSES (D) (NOTE 4)	ALL COM- PANES CONSOLIDAT		35	10	20	20	I	ī2	ı	25	95	
		1	IAL PHARMA	35	10	20	20	ı	ī.	I	25	95	
REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS	REMUNERATION ALIOCATED FROM EARNINGS (C) (NOTE 3)	TANVEX	_	1	1	1	ı	1	I	 	1	I	
REMUNERATI	SEVERANCE PAY AND PENSION (B)	ALL COM- PANES /EX CONSOLID		1	ı	I	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	
		ALL COM- PANIES CONSOLID TANVEX	BIO- AIEUN PHARMA HNANCIAL PHARMA HNANCIAL REPORTS REPORTS (NOTE7)	1	2,0 –	I	1	1	ı	1	1	612 —	
	REMUNERATION (A) (NOTE 2)	TANVEX	PHARMA	ı	2,0	ı	I	ı	I	I	ı	612	
		NAME(NOTE1)		Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen,Chi-Chuan (Note12)	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin, Horng-Dar (Note12)	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Tseng, Tamon (Note13)	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Cho, Lung-Yeh (Note 13)	Delos Capital Fund, LP Representative: Chen, Lin-Cheng	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust Representative: Allen Chao	Hsia Family Trust Representative: Hsia, David	Yen, Yun	Tsai, Jin Pau	
		ЩЕ		Director	Director	Director	Director	Director	Director	Director	Director	Independent Director	

The current year (2020) supervisor remuneration does not apply as Tanvex BioPharma has no supervisor.

I. Directors and Independent Directors' remuneration policies, procedures, standards and structure, as well as the linkage to responsibilities, risks and time spent:

According to Tanvex's Articles of Incorporation, the compensation to directors shall be no more than 3% of annual profits and the Directors' Remunerations should be voted at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds (2/3) or more If the Company has accumulated losses of the previous years for the annual financial year, the Company shall set aside the amount of such accumulated losses prior to the of the Directors and shall reported to Shareholders at the general meeting. allocation of Employees' Remunerations and Directors' Remunerations.

The company has not made any profit and has no financial resources to pay the remuneration according to factors such as the responsibility, rist and time of the independent director; the statement above is reviewed by the Audit Committee and

2. Except disclosed above, the Company's directors did not receive any compensation or pay for the services they provided in year 2020 financial report (e.g. providing consultations as non-employee).

2. Except disclosed above, the Company's directors did not receive any compensation of the Company's Director who is also the CEO, General Manager or Vice President, please refer to the section 3.3.1 of this annual report.

Note 2: Refer to most recent year remuneration including salary Meeting

Note 3: Refer to most recent year apportioned remuneration approved by Board Meeting

Note 4: Refer to most recent year business expenses (including transportation, special allowances, accommodation, company car, etc.). Nature of asset and cost shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

driver is hired, remuneration to the driver shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

driver is hired, remuneration to the driver shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

The service of asset and cost shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

The service of asset and cost shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

The service of the service of the driver shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

The service of the service of the service of the service of asset and cost shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration.

The service of the service of

Note 5: Refer to most recent year remuneration for a director who is also an employee, including salany, allowance, termination payment, bonus, transportation, accommodation, company car usage, etc. Nature of asset and cost shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration. In addition, according to IFRS 2 "Stock Based Remuneration", it shall include employee stock option granted, new restricted stock option and stock subscription during public offering.

Note 6: Refer to most recent year a director who is also an employee (Including General Manager, vice General Manager, other managers or staff) gets remuneration (including stocks and cash), shall disclose most recent year apportioned compensation approved by Board Meeting. If the amount can't be predicted, the previous year's apportion rate can be used as reference. Total remuneration shall include all entities within the consolidated financial report.

Note 7: Total remuneration shall include all entities within the consolidated financial report.

Note 9: Names of directors shall be disclosed in Payment Range table.

Note 9: Nation shall include all entities within the consolidated financial report. Names of directors shall be disclosed in Payment Range table.

Note 9: Nation of the most recent year amount. If IFRS adopted, net profit after tax shall be most recent year individual entity's net profit after tax.

Note 10: The recent year amount. If IFRS adopted, net profit after tax shall be disclosed in Payment Range table 1st column named "Mother Company and all invested enterprises". C. Remuneration Note 11: a. Remuneration from invested enterprises other than subsidiaries shall be disclosed in Payment Range table 1st column named "Mother Company and all invested enterprises."

refers to amount a director earned from postion as direct, supervisor, managers in the invested enterprises.

Note 12: Peng-Lin Investment Co. Ltd. Changed Representative to Chen, Chi-Chuan on 5/4/2020.

Note 13: Peng-Lin Investment Co. Ltd. Changed Representative to Tseng, Tamon on 7/13/2020.

Note 14: Mr. Shih-Chuan resigned on 07/20/2020.

*Remuneration disclosed in the table applies different concept from that of tax law, therefore, it is for disclosure only and shall not be used for tax purpose.

3.3 Management Team

K NOTE (Note3)	a)	There are a linepend ent Board on the Board Directors, and over % Board Directors are not employee or or emanager.	w
EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS GRANT STATUS	Note	Note	Note
EMPLOY OPTION ST/	Brother- in-law	ı	Brother- in-law
HO IS THE SEGREE SHIP OF JINITY TO	Hsia, David	I	Allen Chao
OFFICER WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANGUINITY TO FACH OTHER	Dire	l	Director
CONCURRENT POSITIONS CURRENTLY AT OTHER COMPANIES	CEO and Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Chairman, Tanvex Biologics Inc. Board Director, Ansun BioPharma Inc. Board Director, Arbor Pharmaceuticals, LLC Board Director, Mithra Biotechnology Inc. Trust Director, Taipei Medical University	Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Chairman, CEO and Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex Biologics Corp. Managing Partner, Delos Capital Fund, LP Board Director, Allecra Therapeutics GmbH Board Director, Anitos Therapeutics Inc. Board Director, Anitos Therapeutics, Inc. Board Director, CEO, Curamir Therapeutics, Inc. Board Director, CEO, Curamir Therapeutics, Inc. Board Director, Liposeuticals Inc. Board Director, Liposeuticals Inc. Board Director, Liposeuticals Inc. Board Director, Liposeuticals Inc.	Representative of Corporate Board Director, Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Board Director, Tanvex Biologics Inc. Member of Consulting committee, Allianz Pharmascience Ltd.
EDUCATION & MAJOR WORK EXPERIENCE	Ph.D., Purdue University, College of Pharmacy Founder and CEO, Watson Pharmaceuticals	J.D., Harvard University Managing Partner, Delos Capital Fund, LP Partner and Co-Head of Asia, Permira Managing Director, Goldman Sachs Lawyer, Davis Polk & Wardwell, LLP and New York Bar	Ph.D., Purdue University, College of Pharmacy Senior Vice President, R&D, Watson Pharmaceuticals Manager, Pharmaceutical Technology Technology American Hospital Supply Corp. (now Baxter)
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	I	ı	T
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAMI	I	ı	I
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	0.21%	ı	I
SPOU	554,99	ı	I
SHAREHOLDING	1.00%	I	I
SHARE	2,633,766 1.00 %	ı	I
START DATE	12/17/	11/18/ 2020	12/17/ 2014
GENDER	Male	Male	Male
NATIONALITY	U.S.A.	Taiwan R.O.C.	U.S.A.
NAME NATIONAUTY GENDER STARTDATE SHAF	Allen Chao (Note 4)	Chen, Lin-Cheng	David Hsia (Note 5)
3.3.1 ITE	CEO	CEO & CFO	Director

NOTE (Note3)		
	<u>e</u>	
EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS GRANT STATUS	Note	_
EMPLON OPTION STA	I	
HO IS THE SWITHIN DEGREE SHIP OF MINITY TO THER	I	lanager
OFFICER WHO IS THE SPOUSE OR WITHIN SECOND-DEGREE RELATIONSHIP OF CONSANGUINITY TO EACH OTHER	I	associate m
CONCURRENT POSITIONS CURRENTLY AT OTHER COMPANIES	I	Vote: Please refer to section 4.5 of this annual report on employee stock option plan status. Vote 1: Include information of GM, deputy GM, associate manager, head of department, and regardless of job title, should also be disclosed of any position equivalent to GM, deputy GM or associate manager. Vote 2: If have worked in the audit CPA firm or related company, should disclose the title and job resposibility. Vote 3: The chairman and the general manager or equivalent are the same person, relatives of each other or spouse, need to explain the reasons, rationality, necessity and corresponding measures. Vote 4: Allen Chao stepped down as CEO on 11/18/2020, Chen, Lin-Cheng took CEO position.
EDUCATION & MAJOR WORK EXPERENCE	Bachelor of Science, Business Administration, California State University, Dorninguez hills Vice President, Finance Global Operations, Allergan PLC	ould also be disclosed of any pos leed to explain the reasons, ratio
ELD IN S NAME	I	title, sho
SHARES HELD IN ANOTHER'S NAME	I	less of jok posibility other or s
AND ORS OLDING	I	s. Id regardl Id job res s of each
SPOUSE AND MINORS SHAREHOLDING	I	an status. ment, and e title and relatives o
	I	ption plk of departi sclose th person, took CEO
SHAREHOLDING	l	yee stock o ger, head o ; should di: s the same in-Cheng t
	12/01/ 2018	oort on emplo sociate mana ated company equivalent are /2020, Chen, I
GENDER	Male	annual rep ity GM, as: irm or rela anager or on 11/18
NATIONALITY GENDER START DATE	U.S.A.	on 4.5 of this and GM, deputhe and the general managements of the general managements of 11/20/2020
NAME	James Williamson	Vote: Please refer to section 4.5 of this annual report on employee stock option plan status. Vote 1: Include information of GM, deputy GM, associate manager, head of department, and regardless of job Vote 2: If have worked in the audit CPA firm or related company, should disclose the title and job resposibility Vote 3: The chairman and the general manager or equivalent are the same person, relatives of each other or sivete4: Allen Chao stepped down as CEO on 11/18/2020, Chen, Lin-Cheng took CEO position. Vote 5: David Hsia retired on 11/20/2020.
E E	Corpora te Controll er	Note: Ple: Note1: In Note2: If I Note3: Th Note4: All

3.3.2 Remuneration Paid Top 5 management personel in 2020

													•	
		SALARY (SALARY (A) (NOTE 2)	SEVERANCE PAY AND PENSION (B)	EPAYAND ION)	BONL ALLOW (N	BONUSES AND ALLOWANCES (C) (NOTE 3)	EMPL	EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION (D) (NOTE 4)	UNERATIOI E 4)	(a) z	SUM OF A, E % OF 2019 (NC	SUM OF A, B, C, AND D AS % OF 2019 NET INCOME (NOTE 6)	REMUNERATI ON RECEIVED
	NAME (NOTE 1)	TANVEX	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	TANVEX	ALL CONSOLI- DATED	TANVEX	ALL CONSOLIDATED FNTITIES	TANVEX BI	TANVEX BIOPHARMA	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES (NOTE 5)	ULIDATED TIES E S)	TANVEX	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	FROM NON- CONSOLIDATE D AFFILIATES (NOTE 7)
					ENTITIES (NOTE 5)		(NOTE 5)	Cash dividend	Stock dividend	Cash	Stock dividend		(NOTE 5)	
	Jennifer Hopp	1	626'2	1	160	'	10,099	-	ı	,	ı	1	(0.87)	ı
	Allen Chao (Note 8)	1	-	'	1	-	7,864		1		1	,	(0.37)	
Qi Liu		,	6,858		137	'	7,710	1	1				(0.70)	,
vn =	James Williamson	1	6,836	1	137	ı	8,661	ı	1	ı	ı	1	(0.74)	1
	Samuel Lum	ı	12,283	ı	246	,	8,620	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	(1.01)	1
ı٤		4000000												

Note 1-7: Please refer to the Chinese annual report. Note 8: Stepped down as CEO on 11/20/2020, Chen, Lin-Cheng took CEO position.

3.3.3 Remuneration Paid to CEO, General Manager, President and Vice Presidents in 2020

NT\$ in thousands

	FROM NON- CONSOLIDATE CONSOLIDATE CONSOLIDATES (NOTE 9)	(NOTE 5)								(4.41) Nil					
SUM OF A, B, C, AND D AS % OF 2018 NET INCOME (NOTE 8)	TANVEX									(0.01)					
(D) NI	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES (NOTE 5)	Stock dividend								ı					
EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION (D) (NOTE 4)	ALL CONS ENTI (NO)	Cash dividend								ı					
OYEE REN	TANVEX BIOPHARMA	Stock dividend								ı					
EMPI	TANVEX BI	Cash dividend								I					
BONUSES AND ALLOWANCES (C) (NOTE 3)	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	(NOTE 5)								26,056					
BONUS ALLOW/	TANVEX									150					
NCE PAY AND INSION (B)	ALL CONSOLI- DATED	(NOTE 5)								1,180					
SEVERANCE PAN PENSION (B)	TANVEX														
SALARY (A) (NOTE 2)	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	(NOTE 5)								65,479					
SALARY (4	TANVEX									1					
	NAME (NOTE 1)		Allen Chao (Note 10)	David Hsia (Note 11)	Reza Rahimi (Note 12)	Jin Wang (Note 15)	Kaiwen Yang (Note 13)	Mattew Unkrich	Jennifer Hopp	Qi Liu	Jennifer Lai	Chen, Lin-Cheng (Note 10)	James Williamson	Dilip Joshi (Note 14)	Samuel Lum
	TITLE		CEO	Chief Scientific Officer	Vice President Quality, Tanvex USA	Vice President Operation, Tanvex USA	Vice President Manufacturing, Tanvex USA	Vice President Business Development	Vice President PPD, Tanvex USA	Vice President Project Management, Tanvex USA	Vice President Clinical Operation, Tanvex USA	CEO&CFO	Corporate Controller	Vice President Operational Services,Tanvex USA	Vice President Commercial

Payment Range

TOWN CLEAN DEFINITION TO THE TO THOUSE OF CLEAN CONTRACTION IN A CONTRACTION IN C	NAMES OF PRESIDENT	NAMES OF PRESIDENTS AND VICE PRESIDENTS
KEMIUNEKATION PAID TO EACH OF THE PRESIDENTS AND VICE	TANVEX BIOPHARMA (NOTE 6)	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES (NOTE 7) (E)
Below \$1,000,000	David Hsia (Note 11); Chen, Lin-Cheng (Note 10)	David Hsia (Note 11); Chen, Lin-Cheng (Note 10); Dilip Joshi (Note 14)
\$1,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$2,000,000 (exclusive)	I	Kaiwen Yang (Note 13); Jennifer Lai; Matthew Unkrich; Reza Rahimi (Note 12)
\$2,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$3,500,000 (exclusive)	I	Jin Wang (Note 15)
\$3,500,000 (inclusive) ~ \$5,000,000 (exclusive)	ı	
$\$5,000,000 \text{ (inclusive)} \sim \$10,000,000 \text{ (exclusive)}$	ı	Allen Chao (Note 10)
\$10,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$15,000,000 (exclusive)	ı	Qi Liu
\$15,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$30,000,000 (exclusive)	I	James Williamson; Jennifer Hopp; Samuel Lum
\$30,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$50,000,000 (exclusive)	I	I
\$50,000,000 (inclusive) ~ \$100,000,000 (exclusive)	ı	I
Above \$100,000,000	ı	l
Total	2	13

Note 1: Name of CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers shall be listed separately. If CEO or Vice President is a director, please refer to Section 3.3.2.

Note 2: Includes most recent year's salary, raise and severance payment.

Note 3: Includes most recent year's all types of bonus, incentive, transportation allowance, special allowance, accommodations, housing, and company provided car and other type of non-cash remuneration. Nature of asset and cost, rent paid at actual cost or evaluated by fair market value, gasoline and other payments shall be disclosed if house, vehicle or other individual cost or evaluated by fair market value, gasoline and other payments asset Remuneration", it shall include employee stock option granted, new restricted stock to the driver shall be disclosed but excluded from remuneration listed above. In addition, according to IFRS 2 "Stock Based Remuneration", it shall include employee stock option granted.

option and stock subscription during public offering.

Note 4: Includes remuneration amount paid to the CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers (including stock and cash) based on the Retained Earnings distribution plan approved by the Board of Directors in most recent year.

If the remuneration cannot be projected, previous year's amount can be used as an estimate to fill in the applicable table. Net income after tax is the most recent year's amount. If IFRS is adopted, net income after tax shall be the amount from individual finanements.

Note 5: Includes remuneration from all consolidated entities. Name of the CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers shall be disclosed in the table of Payment Range.

Note 6: Names of CEO and Vice Presidents shall be disclosed in the table of Payment Range.

Note 7: Includes remuneration from all consolidated entities. Name of the CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers shall be disclosed in the table of Payment Range.

Note 8: Net income after tax is applied to recent year's amount. If IFRS is adopted, net income after tax shall be the amount from individual financial statements.

Note 9: a. Disclose remuneration paid to CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers from any reinvested entity or from mother company other than subsidiaries.

En fapiled, the remuneration paid to CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers shall be listed in Column E and renamed as "Mother Company and All Invested Entries".

Includes remuneration when the CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers at as a director, supervisor or manager of the invested entities.

Note 10: Stepped down as CEO on 11/20/2020, Chen, Lin-Cheng took CEO position.

Note 11: Retired on 11/20/2020

Note 12: Employee resigned on 12/07/2020.
Note 13: Employee resigned on 03/15/2020.
Note 14: Employee resigned on 06/01/2020.
Note 15: Employee resigned on 01/01/2021

*Remuneration disclosed in the above-mentioned table applies different concept from that of tax law, therefore, it is for disclosure only and shall not be used for tax purpose.

Remuneration Paid to Director, Supervisor, CEO, General Manager and Vice Presidents as a Percentage of Net Income after Tax of All Consolidated Entities in Most Recent Two Years, and Remuneration Polices, Standards and Composition, Procedures and Linkage on Business Performance and Future Risks 3.3.4

Remuneration paid to Directors, Supervisors, CEO, General Manager and Vice Presidents as a percentage of net profit after tax in most recent two years.

								NT\$ in thousands; %
ITEM		20	2020			20	2019	
	REMUNERATION	Z	% OF NI	% OF NET INCOME	REMU	REMUNERATION	% OF NE	% OF NET INCOME
ппе	TANVEX BIOPHARMA	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	TANVEX BIOPHARMA	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	TANVEX BIOPHARMA	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES	TANVEX BIOPHARMA	ALL CONSOLIDATED ENTITIES
Board Directors	4,122	11,986	(0.20)	(0.57)	8,357	30,973	(0.37)	(1.36)
CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers	150	92,715	(0.01)	(4.41)	1,002	137,945	(0.04)	(6.07)

Policies, standards and composition, procedures and linkage on business performance and future risks.

(1) The Company has established a Compensation Committee to review the performance of directors and managers regularly, and evaluate the policies of salary.

(2) Director: Retained Earnings distribution and remuneration to directors and supervisors are based on the Articles of Incorporation of the Company. Remuneration to directors who execute duties for the company is based on their contribution and benchmarks in the same industry (3) CEO and Vice Presidents: Remunerations to CEO, Vice Presidents and Officers are based on their position and level of job responsibilities. Bonus is based on the evaluation of working performance and adjusted by projected future risks. The effects of future risk remain low.

3.4 Corporate Governance Implementation Status

- 3.4.1 Board of Directors Meeting Implementation Status
- 3.4.1.1 Eleven Board meetings were convened in 2020 with directors' attendance is listed below:

TITLE	NAME	NO. OF ATTENDANCE IN PERSON	NO. OF ATTENDANCE BY PROXY	ATTENDANCE RATE (%)	NOTES
Chairman	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen, Chi-Chuan	11	0	100 %	_
Director	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Tseng, Tamon	10	0	90.9 %	_
Director	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust Representative: Dr. Allen Chao	11	0	100 %	_
Director	Hsia Family Trust Representative: Hsia, David	11	0	100 %	_
Director	Delos Capital Fund, LP Representative: Chen, Lin Cheng	10	0	90.9 %	_
Director	Yen, Yun	11	0	100 %	_
Independent Director	Tsai, Jin-Pau	10	1	90.9 %	_
Independent Director	Chang, Lee-Chiou	11	0	100 %	_
Independent Director	Shih, Chuan	5	1	83.3 %	Resigned on 07/20/2020

Others notes to be specified:

- 1. If one of the following subsequent condition occurs, date, terms, agenda, meeting minutes, opinions of independent directors and how their opinions are responded by the Company shall be listed.
 - (1) What is listed in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act: None. Please refer to section of 3.4.12.
 - (2) Other than above, any Board resolutions on which independent directors have expressed dissenting or qualified opinion, with a record or written statement of such opinion made: **None.** Please refer to section of 3.4.12.
- 2. The independent director's name, content of the proposal, reasons for recusal, and voting status:

Name	Meeting Date	Content	Reasons for recusal	Voting status
Director	2020/06/10	The appointment of CFO of the Company The appointment of the additional directors of the U.S. subsidiary The appointment of the directors of the Taiwan subsidiary	Director Chen, Lin- Cheng is the	The stakeholder left before discussion and
Chen, Lin-Cheng	2020/07/16	Release the Prohibition on officers from Participation in Competitive Business	stakeholder of the cases	vote; proposal resolved unanimously
	2020/11/18	The appointment of officers of the Company and subsidiaries Release the Prohibition on officers from Participation in Competitive Business		
Director Yen, Yun	2020/06/10	The appointment of the additional directors of the U.S. subsidiary The appointment of the directors of the Taiwan subsidiary	Director Yen, Yun is the stakeholder of the cases	The stakeholder left before discussion and vote; proposal resolved unanimously

3. Performance evaluation of the Board of Directors should be disclosed, and it will fill in section of 3.4.1.2

4. Goal of strengthening the Board of Directors governance and evaluation of implementation status in the current year and most recent year (i.e., establish Audit Committee, increase information transparency): The Company has established an Audit Committee and Compensation Committee to strengthen Board of Directors' governance. Company's website has been established to disclose related information. Financial information has been disclosed on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) by TWSE.

3.4.1.2 Measures taken to evaluate the Board

Cycle	Period	Scope	Method	Content
Yearly	2020	The major aspects included of the evaluation 1. mastering of company goals and tasks 2. recognition of directors' responsibilities 3. the level of participation in company operation 4. internal relationship management and communication 5. the selection of the members and continuous education 6. internal control	The Board of Directors'meeting approved the Board Performance Evaluation Rules, on November 14, 2017, and all board members received self- assessment questionnaires since 2017.	 (1) The 2020 result for self-assessment of board members is 94%, it was reported in the Board Meeting on March 25, 2021. (2) The 2020 evaluation of the Board is 93%, it was reported in the Board Meeting on March 25, 2021.

3.4.2 Audit Committee Meeting Implementation Status

Nine audit committee meetings were convened in 2020, with Independent Directors' attendance is listed below:

TITLE	NAME	NO. OF ATTENDANCE IN PERSON	NO. OF ATTENDANCE BY PROXY	ATTENDANCE RATE (%)	NOTES
Convener	Chang, Lee-Chiou	9	0	100 %	
Member	Tsai, Jin-Pau	8	1	88.9 %	
					Resigned
Member	Shih, Chuan	4	1	80 %	on
					07/20/2020

Others notes to be specified:

- 1. If one of the following subsequent condition occurs, date, terms, agenda, meeting minutes, resolution of the meeting and how their opinions are responded by the Company shall be listed.
 - (1) What is indicated in Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act: Please refer to 3.4.2.1
 - (2) Other than above, any resolution which was not approved by Audit Committee but passed by more than two third of Board members: None.
- 2. Recusal of an independent director from review of a proposal where stakes are involved, the independent director's name, content of the proposal, reasons for recusal, and voting status: **None.**
- 3. Communication of independent directors with internal audit supervisors and CPAs (including material items, methods and results of audits of corporate finance or operations, etc.).
- (1) The Company's internal audit supervisor has periodically reported audit result to Audit Committee. The internal audit supervisor has also attended meetings of the audit committee:

Date	Meeting	Content
2020.03.25	The 13 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Audit result in Q4, 2019 Statement of Internal Audit in 2019
2020.05.04	The 15 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Internal Audit result in Q1, 2020
2020.08.12	The 18 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Internal Audit result in Q2, 2020
2020.11.12	The 20 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Internal Audit result in Q3, 2020Audit plan in 2021

(2) Audit Committee audits the company's financial reports regularly. Independent CPAs also attend Audit Committee meetings to present their audit result.

Date	Meeting	Content
2020.03.25	The 13 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Review instructions for 2019 annual Consolidated Financial Report, Final Statement and Business Reports.
2020.05.04	The 15 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Review instructions for 2020 Q1 Consolidated Financial Report.
2020.08.12	The 18 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	Review instructions for 2020 Q2 Consolidated Financial Report.
2020.11.12	The 20 th meeting of 2 nd term of Audit Committee	 Review instructions for 2020 Q3 Consolidated Financial Report. The evaluation of CPA's independence ° The appointment of CPA for consolidated financial statements audit of 2021.

3.4.2.1 Important Resolutions of Audit Committee

DATE OF MEETING	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	RESULT
2020.02.10 (The 13 th meeting of 2 nd term)	 The operation and budget plan of 2020 The capital injection from the Company to the USA subsidiary, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. ("Tanvex USA") through a rights issue up to US\$ 53,000,000 in 2020 The capital injection from the Company to the Taiwan subsidiary, Tanvex Biologics Corporation ("Tanvex Taiwan") through a rights issue up to USD 1,000,000 in 2020 	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.03.25 (The 14 th meeting of 2 nd term)	 2019 annual Consolidated Financial Reports, Final Statement and Business Reports Proposal for loss make-up of 2019 Replacement of CPA due to internal work rotation of PwC Taiwan 2019 Internal Control Declaration be approved To amend the Rules of Audit Committee To amend the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles of the Company To amend the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles of the Company To amend the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles of the Company To amend the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct of the Company To amend the Procedural Rules of Board Meeting of the Company To amend the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting of the Company 	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.

DATE OF MEETING	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	RESULT
	 Amendment to Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association. Release the prohibition on Directors from participation in competitive business 	Directors. • Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.05.04 (The 15 th meeting of 2 nd term)	Approve of 1st quarter of 2020 Consolidated Financial Report.	Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.06.10 (The 16 th meeting of 2 nd term)	The appointment of CFO of the Company	Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.07.16 (The 17 th meeting of 2 nd term)	 The lease renewal for San Diego plant and office (1) of the U.S. subsidiary Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. The lease renewal for San Diego plant and office (2) of the U.S. subsidiary Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Release the Prohibition on officers from Participation in Competitive Business. 	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.08.12 (The 18 th meeting of 2 nd term)	 Approve of 2nd quarter of 2020 Consolidated Financial Report. To amend the Procedural Rules of Board Meeting of the Company. To amend the Adoption of Codes of Ethical Conduct of the Company. To amend the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting of the Company. To amend the Procedures for Election of Directors of the Company. 	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.09.09 (The 19 th meeting of 2 nd term)	2020 equity financing by issuing new shares and Sound Business Plan amendment	Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.11.12 $\left(\text{The 20}^{\text{th}} \text{ meeting of 2}^{\text{nd}} \text{ term}\right)$	 Approved 2020 Q3 Consolidated Financial Report Evaluate independence of the Company's CPA The appointment of CPA for consolidated financial statements audit of 2021 The Audit Plan of 2021. 	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.12.16 (The 21^{nd} meeting of 2^{nd} term)	 The operation and budget plan of 2021. The capital injection from the Company to the USA subsidiary, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. ("Tanvex USA") through a rights issue up to US\$ 54,000,000 in 2021. The capital injection from the Company to the Taiwan subsidiary, Tanvex Biologics Corporation ("Tanvex Taiwan") through a rights issue up to USD 2,500,000 in 2021 	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.

3.4.2.2 Major work items of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is formed by all Independent Directors with one as chairman of the committee, the duties of the Audit Committee include to audit the fair presentation of the financial statements of the company, hiring or dismissal of an attesting CPA, evaluation of performance and independence, the effective implementation of internal control of the company, legal compliance and corporate risk management. fective implementation of internal control of the company, legal compliance and corporate risk management.

(1) Review the internal control system and conduct necessary amendment

(2) The effective implementation of internal control of the company

(3) Review the material asset or derivatives transactions, the material lending funds, endorsements or guarantees

(4) Related-party transations and potential conflicts of interests involving directors

(5) Material asset or derivatives transactions

(6) Material lending funds, endorsements or guarantees

(7) Offering or issuance of any equity-type securities

(8) Hiring or dismissal of an attesting CPA, or the compensation given thereto

(9) Appointment or discharge of financial, accounting, or internal auditing officers

(10) Financial reports of Q1, Q2, Q3 and annual financial report

(11) Regulatory compliance

3.4.2.3 Measures taken to evaluate the Audit Committee

Cycle	Period	Scope	Method	Content
Yearly	2020	The major aspects included of the evaluation 1. mastering of company goals and tasks 2. recognition of members' responsibilities 3. the level of participation in company operation 4. the selection of the members and continuous education 5. internal control	The Board of Directors' meeting approved the Board Performance Evaluation Rules, on November 14, 2017, and all board members received self- assessment questionnaires since 2017.	The 2020 result for self-assessment of Audit Committee members is 97.7%, it was reported in the Board Meeting on March 25, 2021.

3.4.3 Corporate Governance Implementation Status and Deviation from "the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies"

ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	NON- COMPLIANCE
TEM FOR ASSESSMENT	YES	NO	EXPLANATION	AND REASONS
Does the company establish and disclose its corporate governance practices in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code of Practice of Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei Exchange Listed Companies?	√		The company has established its Corporate Governance Code of Practice according to the Corporate Governance Code of Practice of Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei Exchange Listed Companies, and discloses related information in Corporate Governance section on the company's website.	No material divergence
2. Shareholding structure and shareholders' rights (1) Does the company have Internal Operation Procedures for handling shareholders' suggestions, concerns, disputes and litigation matters? If yes, has these procedures been implemented accordingly?	√		(1) To protect shareholders' interest, the company assigns spokespersons and deputy spokespersons to handle shareholders' suggestions and disputes.	No material divergence
(2) Does the company possess a list of major shareholders and beneficial owners of these major shareholders?	✓		(2) The company conducts regular reviews of the list of major shareholders based on updated records as of the book closure date, and regularly discloses change of pledge of stock rights owned by shareholders with more than 10% stockholdings.	No material divergence
(3) Has the company built and executed a risk management system and "firewall" between the company and its affiliates?	✓		(3) The company has established an "Operating Procedure for Transactions Among Interested Parties, Special Companies and Group Enterprises", and strictly complies with it.	No material divergence
(4) Has the company established internal rules prohibiting insider trading on undisclosed information?	✓		(4) The company has established "Procedure for Processing significant inside information" and "Directions for Prevention of Insider Trading" and strictly complies with and enforces them.	No material divergence
 Composition and responsibilities of the board of directors 				
(1) Has the company established a diversification policy for the composition of its board of directors and has it been implemented accordingly?	✓		(1) In regard to the composition of the board of directors, candidates nominated by the board of directors are presented to the shareholders' meeting for election. Diversity is emphasized in the nomination. Current board members have extensive experience either in the relevant industries or in operation and finance.	No material divergence
			(a) master of Business Administration School of National Taiwan University, bachelor of Accounting Department of National Taipei University, doctor of Pharmacy School of Purdue University, doctor of Law School of Harvard University, and doctor of Pathology and Cytology School of Thomas Jefferson University as the general directors;	
			 (b) master of Insurance School of National Chengchi University, and master of Accounting School of National Chengchi University as the independent directors; and 	
			(c) in addition to directors of Taiwanese nationality, there are more directors residing in the USA of different nationalities and with different cultural backgrounds.	
(2) Other than the compenstation committee and the audit committee which are required by law, does the company plan to set up other board committees?	✓		(2) The company has not set up functional committees other than the compensation committee and the audit committee. New committee will be set up in future based on evaluation of necessities.	No material divergence
(3) Has the company established regulations for evaluating the performance of its board of directors, and conducted such evaluation on an annual basis?	*		(3) The company's board of directors adopted the "Board Performance Evaluation Rules" on November 14, 2017 and issued a self-evaluation questionnaire to each of the directors in every December from 2017 so as to evaluate the overall operation of the board of directors and to have each director perform self-evaluation. The completion rate of self-evaluation of the board directors was 94% in 2020, please refer to company's	No material divergence

ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	NON- COMPLIANCE
TILINI FOR ASSESSIVILINI	YES	NO	EXPLANATION	AND REASONS
(4) Does the company regularly evaluate its external auditors' independence?	~		website. (4) The board of directors evaluates the independence of CPAs annually. The company and the external auditors are not related parties, and don't have interest in each other. The recent evaluations resolved in Audit Committee and Board meeting in 11/12/2020.	No material divergence
4. Has the company established corporate governance unit or personel to manage governance related matters (including but not limited to prepare materials for director and supervisor for performing business, manage matters of Board Meeting and Shareholders Meeting according to related regulations, manage company registration, and prepare meeting minutes of Board Meeting and Shareholders Meeting?	*		The company arranged CEO Office to get in charge of corporate governance matters, including the following: (1) company registration and amendment to registration (2) manage matters of Board Meeting and Shareholders Meeting according to related regulations (3) prepare meeting minutes of Board Meeting and Shareholders Meeting (4) prepare materials for director and supervisor for performing business, update on development of new regulations and support directors and independent directors to follow related rules and regulations (5) other compliance matters on company article of associations and contracts	Will be added according to needs
5. Has the company established a means of communicating with its stakeholders or created a stakeholders section on its company website? Does the company address properly stakeholders' concerns about important corporate responsibilities issues?	•		 Shareholders: The company annually convenes a shareholders' meeting, issues annual reports, and periodically discloses the relevant information on the Market Observation Post System or on its own website as required by law. Employees: The company convenes a labormanagement meeting on a regular basis and an employees' meeting on an irregular basis. Suppliers: The company conducts evaluation of applicable suppliers to ensure that all suppliers comply with the laws and regulations of the jurisdiction in which the company operates its business and have no materially wrongful act. The company has spokespersons and deputy spokespersons and designates a specific section for stakeholders on its website so as to respond to the comments from stakeholders. 	No material divergence
6. Has the company appointed a professional registrar for its shareholders' meetings?	\		The company has appointed CTBC Bank to handle its shareholders' meetings.	None
 7. Information Disclosure Has the company established a corporate website to disclose information regarding its financials, business and corporate governance status? Does the company use other information disclosure channels (e.g. maintaining an Englishlanguage website, designating staff to handle information collection and disclosure, appointing spokespersons, webcasting investors' conference etc.)? Does the company announce and report the annual financial statements within two months after the end of the fiscal year, and announce and report the first, second, and third quarter financial statement as well as the operating status of each month before the prescribed deadline? 	✓		 (1) The company has established a website http://www.tanvex.com/index-c.php and discloses financial and corporate governance data on it. It also discloses financial information on MOPS by TWSE. (2) The company has assigned personnel to collect and disclose company information and has also appointed spokespersons and deputy spokespersons. The company maintains an English-language website and webcasts investors' conferences onto its website. (3) The company follows relevant laws and regulations to announce and report the annual financial statements within two months after the end of the fiscal year, and announce and report the first, second, and third quarter financial statements as well as the operating status of each month before the prescribed deadline. 	No material divergence No material divergence

ITEM FOD ASSESSMENT			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	NON-
ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT	YES	NO	EXPLANATION	COMPLIANCE AND REASONS
 Has the company disclosed other information to facilitate a better understanding of its corporate governance practices (e.g. including but not limited to employee rights, employee wellness, investor relations, supplier relations, rights of stakeholders, continuing education and training of directors and supervisor, the implementation of risk management 	V		(1) Employee rights and employee wellness: Besides following local labor laws, the company has established various measures concerning employee benefits and systems concerning continuing education and training, retirement, and provides employment and medical insurance, group insurance.	
policies and risk evaluation measures, the implementation of customer relations policies, and liability insurances for directors and supervisors)?			(2) Investor relations: the company has contact person for investors and regularly disclosed financial and business information according to related regulations to protect investors' interest.	
			(3) Supplier relations: the company maintains relations with both suppliers on a good and equal basis.	
			(4) Stakeholders' relations: the company upholds the principle of good faith, maintains excellent communication channel with stakeholders to protect their legal interest.	No material divergence
			(5) Directors' training: the company follows the regulation and disclose information on MOPS by TWSE	
			(6) Implementation of risk management policies and risk evaluation measures: The company has established and complies with various bylaws to control risks and audited by internal auditor regularly.	
			(7) Implementation of customer relations policies: Products are still in the R&D stage. Relevant customer policies will be established in future as needed.	
			(8) Liability insurances for directors and supervisors: the company has taken out liability insurance for directors and evaluates the coverage regularly.	

Please list improved items, and prioritized items under improvement status based on evaluation result from TWSE governance center in most recent year:

(1) Improved Projects

(a): The company build up the IT safety risk management structure, set up IT safety policy and reveal in website or annual report.

(b): The company set diversification policy for board members. And reveal the implementation in website or annual report.

(c): The annual report reveals the major work items of the Audit Committee and implementation. Priority improvements

(a): The company voluntarily add more independent board directors than required by law.
(b): The company sets up a functional committee other than statutory.
(c): Disclose the procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct of the Company on website or annual report.

Note: Implementation status should be specified when check "yes" or "no".

3.4.4 The Composition, Duties and Operation of the Compensation Committee

3.4.4.1 Compensation Committee Members

QUALIFICATIONS	AT LEAST FIVE YEAR PRC	AT LEAST FIVE YEARS' WORK EXPERIENCE, AND THE FOLLOWING PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS	D THE FOLLOWING NS			N	INDEPENDENCE CRITERIA (NOTE 2)	DENC	ECRIT	TERIA	LON)	E 2)			
NAME	RANK OF LECTURER OR ABOVE IN BUSINESS, LAW, FINANCE, ACCOUNTING OR OTHER DEPARTMENT RELATED TO COMPANY BUSINESS, OF A PUBLIC OR PRIVATE	JUDGE, PROSECUTOR, LAWYER, ATTORNEY, CPA, OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL HAVING PASSED A NATIONAL EXAMINATION WITH A CERTIFICATE GRANTED, AS REQUIRED BY COMPANY BUSINESS	WORK EXPERIENCE IN BUSINESS, LAW, FINANCE, ACCOUNTING, OR OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY COMPANY BUSINESS	н	7	m	4	rv @	9	∞	6	10	NO. OF OTHER PUBLIC COMPANIES OF WHICH THE MEMBER ACT'S AS AN INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR/COMPENSATION COMMITTEE MEMBER CONCURRENTLY	NOTES	
Tsai, Jin-Pau	*	*	*	>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		•	`	`	`	>	2		
Chang, Lee-Chiou	I	*	>	>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	`		•	`	<u>, </u>		>	ĸ		
Shih, Chuan	`	I	`	>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	,		,	`	`	`	>	0	Resigned on 07/20/2020	

Note 1: Please enter director, independent director or others as identity.

Note 2: Please check the box with a "V" under each condition number if the member satisfies the relevant condition two years prior to being elected and during employment:

Not an employee of the Company or an affiliate of the Company. (2)

Not a director or supervisor of the Company or its affiliates, unless the member is an independent director of the Company, its parent company, or a subsidiary of the Company in which the Company holds directly or indirectly a majority of the shares with voting rights. (3)

Not a natural-person shareholder who holds 1% or more of the Company's total issued shares or holds Company shares as one of its top ten shareholders, in the member's own name or in the name of his spouse,

Not a director, supervisor or employee of a corporate shareholder that directly holds five percent or more of the total number of issued shares of the company, or that ranks among the top five in shareholdings, or that designates its Not a spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the third degree of kinship, of a managerial officer under subparagraph 1 or any of the persons in the preceding two subparagraphs. representative to serve as a director or supervisor of the company under Article 27, paragraph 1 or 2 of the Company Act. (2)

Not a majority of the company's director seats or voting shares and those of any other company are controlled by the same person: a director, supervisor, or employee of tat other company.

Not a chairperson, general manager, or person holding an equivalent position of the company and a person in any of those positions at another company or institution are the same person or are spouses: a director (or (9)

Not a professional individual who, or an owner, partner, director, supervisor, or officer of a sole proprietorship, partnership, company, or institution that, provides auditing services to the company or any affiliate of the company, or that provides commercial, legal, financial, accounting or related services to the company or any affiliate of the company for which the provider in the past 2 years has received cumulative compensation exceeding NT\$500,000, or a spousethereof; provided, this restriction does not apply to a member of the remuneration committee, public tender offer review committee, or special committee for Not a director, supervisor, officer, or shareholder holding five percent or more of the shares, of a specified company or institution that has a financial or business relationship with the company. governor), supervisor, or employee of that other company or institution. 86

merger/consolidation and acquisition, who exercises powers pursuant to the Act or to the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act or related laws or regulations. (10) Not having any of the conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Law.

3.4.4.2 Compensation Committee Meeting Implementation Status

- (1) The Compensation Committee includes three members.
- (2) Term: June 21st, 2018 to June 20th, 2021

Four meetings were convened in 2020, eligibility and attendance of members:

TITLE	NAME	NO. OF ATTENDANCE IN PERSON	NO. OF ATTENDANCE BY PROXY	ACTUAL ATTENDANCE RATE (B/A) (%) (NOTE)	NOTES
Convener	Tsai, Jin-Pau	4	0	100 %	
Member	Chang, Lee-Chiou	4	0	100 %	
Member	Shih, Chuan	3	0	100 %	Resigned on 07/20/2020
Member	Wang, Tay-Chang	1	0	100 %	Appointed on 09/09/2020

Others notes to be specified:

- 1. If the board of directors decline to adopt or revise the recommendations of the compensation committee, it shall state the date of the board meeting, term of the board, content of the proposal, results of the board resolutions, and actions taken by the company in response to comments made by the compensation committee (if the remuneration passed by the board is better than as recommended by the compensation committee, the difference and reasons shall be provided): None.
- 2. If a member has expressed a dissenting or qualified opinion, with a record or written statement of such opinion made, on a resolution of the compensation committee, the date of the meeting of the compensation committee, term of the committee, content of the proposal, opinions of all the members, and actions taken to address the opinions shall be specified: None.

Notes

- 1. If a member of the compensation committee resigned before the last day of fiscal year, the date of departure shall be specified in the Notes column and his/her actual attendance rate (%) shall be based on the number of meetings of the compensation committee that has been held and the number of actual attendance as an active member.
- 2. Where an election of the compensation committee is held before the last day of a fiscal year, both the new and the old members of the compensation committee shall be listed, and whether he is old, new or re-elected, and the date of election, shall be stated in the Notes column. His actual attendance rate (%) shall be based on the number of meetings of the compensation committee that has been held and the number of actual attendance as an active member.

3.4.4.3 Compensation Committee Duties

The compensation committee with the independent position under the applicable law to evaluate compensation of the directors of Board and executives, discharges its responsibilities on compensation policies based on related regulations, and submits suggestions to the Board as reference for decision.

3.4.4.4 Important Resolutions of Compensation Committee

DATE OF MEETING	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	RESULT
2020.02.10 (The 6th meeting of 2nd term)	Amendment to the Rules of Remuneration Committee The issuance of employee stock option for 2020	 Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors. Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.05.04 (The 7 th meeting of 2 nd term)	Ratification of Amendment to Stock Option Plan for Employees and 2020 (first) Employees Stock Options Plan	Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.06.10 (The 8 th meeting of 2 nd term)	The appointment of CFO of the Company	Proposal resolved unanimously by the Board of Directors.
2020.12.16 (The 9 th meeting of 2 nd term)	The remuneration to the Directors to be engaged as consultant of the Company	Proposed and withdrew to the Board due to the Director declined the remuneration.

3.4.4.5 Measures taken to evaluate the Audit Committee

Cycle	Period	Scope	Method	Content
Yearly	2020	The major aspects included of the evaluation 1. the level of participation in company operation 2. recognition of members' responsibilities 3. improved the quality of decision making 4. the selection of the members and continuous education	The Board of Directors'meeting approved the Board Performance Evaluation Rules, on November 14, 2017, and all board members received self- assessment questionnaires since 2017.	The 2020 result for self-assessment of Audit Committee members is 98.2%, it was reported in the Board Meeting on March 25, 2021.

3.4.5 Circumstances of the company fulfilling corporate social responsibility and the differences with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best- Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons thereof

			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	DIVERGENCE FROM CORPORATE SOCIAL	
ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT		NO	EXPLANATION	RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) CODE OF PRACTICE OF TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE AND TAIPEI EXCHANGE LISTED COMPANIES, AND REASONS	
1. Does the company have conducted risk assessments of environmental, social and corporate governance issues related to its operations in accordance with the materiality principles, and formulated relevant risk management policies or strategies? 2. Does the company have a dedicated (or ad-hoc) CSR organization with Board of Directors' authorization for senior management, which reports to the Board of Directors?	✓		(1) The company amended a "Corporate Social Responsibility Policy" and got approval by the Board on March 25, 2020, and has implemented the policy and reviewed the result continuously. (2) The company has a non-dedicated CSR office to be served by the CEO office to facilitate the company's continuous CSR fulfillment.	No material divergence No material divergence	
3. Environmentally sustainable development (1) Has the company set an Environmental management system designed to industry characteristics?	✓		(1) As a biopharmaceutical company, the company has organized a toxic chemical substance team and accepted training and education on toxic chemical substances according to the characteristics of the industry, with its laboratory wastes to be disposed of by an engaged company certified by the government so as to prevent any environmental pollution. Also, the company's decoration has been approved in respect of fire prevention as required by the government and conforms to the laws and regulations for environmental protection, sanitation and fire prevention of each jurisdiction in which the company operates its business.	No material divergence	
(2) Is the company committed to improving resource efficiency and to the use of renewable materials with low environmental impact?	✓		(2) The company does not use any renewable materials with high environmental impact and always encourages employees to have two sides of paper used so as to maximize the use of paper and make repeated use of files, and thus improve resource efficiency and reduce unnecessary waste.	No material divergence	
 (3) Does the company track the impact of climate change on operations, carry out greenhouse gas inventories, and set energy conservation and greenhouse gas reduction strategies? (4) Does the company counted the gas emmissions of greenhouse, water consumption and total weight of waste in the past two years, and whether the company formulated policies on energy saving and carbon reduction, reduction of greenhouse gas and water consumption or other waste management? 	√	✓	 (3) The company encourages employees to recycle, turn off lights when they leave, reduce paper usage, etc to achieve energy saving and carbon reduction. (4) The company does not engage in business that produces green-house air emission, waste liquid and waste solidity, so there's no such policies, and with its laboratory wastes to be disposed of by an engaged company certified by the government so as to prevent any environmental pollution. 	No material divergence Will be added according to needs	
4. Promotion of social welfare					
(1) Does the company set policies and procedures in compliance with regulations and internationally	✓		(1) The company has established Work Rules pursuant to local law in all regional locations and internationally	No material divergence	

			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	DIVERGENCE FROM CORPORATE SOCIAL	
ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT	YES	ES NO EXPLANATION		RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) CODE OF PRACTICE OF TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE AND TAIPEI EXCHANGE LISTED COMPANIES, AND REASONS	
recognized human rights principles?			accepted labor laws to protect employees' rights and interests.		
(2) Has the company established and implemented reasonable employee benefits measures (including salary, leave and other benefits, etc.), and appropriately reflect the operating performance or result on the compensation of employees?	✓		(2) The company has established employee welfare measures, including salary, leave and other benefits, and implement the performance evaluation related to salary periodically.	No material divergence	
(3) Does the company provide employees with a safe and healthy working environment, with regular safety and health training?	√		(3) The company has had its office decoration approved in respect of fire prevention and engaged a company certified by the government to dispose of the laboratory wastes. Also, the company provides its employees with the welfare of annual physical examination and enhances employees' ability to respond to emergencies and concept of safety through continuing education, training, and promotion of awareness, in an effort to provide employees with a safe and healthy working environment.	No material divergence	
(4) Has the company established effective career development training plans?	✓		(4) The company encourages continuing education and training subject to individual situations, and has effective career development training plans.	No material divergence	
(5) Has the company set polices and consumer complaint procedures, and follow regulations and international standards in the marketing and labelling of its products and services?		√	(5) The company has not engaged in product sales yet, and will set consumer interest protection and consumer complaint processing procedures. The company designates a special section on its website for stakeholders' communication, wherein stakeholders, such as suppliers, shareholders and employees, may provide their complaints or suggestions at any time.	Will be added according to needs	
(6) Do the company's contracts with major suppliers include termination clauses if they violate CSR policy and cause significant environmental and social impact?	•		(6) The company has not engaged in a contract with any major supplier since the company's product is still in R&D stage.	No material divergence	
5. Does the company referred to the reporting standards or guidelines which are accepted internationally for compiling reports which disclosed the non-financial information of the company, such as the corporate social responsibility report? Whether the previous report obtained the assurance or verification statement of a verification unit from the third party?		✓	The company disclosed the "Corporate Social Responsibility" in annual report and website, no such as the corporate social responsibility report available.	Will be added according to needs	

6. If the company has established its corporate social responsibility code of practice according to "Listed Companies Corporate Social Responsibility Code of Practice," please describe the operational status and differences:

The company has adopted its own "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" in accordance with the "Corporate Social Responsibility Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and has been performing its corporate governance and social responsibility in compliance with the laws and regulations of the jurisdictions in which it operates business, with no material divergence between the company's corporate social responsibility and the applicable practice principles as assessed.

7. Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the company's implementation of corporate social responsibility:

- (1) Human Rights: All employees are entitled to the same work rights and afforded opportunities for free expression and development, irrespective of race, sex and age.
- (2) Other Social Responsibilities: The company is dedicated to provide high quality, affordable biosimilar drug to benefit people and society.

3.4.6 Circumstances of the company fulfilling ethical corporate management and the differences with the Ethical Corporate Management Best- Practice Principles for TWSE/ TPEx Listed Companies and the reasons thereof

			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	DIVERGENCE FROM ETHICAL	
ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT	YES NO EXPLANATION		EXPLANATION	MANAGEMENT CODE OF PRACTICE OF TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE AND TAIPEI EXCHANGE LISTED COMPANIES, AND REASONS	
Establish ethical management policies and plans					
(1) Are the company's guidelines, practices, and board of directors' and management's commitments to implement the policies provided in its bylaws and disclosed publicly?	✓		(1) The company has made "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct" in accordance with applicable laws, while the board of directors and the management have fulfilled their obligations as good administrators to supervise the implementation of the ethical management policies, and disclosed on our website.	No material divergence	
(2) Has the company established, and does it strictly enforce, relevant policies for preventing any unethical conduct, each incorporating operating procedures and guidelines, penal provisions for violations, and complaint mechanisms?	✓		(2) The company has made "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct", while the board of directors and the management have fulfilled their obligations as good administrators to supervise the implementation of the ethical management policies, and the auditing office has conducted audit on an irregular basis.	No material divergence	
(3) Does the company adopt measures for preventing the business activities in Article 7, paragraph 2 of the Code of Ethics of Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei Exchange Listed Companies or business activities within other business scope with a higher risk of unethical conduct?	✓		(3) The company has made "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct" and has given anti-corruption instructions to its board directors and employees so as for them to understand the company's determination to implement ethical management and the consequence of any unethical conduct.	No material divergence	
2. Ethical management					
(1) Does the company evaluate trading counterparts' ethical records and incorporate ethics related clauses in the contracts executed with them?	✓		(1) According to the company's "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct", we do evaluate potential trading counterparts before entering into transactions with them to ascertain whether they are legal and have a poor ethical record.	No material divergence	
(2) Has the company set up a dedicated (ad hoc) unit under the board of directors in charge of promotion of the company's ethical management and reporting the enforcement to the board of directors on a regular basis?	✓		(2) The company has dedicated Internal Auditor who reports to Board, and supervises the implementation of ethical management.	No material divergence	
(3) Has the company established policies to prevent conflicts of interest? Does it provide appropriate communication avenues? Does it strictly comply with such policies?	✓		(3) The company has made "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct" to prevent conflicts of interest, and we do provide appropriate communication avenues. Also, the company has made "Guidelines for Prevention of Insider Trading" and "Procedures for Handling Material Inside Information", under which no staff may disclose any unpublished information of the company, and the company promotes the awareness thereof at employees' meetings so as to ensure the faithful implementation of the relevant policies.	No material divergence	
(4) Has the company established effective accounting and internal control systems for the implementation of ethical management? Does the internal audit unit conduct regular audits itself or through CPAs?	✓		(4) The company has established effective accounting and internal control systems in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Its internal auditors review its compliance on a regular basis and report to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.	No material divergence	
(5) Does the company provide internal and external educational training on ethical management on a regular basis?	✓		(5) The company has put the "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct" on our website and promotes the awareness of matters relating to ethical management at employees' and supervisors' meetings.	No material divergence	

			IMPLEMENTATION (NOTE)	DIVERGENCE FROM ETHICAL
ITEM FOR ASSESSMENT		NO	EXPLANATION	MANAGEMENT CODE OF PRACTICE OF TAIWAN STOCK EXCHANGE AND TAIPEI EXCHANGE LISTED COMPANIES, AND REASONS
3. Implementation of Compliance Procedures				
(1) Has the company established specific report and incentive systems, set up convenient avenues for reports to be made, and assigned appropriate personnel to entertain reports against accused parties?	✓		(1) The company has made "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct", and established specific report and incentive systems, the company encourages employees to report any unethical and improper behavior and rewards complainants based on the severity of the matters. Employees may report any ethics violation through stakeholder section, related management shall take action immediately and inform complainants on the result. The whole reporting process is confidential to protect the complainants.	No material divergence
(2) Does the company have standard operating procedures for investigating reports entertained, and the relevant nondisclosure mechanism?	✓		(2) The company has made "Ethical Management Principles" and "Ethical Operating Procedures and Guidelines for Conduct", employees may report any ethics violation through stakeholder section. The whole reporting process is confidential to protect the complainants.	No material divergence
(3) Does the company adopt measures to protect informers from inappropriate actions taken against them?	✓		(3) The company adopts measures to protect informers from inappropriate actions against them.	No material divergence
4. Enhanced information disclosure				
(1) Does the company disclose the content and results of promotion of its code of ethics on its website and the Market Observation Post System?	✓		(1) The company has disclosed its Code of Ethical Management in its annual report and on its website.	No material divergence

5. If the company has established a code of ethics based on the Code of Ethics of Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei Exchange Listed Companies, please describe the enforcement of its own code of ethics and any discrepancy between the two codes:

The company has established "Ethical Management Principles", takes social responsibilities, constantly follows ethical management principle.

6. Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the company's enforcement of ethical management (e.g., review and amendment of the company's code of ethics):

The company keeps track of development on related rules and regulations domestically and internationally, update and promote ethical management policies accordingly, to improve the implementation results.

Note: Implementation status should be specified when check "yes" or "no"

- 3.4.7 Description of How Company Discloses Its Code of Corporate Governance and Relevant Bylaws, If Applicable In compliance with "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", the company has established "Rules of Procedures for Board Meetings", "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meetings", "Election Procedures for Directors", "Rules of Audit Committee" and "Rules of Compensation Committee". All information is disclosed on the company's website for inquiry.
- 3.4.8 Other Important Information to Facilitate Shareholders' Understanding of Corporate Governance
 - 1. Other than the Corporate Governance section in the MOPS, if there is any information regarding the Corporate Governance, the company will evaluate the importance of the information and disclose it to investors.
 - 2. The company holds investors conference and press conference from time to time to disclose the information of the company, and will upload the content of investors conference on the MOPS.

3.4.9 Internal Control System Execution Status

2020 Statement of Internal Control System

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Statement of Internal Control System

Date: March 25, 2021

Tanvex's self-assessment results for 2020 Internal Control System are presented below:

1. Tanvex is fully aware that the establishment, implementation, and maintenance of the internal control system are the responsibility of the Board of Directors and management. Tanvex has established such a system with the objective to provide reasonable assurance for attainment of operating effect and efficiency (including profitability, performance, and safeguarding of assets), reliability of our financial reporting, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

2. An internal control system has inherent limitations. No matter how perfectly designed, an effective internal control system can provide only reasonable assurance of accomplishing its stated objectives. Moreover, the effectiveness of an internal control system may be subject to changes due to extenuating circumstances beyond our control. Nevertheless, our internal control system contains self-monitoring mechanisms, and Tanvex BioPharma takes immediate remedial actions in response to any identified deficiencies.

3. Tanvex BioPharma evaluates the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system based on the criteria provided in the Regulations Governing the Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies (herein below, the "Regulations"). The criteria adopted by the Regulations identify five key components of managerial internal control: (1) control environment, (2) risk assessment, (3) control activities, (4) information and communication, and (5) monitoring. Each of such components is further divided into several items, which can all be found in the Regulations.

4. Tanvex BioPharma has evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system according to the Regulations.

5. Based on the findings of such evaluation, Tanvex BioPharma believes that as of December 31, 2020, it has maintained in all material respects an effective internal control system (that includes the supervision and management of our subsidiaries) to provide reasonable assurance over our operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliability of financial reporting, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

6. This Statement will be an integral part of Tanvex BioPharma's annual report and prospectus, and will be made public. Any falsehood, concealment, or other illegality in the content made public will entail legal liability under Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

7. This Statement has been approved by the Board of Directors in the meeting held on March 25, 2020, where none of the eight attending directors expressing any dissenting opinion and the remainder all affirming the content of this Statement.

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc.

Chairman: Allen Chao

CEO: Chen, Lin-Cheng

3.4.10 Description of Any Legal Sanctions Against Company or Its Internal Personnel, Disciplinary Action Taken by the Company Against Its Own Personnel for Violation of Internal Controls, and Major Shortcomings in Company's Internal Control System as Well as Improvements Made, in 2020 and as of the Date of This Annual Report None.

3.4.11 Important Resolutions of Shareholders' Meetings in 2020 and as of the Date of This Annual Report

DATE OF MEETING	TYPE	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	IMPLEMENTATION
2020/06/15	Shareholders' meeting	 Approved 2019 annual consolidated financial report, final statement and business report. Approved the proposal of loss make-up for year 2019. Approved the amendment of the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting of the Company Approved the amendment of Company Articles. Approved relief of directors from non-competition restrictions 	1. Shareholders approved by voting, no follow-up needed. 2. Shareholders approved by voting, no follow-up needed. 3. Shareholders adopted by voting, no follow-up needed. 4. Shareholders adopted by voting, no follow-up needed. 5. Shareholders approved by voting, no follow-up needed.

3.4.12 Important Resolutions of Board of Directors' Meetings in 2020 and as of the Date of This Annual Report

DATE OF MEETING	ТҮРЕ	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	Any Dissenting Opinion Made by Independent directors
2020/02/10	Board of Directors' meeting	 The operation and budget plan of 2020. The capital injection from the Company to the USA subsidiary, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. ("Tanvex USA") through a rights issue up to US\$ 53,000,000 in 2020. The capital injection from the Company to the Taiwan subsidiary, Tanvex Biologics Corporation ("Tanvex Taiwan") through a rights issue up to US\$ 1,000,000 in 2020. Amendment to the Rules of Remuneration Committee To approve the issuance of Employee Stock Option for Year 2020. 	None. None. None. None.
2020/03/25	Board of Directors' meeting	 2019 annual Consolidated Financial Reports, Final Statement and Business Reports. Proposal for loss make-up of 2019 Replacement of CPA due to internal work rotation of PwC Taiwan. The 2019 Internal Control Declaration be approved. To amend the Rules of Audit Committee To amend the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles of the Company To amend the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles of the Company To amend the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles of the Company To amend the Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct of the Company. To amend the Procedural Rules of Board Meeting of the Company. To amend the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting of the Company. Amendment to Company's Memorandum and 	None.

DATE OF MEETING	TYPE	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	Any Dissenting Opinion Made by Independent directors
		 Release the prohibition on Directors from participation in competitive business. The time, venue, and agenda of the 2020 shareholders' annual general meeting. 	None.
2020/05/04	Board of Directors' meeting	Elect the Chairman of the Board of Directors.	None.
2020/05/04	Board of Directors' meeting	 Ratification of Amendment to Stock Option Plan for Employees and 2020 (first) Employees Stock Options Plan. The capital increase by cash by way of private placement of common shares. (withdrawn) Add additional Proposals at the 2020 shareholders' annual general meeting of the Company 	None. None.
2020/06/10	Board of Directors' meeting	 The appointment of Chief Financial Officer("CFO") of the Company. The appointment of the additional directors of the U.S. subsidiary. The appointment of the directors of the Taiwan subsidiary 	None. None.
2020/07/16	Board of Directors' meeting	 The lease renewal for San Diego plant and office (1) of the U.S. subsidiary Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. The lease renewal for San Diego plant and office (2) of the U.S. subsidiary Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. Release the Prohibition on officers from 	None.
2020/08/12	Board of	Participation in Competitive Business	None.
	Directors' meeting	 To amend the Rules of Audit Committee To amend the Rules of Remuneration Committee of the Company To amend the Rules Governing the Scope of Powers of Independent Directors of the Company 	None.
		 To amend the Procedural Rules of Board Meeting of the Company To amend the Adoption of Codes of Ethical Conduct of the Company To amend the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders' Meeting of the Company To amend the Procedures for Election of Directors of the Company. The Successor Elites Recruiting Project 	None. None. None. None. None.
2020/09/09	Board of Directors'	 Election of the Chairman 2020 Equity Financing by issuing new shares 	None.

DATE OF MEETING	ТҮРЕ	IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS	Any Dissenting Opinion Made by Independent directors
	meeting	 and Sound Business Plan amendment Appointment of a member of Remuneration Committee To disband the task force. 	None.
2020/11/12	Board of Directors' meeting	 Evaluate independence of the Company's CPA ° The appointment of CPA for consolidated financial statements audit of 2021. The Audit Plan of 2021 	None. None.
2020/11/18	Board of Directors' meeting	 Determination of the issuance price of the 2020 equity financing by issuing new shares and other relevant matters. Approval of Appointment of Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company and Subsidiaries Release the Prohibition on officers from Participation in Competitive Business Project Analysis for the Major Products of the Company. 	None. None. None.
2020/12/16	Board of Directors' meeting	 The operation and budget plan of 2021. The capital injection from the Company to the USA subsidiary, Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. ("Tanvex USA") through a rights issue up to US\$ 54,000,000 in 2021. The capital injection from the Company to the Taiwan subsidiary, Tanvex Biologics Corporation ("Tanvex Taiwan") through a rights issue up to US\$ 2,500,000 in 2021 	None. None.

3.4.13 Major Issues of Any Dissenting Opinion Made by Any Director or Supervisor to Important Resolution Approved by the Board of Directors, Where There Is a Record or Written Statement of Such Opinion, in 2020 and as of the Date of This Annual Report

None.

3.4.14 Resignation and Dismissal of Chairman, CEO, General Manager, Heads of Accounting and Finance, Internal Audit Supervisor, Head of R&D during 2020 and as of the Date of This Annual Report

TITLE	NAME	START WORKING DATE	EFFECTIVE DATE	REASON		
Chairman	Lin, Horng-Dar	2018/12/19	2020/05/04	Representative Changed		
Chairman	Chen, Chi-Chuan	2020/05/04	2020/09/09	Resigned		
Chairman	Allen Chao	2020/09/09	2021/03/25	Title Changed		
CEO	Allen Chao	2013/05/08	2020/11/18	Title Changed		
cso	David Hsia	2014/12/17	2020/11/20	Retired		

Note: The term "relevant person in the company" includes Chairman, CEO, General Manager, Heads of Accounting and Finance, Internal Audit Supervisor, Head of R&D

3.5 Independent Auditor Information

3.5.1 Audit Fees and Non-Audit Fees Paid to CPAs, CPA Firms, and Affiliates of Such Firms

Unit: NT\$ in thousands

ACCOUNTING NAME		AUDIT	NON-AUDIT FEE					CPA'S AUDIT PERIOD	NOTES
FIRM OF CPA	OF CPA		RULES STIPULATION	REGISTRATION	HUMAN RESOURCE	OTHERS	SUBTOTAL		
	Yu, Shu- Fen								Fees included employee stock
Pricewaterhouse Coopers Taiwan	Liang, Hua-Ling	3,279	0	139	0	316	3,734	2020	option plan and agreed- upon procedure for equity financing

3.5.2 Discussion of Replacement of Accounting Firm when the Audit Fees Paid in the Year of Replacement are Less Than the Audit Fees of the Previous Year

None.

3.5.3 Discussion of Audit Fees if Current Year Fees are Less Than the Previous Year by 10% or More None.

3.6 Replacement of Auditors

None.

3.7 Discussion of Circumstances if the Company's Chairman, CEO, or Officers Responsible for Finance and Accounting Operations Have Held Positions at the CPA Firm or Its Affiliates within recent year None.

3.8 Information on the Equity Transfers and Changes in Pledges of Stock Rights by Directors, Supervisors, Officers and Major Shareholders Holding More than 10% of Company's Shares, in 2020 and up to the Date of This Annual Report

3.8.1 Changes in Equity of Directors, Supervisors, Officers and Major Shareholders

		2020		APRIL 18TH, 2	2021
TITLE (NOTE 1)	NAME	INCREASE OR DECREASE IN SHAREHOLDING	INCREASE OR DECREASE IN SHARES PLEDGED	INCREASE OR DECREASE IN SHAREHOLDING	INCREASE OR DECREASE IN SHARES PLEDGED
Director and Major	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	_	-	-	_
shareholder	Representative: Chen, Chi- Chuan	_	_	_	-
Director and Major	Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	_	_	_	_
shareholder	Representative: Tseng, Tamon	_	_	_	_
Director	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust	2,687,500	_	_	_
Director	Representative: Allen Chao	_	_	_	_
Director	Hsia Family Trust	80,000	_	_	_
Director	Representative: David Hsia	_		_	_
	Delos Capital Fund, LP	_	_	_	_
Director	Representative: Chen, Lin- Cheng	_	_	_	-
Director	Yen, Yun	_	_	_	_
Independent Director	Tsai, Jin-Pau	_	_	_	_
Independent Director	Chang, Lee-Chiou	_	_	_	_
Independent Director	Shih, Chuan	_	_	_	_
CEO	Allen Chao	_	_	_	_
CSO	David Hsia	_	_	_	_
CFO	Chen, Lin-Cheng	_	_	_	_
Controller	James Williamson	_	_	_	_
10% Major shareholder	Tanvex Biologics, Inc.	_	_	_	_

3.8.2 Information on a Counterparty to an Equity Transfer or Pledge of Stock Rights Who Is a Related Party

3.9 Information on Top 10 Shareholders Who Are Related Party, Spouse, or Within a Second-Degree Relationship of Consanguinity to Each Other

April 18, 2021 / Unit: Shares; %

NAME (NOTE 1)	SHAREHO SHAREHOLE NAI	DER'S OWN		ND MINOR HOLDING		IOLDING IN ER'S NAME	OF THE TOP 10 BEING A RELATED OR WITHIN A S RELATIONSHIP OF	TIONSHIP OF ANY SHAREHOLDERS D PARTY, SPOUSE, ECOND-DEGREE CONSANGUINITY MEMBER	NOTE
	SHARES	SHARE- HOLDING	SHARES	SHARE- HOLDING	SHARES	SHARE- HOLDING	NAME	RELATION-SHIP	
Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	70,566,999	22.62	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Representative: Chen, Chi- Chuan	49,046	0.02	55,959	0.02	-	_	_	_	
Representative: Tseng, Tamon	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Tanvex Biologics, Inc.	37,811,668	12.12	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Representative: Allen Chao	2,633,766	0.84	554,991	0.18					
Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao	22,978,243	7.36	_	_			Allen Chao Interests, Ltd.	The directors are within a second-degree	
Family Trust	22,370,243	7.30			_	_	MAL Investment Company	relationship of consanguinity to	
							Hsia Family Trust	one another.	
Representative: Allen Chao	2,633,766	1.00	554,991	0.21	_		_	_	
Delos Capital Fund, LP	14,400,000	4.62	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Representative: Chen, Lin- Cheng	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Chang Chun Investment Co., .td.	12,584,949	4.03	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Representative: Samuel Yin	_	_	_	-	_	_		_	
							Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust	The directors are within a second-degree	
Allen Chao Interests, Ltd.	9,238,153	2.96	_	_	_	_	MAL Investment Company	relationship of consanguinity	
							Hsia Family Trust	to one another.	
Representative: Michael Chao	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
ubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	6,394,000	2.05							
Representative: Tsai, Ming- Hsiang	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	
Fubon Financial Holdings	6,064,000	1.94	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Representative: Tsai, Ming- Chong	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
ARCH Healthcare Fund, LLC	4,601,578	1.47	_	_	_	_	_		
Representative: Michael Chao	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
MAL Investment Company	4,532,912	1.45	_	_	_	_	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust Allen Chao Interests, Ltd.	The directors are within a second-degree relationship of consanguinity to one another.	
Representative: Michael Chao	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	

Note 1: Top 10 shareholders shall be all disclosed. If a shareholder is a corporate entity, both the corporate name and representative name shall be disclosed.

3.10 Shareholding in the Reinvested Entity by the Company; Directors, Supervisors or Officers of the Company; and Entity Directly or Indirectly Controlled by the Company; and their Consolidated Shareholdings

Unit: 1,000 shares; %

REINVESTMENT ENTITY (NOTE)		OPHARMA OLDING	SUPERVISORS, OF	DING OF DIRECTORS, FICERS, AND DIRECTLY OR NTROLLED ENTERPRISES	CONSOLIDATED	SHAREHOLDING
	SHARES	SHAREHOLDING	SHARES	SHAREHOLDING	SHARES	SHAREHOLDING
Tanvex Biologics Corporation	211,419	100%	_	_	211,419	100%
Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.	1,000	100%	_	_	1,000	100%

Note: Adopt Equity Method Investment

4. Financing

4.1 Capital and Shares

4.1.1 Capitalization

1. Changes in capital in recent years and up to the date of this annual report

As of April 18, 2021

			RIZED SHARE	PAID	-IN CAPITAL	NOTES		•
MONTH/ YEAR	ISSUE PRICE (\$)	SHARES (IN 1,000 SHARES)	AMOUNT	SHARES (IN 1,000 SHARES)	AMOUNT (NT\$ in Thousands, unless expressed in US\$)	SOURCES OF CAPITAL (NT\$ in Thousands, unless expressed in US\$)	STOCK PAYMENT PAID WITH ASSETS OTHER THAN CASH	OTHERS
05/2013	US\$ 0.0001	500,000	US\$ 50,000	0.001	US\$ 0.0001	Seed capital	None	
09/2013	-	-	-	-	-	Buy-back and deregistration	None	
09/2013	US\$ 0.2	500,000	US\$ 50,000	80,000	US\$ 8,000	Cash capital increase US\$8,000	None	
10/2014	US\$ 0.4	500,000	US\$ 50,000	130,000	US\$ 13,000	Cash capital increase US\$5,000	None	
03/2015	US\$ 1.5	500,000	US\$ 50,000	163,333	US\$ 16,333	Cash capital increase US\$3,333	None	
03/2015	US\$ 1.5	500,000	US\$ 50,000	164,418	US\$ 16,642	Face value of conversion of stock options US\$109	None	
04/2015	US\$ 1.5	500,000	US\$ 50,000	165,665	US\$ 16,567	Face value of conversion of stock options US\$125	None	
						Capital conversion \$518,540		Note 2
05/2015	NT\$10	500,000	5,000,000,000	165,665	1,656,651	Conversion of capital surplus to capital stock \$1,656,132	None	Note 3
06/2015	US\$ 0.2~0.4	500,000	5,000,000,000	166,408	1,664,084	Conversion of stock options \$7,434	None	
02/2016	NT\$128	500,000	5,000,000,000	192,408	1,924,084	Cash capital increase NT\$3,328	None	Note 4
02~12/2016	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	192,993	1,929,927	Conversion of stock options \$5,843	None	
01~09/2017	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	193,543	1,935,432	Conversion of stock options \$5,505	None	
10/2017	NT\$72	500,000	5,000,000,000	216,543	2,165,432	Cash capital increase NT\$230,000	None	Note 5
11~12/2017	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	216,636	2,166,364	Conversion of stock options \$93	None	
01~08/2018	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	217,338	2,173,384	Conversion of stock options \$7,020	None	
08/2018	NT\$85	500,000	5,000,000,000	242,338	2,423,384	Cash capital increase NT\$250,000	None	Note 6
09~12/2018	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	243,068	2,430,678	Conversion of stock options \$7,294	None	
01~11/2019	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	244,052	2,440,521	Conversion of stock options \$9,843	None	
12/2019	NT\$48	500,000	5,000,000,000	264,052	2,640,521	Cash capital increase \$200,000	None	Note 7
12/2019	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	264,204	2,642,041	Conversion of stock options \$1,520	None	
01~10/2020	US\$ 0.2~1.5	500,000	5,000,000,000	264,538	2,645,380	Conversion of stock options \$3,339	None	
11/2020	NT\$36	500,000	5,000,000,000	311,538	3,115,380	Cash capital increase NT\$470,000	None	Note 8
12/2020	US\$ 0.4	500,000	5,000,000,000	311,607	3,116,067	Conversion of stock options \$687	None	
01~04/2021	US\$ 0.2~2.52	500,000	5,000,000,000	312,005	3,120,047	Conversion of stock options \$3,980	None	

Note 1: With regard to the stock capital of the Company, no stock payment has been paid with assets other than cash up to the date of the annual report.

Note 2: For the purposes of applying for primary listing on the Taipei Stock Exchange or Taipei Exchange, Tanvex resolved in the shareholders' meeting of May 15, 2015 on the change of capital, where U\$\$0.0001 per share and the paid-in capital of U\$\$16,566.51 were to be converted as NT\$10 per share and a paid-in capital of NT\$518,540, at the average U\$\$:NT\$ spot rate of 1:31.30 of the Bank of Taiwan as at March 31, 2015.

Note 3: Tanvex resolved in the shareholders' meeting of May 15, 2015 on the conversion of capital surplus as common shares at \$1,656,131,960.

Note 4: Approval date on cash capital increase: January 7th, 2016. Approval certificate Ginguanzhengfazi no. 1040053944

Note 5: Approval date on cash capital increase: October 3rd, 2017. Approval certificate Taizhengshangerhfazi no. 1060018129

Note 6: Approval date on cash capital increase: October 3rd, 2019. Approval certificate Ginguanzhengfazi no. 1080331833

Note 8: Approval date on cash capital increase: October 15th, 2020. Approval certificate Ginguanzhengfazi no. 1090359228

2. Types of shares in recent year and up to the date of this annual report

As of April 18, 2021; unit: share

	Al	UTHORIZED NUMBER OF SHARE	S	NOTES
ТҮРЕ	OUTSTANDING	NOT YET ISSUED	TOTAL	
Common stock	312,004,701	187,995,299	500,000,000	Listed stock

4.1.2 Composition of Shareholders

As of April 18, 2021

COMPOSITION NUMBER OF SHARES	GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	OTHER JURISTIC PERSONS	INDIVIDUALS	FOREIGN INSTITUTIONS AND INDIVIDUALS	TOTAL
Number of shareholders	_	5	48	9,552	79	9,684
Shares	_	8,030,698	107,493,172	77,159,178	119,321,653	312,004,701
Shareholding	_	2.57%	34.45%	24.73%	38.25%	100.00%

4.1.3 Distribution Profile of Share Ownership

As of April 18, 2021; unit: share

SHAREHOLDER OWNERSHIP	NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHARES	SHAREHOLDING (%)
1~999	717	169,857	0.05%
1,000~5,000	6,731	13,212,415	4.23%
5,001~10,000	923	7,132,665	2.29%
10,001~15,000	350	4,466,555	1.43%
15,001~20,000	236	4,264,482	1.37%
20,001~30,000	230	5,731,278	1.84%
30,001~40,000	111	3,898,254	1.25%
40,001~50,000	66	2,980,391	0.96%
50,001~100,000	152	10,451,842	3.35%
100,001~200,000	76	10,264,082	3.29%
200,001~400,000	34	9,250,245	2.96%
400,001~600,000	12	5,690,577	1.82%
600,001~00,000	16	11,036,502	3.54%
800,001~1,000,000	6	5,427,605	1.74%
Over 1,000,001	24	218,027,951	69.88%
Total	9,684	312,004,701	100.00%

4.1.4 Major Shareholders (Names, and Shareholdings Either with up to 5% of Equity or among the Top Ten Shareholders)

As of April 18, 2021

SHARES MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS	SHARES	SHAREHOLDING %
Peng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	70,566,999	22.62%
Tanvex Biologics, Inc.	37,811,668	12.12%
Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust	22,978,243	7.36%
Delos Capital Fund, LP	14,400,000	4.62%
Chang Chun Investment Co., Ltd.	12,584,949	4.03%
Allen Chao Interests, Ltd.	9,238,153	2.96%
Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	6,394,000	2.05%
Fubon Financial Holdings	6,064,000	1.04%
ARCH Healthcare Fund	4,601,578	1.47%
MAL Investment Company	4,532,912	1.45%

4.1.5 Market Value, Net Worth, Earnings and Dividends per Share, and Other Related Information in Most Recent Two Years

Unit: NT\$

ITEM		YEAR	2019 (NOTE 1)	2020 (NOTE 1)	2021 UP TO 3/31 (NOTE 2)
	Highest		83.90	60.60	100.00
Market Price per share	Lowest		36.85	24.50	34.20
	Average		65.98	41.03	67.32
Net Worth per share	Before distribu	ition	11.5	8.41	7.21
Net worth per share	After distributi	on	11.5	8.41	7.21
Faunings you shous	Weighted aver	age (1,000 shares)	245,567	268,293	311,754
Earnings per share	Earnings (losse	s) per share	(9.26)	(7.84)	(1.33)
	Cash dividends	;	_	_	_
Dividends per share	Stock grants	Stock Dividend from Retained Earnings Stock Dividend from Capital Reserve	_	_	_
	Accumulated u	indistributed	_	_	_
Returns on investment	Price/earnings	ratio	Not listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange or Taipei Exchange	Not applicable	Not applicable
returns on investment	Price/dividend	ratio	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	Not applicable
	Cash dividend	yield	(Note 3)	(Note 3)	Not applicable

Note 1: The financial data of 2019 and 2020 are from pro forma consolidated financial reports duly audited and certified by CPAs

Note 2: The financial data of 2021 up to 3/31 are from consolidated financial reports duly reviewed by CPAs

Note 3: No distribution of dividend in 2019 and 2020

4.1.6 Dividend Policy and Distribution of Earnings

Dividend policy set out in the Articles of Association:

Unless otherwise provided in the Applicable Listing Rules, where the Company makes profits before tax for the annual financial year, the Company shall allocate (1) at least one percent (1%) of such annual profits before tax for the purpose of employees' remunerations (including employees of the Company and/or any Affiliated Company) (the "Employees' Remunerations"); and (2) at most three percent (3%) of such annual profits before tax for the purpose of Directors' remunerations (the "Directors' Remunerations"). Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the Company has accumulated losses of the previous years for the annual financial year, the Company shall set aside the amount of such accumulated losses prior to the allocation of Employees' Remunerations and Directors' Remunerations. Subject to Cayman Islands law and notwithstanding Article 139, the Employees' Remunerations may be distributed in the form of cash and/or bonus shares, and the Directors' Remunerations may be distributed in the form of cash, upon resolution by a majority votes at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds (2/3) or more of the Directors. The resolutions of Board of Directors regarding the distribution of the Employees' Remunerations and the Directors' Remunerations in the preceding paragraph shall be reported to the Shareholders at the general meeting after such Board resolutions are approved.

Unless otherwise provided in the Applicable Listing Rules, the net profits of the Company for each annual financial year shall be allocated in the following order and proposed by the Board of Directors to the Shareholders in the general meeting for approval:

- (a) to make provision of the applicable amount of income tax pursuant to applicable tax laws and regulations;
- (b) to set off cumulative losses of previous years (if any);
- (c) to set aside ten percent (10%) as Legal Reserve pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules unless the accumulated amount of such Legal Reserve equals to the total paid-up capital of the Company;
- (d) to set aside an amount as Special Reserve pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules and requirements of the Commission; and
- (e) with respect to the earnings available for distribution (i.e. the net profit after the deduction of the items (a) to (d) above plus any previously undistributed cumulative Retained Earnings), the Board of Directors may present a proposal to distribute to the Shareholders by way of dividends at the annual general meeting for approval pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules. Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash dividends and/or bonus shares, and, subject to Cayman Islands law, the amount of dividends shall be at least ten percent (10%) of the net profit after the deduction of the items (a) to (d) above. Cash dividends shall comprise a minimum of ten percent (10%) and a maximum of one hundred percent (100%) of the total dividends allocated to Shareholders.

Dividend distribution proposal discussed in the current shareholders' meeting: Not applicable. Material changes anticipated to the dividend policy: None.

4.1.7 Impact of Stock Dividend Distributions Proposed in the Current Shareholders' Meeting on the Company's Business Performance and Earnings per Share.

None.

- 4.1.8 Profit Sharing Bonus to Employees and Remuneration to Directors
 - 1. Distribution amount and range based on Articles of Association:
 - Unless otherwise provided in the Applicable Listing Rules, where the Company makes profits before tax for the annual financial year, the Company shall allocate (1) at least one percent (1%) of such annual profits before tax for the purpose of employees' remunerations (including employees of the Company and/or any Affiliated Company) (the "Employees' Remunerations"); and (2) at most three percent (3%) of such annual profits before tax for the purpose of Directors' remunerations (the "Directors' Remunerations"). Notwithstanding the foregoing paragraph, if the Company has accumulated losses of the previous years for the annual financial year, the Company shall set aside the amount of such accumulated losses prior to the allocation of Employees' Remunerations and Directors' Remunerations. Subject to Cayman Islands law and notwithstanding Article 139, the Employees' Remunerations may be distributed in the form of cash and/or bonus shares, and the Directors' Remunerations may be distributed in the form of cash, upon resolution by a majority votes at a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by two-thirds (2/3) or more of the Directors. The resolutions of Board of Directors regarding the distribution of the Employees' Remunerations and the Directors' Remunerations in the preceding paragraph shall be reported to the Shareholders at the general meeting after such Board resolutions are approved.

Unless otherwise provided in the Applicable Listing Rules, the net profits of the Company for each annual financial year shall be allocated in the following order and proposed by the Board of Directors to the Shareholders in thegeneral meeting for approval:

- (a) to make provision of the applicable amount of income tax pursuant to applicable tax laws and regulations;
- (b) to set off cumulative losses of previous years (if any);
- (c) to set aside ten percent (10%) as Legal Reserve pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules unless the accumulated amount of such Legal Reserve equals to the total paid-up capital of the Company;
- (d) to set aside an amount as Special Reserve pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules and requirements of the Commission; and
- (e) with respect to the earnings available for distribution (i.e. the net profit after the deduction of the items (a) to (d) above plus any previously undistributed cumulative Retained Earnings), the Board of Directors may present a proposal to distribute to the Shareholders by way of dividends at the annual general meeting for approval pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules. Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash dividends and/or bonus shares, and, subject to Cayman Islands law, the amount of dividends shall be at least ten percent (10%) of the net profit after the deduction of the items (a) to (d) above. Cash dividends shall comprise a minimum of ten percent (10%), and a maximum of one hundred percent (100%) of the total dividends allocated to Shareholders.
- 2. Accounting treatment on difference between estimate base and actual payment: The company had a net loss in 2020, therefore no estimate and actual payment.
- 3. Distribution approved by Board of Directors' meeting: Not applicable.
- 4. Distribution (including number of shares, amount and share price) in previous year, difference, reason and treatment: Not applicable.
- 4.1.9 Buyback of Common Stock

None.

4.2 Issuance of Corporate Bonds

4.3 Preferred Stocks

None.

4.4 Overseas Depository Receipts

None.

4.5 Status of Employee Stock Options Plan

4.5.1 Non-Expired Employee Stock Options and Impact on Shareholders' Equity up to the date of this Annual Report

As of April 16, 2021

				AS UJ API II 10, 202
TYPE OF EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION	2013 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2014 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2015 FIRST ISSUANCE EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2015 SECOND ISSUANCE OF EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS
Effective date of registration	Not applicable (Note 1)	Not applicable (Note 1)	Not applicable (Note 1)	2015/10/8
Issue date	2013/12/17 (Note 2)	2014/09/11 (Note 2)	2015/05/15 (Note 2)	2015/12/14 2016/06/14 2016/09/15
Option Duration	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
No. of options granted	802,000 shares (of which 155,000 shares are invalidated)	11,260,384 shares (of which 3,148,563 shares are invalidated)	1,000,000 shares (of which 486,800 shares are invalidated)	596,000 shares (596 units) 918,000 shares (918 units) 160,000 shares (160 units) (of which 1,154,000 shares are invalidated)
Percentage of shares exercisable to outstanding common shares	0.26%	3.61%	0.32%	0.54%
Vesting period	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from the time of grant
Performance	Issuance of new shares			
Vesting schedule and ratio (%)	(1) 1st year: up to 25% (2) 2nd year: up to 50% (3) 3rd year: up to 75% (4) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 1st year: up to 25% (2) 2nd year: up to 50% (3) 3rd year: up to 75% (4) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 1st year: up to 25% (2) 2nd year: up to 50% (3) 3rd year: up to 75% (4) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 2nd year: up to 50% (2) 3rd year: up to 75% (3) 4th year: up to 100%
Shares exercised	647,000	6,578,669	414,700	0
Value of shares exercised	US\$129,400	US\$3,678,393	US\$622,050	US\$0
Shares unexercised	0	1,533,152	98,500	520,000
Exercise price per share on unexercised shares (Note 3)	US\$0.20	US\$0.40~1.50	US\$1.50	US\$4.54/\$4.33 US\$3.96/\$3.78 US\$5.18
Percentage of shares unexercised to outstanding common shares (%)	0.01%	0.49%	0.03%	0.17%
Impact on shareholders' equity		gthern cohesiveness of employee y is limited due to 10 years option		

Note 1: The issuance of employee stock options is subject to adoption of a board resolution if the company is a non-public company at the time of the issuance.

Note 2: The board of directors will authorize the management to issue the employee stock options in the amount approved by the board of directors. The management will report the issuance in Board of Directors' meetings on a regular basis.

Note 3: Additional exercise price per share is due to price adjustment for Taiwan employees following issuance of new shares.

TYPE OF EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION	2016 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2017 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2018 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2019 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS	2020 EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS
Effective date of registration	2016/07/04	2017/08/03	2018/06/05	2019/06/20	2020/04/08
Issue date	2016/07/04 2016/12/15 2017/01/01 2017/03/15 2017/06/15	2017/10/26 2017/12/15 2018/03/15 2018/06/15	2018/06/15 2018/09/14 2018/09/25 2018/10/11 2018/12/19 2019/04/03	2019/8/14 2019/10/4 2020/1/6 2020/4/6	2020/05/04 2020/07/06 2020/10/05 2021/01/04 2021/04/06
Option Duration	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
No. of options granted	3,014,000 shares (3,014 units) 686,000 shares (686 units) 200,000 shares (200 units) 320,000 shares (320 units) 416,000 shares (416 units) (of which 2,845,500 shares are invalidated)	3,595,300 shares (3,595 units) 359,000 shares (359 units) 1,614,000 shares (1,614 units) 400,000 shares (400 units) (of which 2,695,200 shares are invalidated)	800,000 shares (800 units) 544,000 shares (544 units) 2,264,200 shares (2,264 units) 16,000 shares (16 units) 1,688,000 shares (1,688 units) 490,000 shares (490 units) (of which 2,849,800 shares are invalidated)	4,150,900 shares (4,151 units) 408,000 shares (408 units) 216,200 shares (216 units) 1,110,000 shares (1,110 units) (of which 2,898,600 shares are invalidated)	5,335,300 shares (5,33 units) 670,000 shares (670 units) 90,000 shares (90 units) 1,232,000 shares (1,23 units) 110,000 shares (110 units) (of which 764,800 share are invalidated)
Percentage of shares exercisable to outstanding common shares	1.49%	1.91%	1.86%	1.90%	2.38%
Vesting period	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from the time of grant	Within 10 years from th time of grant
Performance	Issuance of new shares	Issuance of new shares	Issuance of new shares	Issuance of new shares	Issuance of new shares
Vesting schedule and ratio (%)	(1) 2nd year: up to 50% (2) 3rd year: up to 75% (3) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 2nd year: up to 50% (2) 3rd year: up to 75% (3) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 2nd year: up to 50% (2) 3rd year: up to 75% (3) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 2nd year: up to 50% (2) 3rd year: up to 75% (3) 4th year: up to 100%	(1) 2nd year: up to 50% (2) 3rd year: up to 75% (3) 4th year: up to 100%
Shares exercised	0	0	31,000	0	0
Value of shares exercised	US\$0	US\$0	US\$69,250	US\$0	US\$0
Shares unexercised	1,790,500	3,273,100	2,921,400	3,032,300	3,032,300
Exercise price per share on unexercised shares (Note 3)	US\$4.70 US\$4.57/\$4.36 US\$4.66 US\$4.18 US\$3.89/\$3.65	U\$\$3.21/\$3.07 U\$\$2.51/\$2.40 U\$\$3.56 U\$\$3.44/\$3.35	U\$\$3.44 U\$\$2.55/\$2.48 U\$\$2.44/\$2.37 U\$\$2.11 U\$\$2.04/\$1.99 U\$\$2.38/\$2.31	U\$\$2.14/\$2.08 U\$\$2.07 U\$\$1.42/\$1.4 U\$\$1.07/\$1.05	US\$2.14/\$2.08 US\$2.07 US\$1.42/\$1.4 US\$1.07/\$1.05
Percentage of shares unexercised to outstanding common shares (%)	0.57%	1.05%	0.94%	0.97%	0.97%
Impact on shareholders' equity		strengthen cohesiveness of equity is limited due to 10 ye		holder's value.	

- Note 1: The issuance of employee stock options is subject to adoption of a board resolution if the company is a non-public company at the time of the issuance.

 Note 2: The board of directors will authorize the management to issue the employee stock options in the amount approved by the board of directors. The management will report the issuance in Board of Directors' meetings on a regular basis.

 Note 3: Additional exercise price per share is due to price adjustment for Taiwan employees following issuance of new shares.

4.5.2 Employee Stock Options Granted to Officers and Top 10 Employees (Note 3), up to the Date of this Annual Report

As of April 18, 2021

				RATIO OF		EXERCISE	EXERCISED (NOTE 2)			UNEXERCI	UNEXERCISED (NOTE 2)	(;
	TITLE (NOTE 1.)	NAME	GRANT SHARES	SHARES GRANT TO TOTAL ISSUED SHARES (NOTE 4)	# OF SHARES EXERCISED	PRICE (US\$) PER SHARE (NOTE 5)	AMOUNT (US\$)	RATIO OF SHARES EXERCISED TO TOTAL ISSUED SHARES (%) (NOTE4)	# OF SHARES UNEXERCISED (NOTE 9)	PRICE (US\$) PER SHARE (NOTE 6)	AMOUNT (US\$)	RATIO OF SHARES EXERCISED TO TOTAL ISSUED SHARES (%) (NOTE 4)
	CEO	Chao, Allen (Note 7)										
Of	CSO	Hsia, David						0				
ficer	CEO/CFO	Chen, Lin-Cheng (Note 7)	3,080,000	%66.0	900,009	0.40	240,000	0.19%	2,480,000	7.68	6,642,400	0.79%
	Vice President, Corporate Controller	Williamson, James										
	Director, ∏	Chen, Frank										
	Vice President, Product Process Development	Hopp, Jennifer										
T	Vice President, Operations	Joshi, Dilip (note 8)										
ope 1	Vice President, Quality	Rahimi, Reza (Note 9)										
0 Empl	Vice President of Project Management	Liu, Qi	000	ò	000	1		i de la companya de l	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ć		, c
oyees (Vice President, Sales & Marketing	Lum, Samuel	10,263,752	3.88%	900,006	0.7	005,580	0.34%	7,231,752	62.2	24,232,341	7.74%
Note 3	Vice President, Business Development	Unkrich, Matthew										
3)	Vice President, Operations	Wang, Jin (Note 12)										
	Vice President, R&D	Wu, Yongjian (Note 10)										
	Vice President, Manufacturing	Yang, Kaiwen (Note 11)										

Note 1: Including officers and employees (deceased ones shall be so specified): individual names and titles shall be disclosed, but the situation concerning their share acquisition and subscription may be described in the aggregate. Note 2: The number of columns may be adjusted depending on the number of actual issuances.

Note 4: The total number of issued shares is the number of shares actually listed on Taipei Exchange. Note 3: The top 10 employees with most shares acquired refer to employees other than officers.

Note 5: Grant price for exercised employee stock options, actual exercised price shall be disclosed.

Note 6: Grant for unexercised employee stock options, calculated price based on stock option plan shall be disclosed. Note 7: Changed title on November 20^{th} , 2020, Chen, Lin-Cheng became as CEO.

Note 8: Resigned on June 1st, 2020

Note 9: Resigned on December 7th, 2020

Note 10: Resigned on October 11th, 2019.

Note 11: Resigned on March 15th, 2020.

Note 12: Resigned on January 1s, 2021.

Note 13: Includes 3,453,000 expired/forfeited shares of resigned employees

4.6 Employee Restricted Stock

None.

4.7 Issuance of New Shares In Connection with Mergers and Acquisitions None.

4.8 Financial Plans and Implementation Status

4.8.1 2020 Cash capital increase

4.8.1.1 Plan Progress:

Plan Item	Expected	Total fund needed	Expected fund application progress				
	Completion		2020	2021			
	Date		Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Enrich							
Working	2021	1692,000	168,828	490,228	414,291	543,819	74,834
capital							

4.8.1.2 Implementation Status:

ITEM	IMPLEMENTATION		2020 Q4	As of 2021 Q1	Reason for progress ahead or behind and Improvement plan
	Amount	Expected	168,828	659,056	Completed capital increase in
Enrich Working capital	used	Actual	-	346,884	2020 Q4, adjustment execute plan related to project
	Execution	Expected	9.9	38.95	timeline, no abnormal
	Progress%	Actual	_	20.50	situation.

4.8.1.3 Improve Capital Structure:

	YEAR	Before cash capital increase	After cash capital increase
ITEM		(2020 Q3)	(2020 Q4)
Canital	Debt Ratio	28.89	40.07
Capital Structure(%)	Long-term Fund to Fixed Assets Ratio	283.84	723.36
Liquidity Analysis%	Current Ratio	334.98	641.04

5. Operational Highlights

5.1 Business Activities

5.1.1 Scope of Business

The Company is primarily engaged in the following business activities:

Tanvex is a biopharmaceutical company with an integrated platform which allows it to develop, manufacture, sell and market its products. Tanvex is developing biotherapeutics and is primarily focused on biosimilar products. The Company has two wholly-owned subsidiaries, one in Taiwan and one in the United States. Our Taiwan subsidiary is mainly responsible for initial cell line development. Our U.S. subsidiary is responsible for process development, scale-up production, product analysis, and manufacturing.

The core competency of Tanvex is its ability to control quality and costs through its vertical integrated model. In view of the high prices of biopharmaceuticals and the increasing financial burden incurred by patients and healthcare systems, our primary objective is to expand access to safe, effective and affordable biosimilar products. Our current target market is the United States, the single largest biopharmaceutical market in the world. We plan to commercialize our products directly in the US and will look to expand our reach beyond the US primarily via commercial partnerships.

5.1.2 Industry Overview

High pricing makes biopharmaceutical products unaffordable to many patients, and creates a tremendous financial burden on healthcare systems world-wide. This is creating a substantial opportunity for the biosimilar industry.

As the molecule characteristics of biosimilar medicines are different from those of small-molecule medicines, most developed countries have established separate regulatory pathways for biosimilars. In some markets, such as the US, the regulatory pathways created for biosimilars have created a high barrier to entry, which is expected to result in lower levels of competition compared to the small molecule generic market. The US established its regulatory pathway for biosimilars in 2010 with the enactment of the "Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act" (BPCIA), however, as a result of the rigorous approval requirements and process, the US FDA did not approve a biosimilar product until March 2015. The US biosimilar market is still in its early days and is continuing to emerge. As of the end of 2020, nineteen biosimilar products were commercially available in the US.

5.1.3 Capacity Overview

Tanvex has the technological platforms and expertise to develop and manufacture biotherapeutics using both microbial and mammalian expression systems. The Company's commercial manufacturing facility is located in San Diego, CA in the U.S. Our US plant currently has a 150 liter stainless steel fermenter for products using microbial expression systems. We also have four 1000 liter single-use bioreactors for products using mammalian expression systems. The plant has the space to add additional fermenters and bioreactors when needed.

5.1.4 Technology and R&D Overview

Development progress on product line up to the date of this annual report:

ITEMS	INDICATION	DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS
TX01	Neutropenia	 Submitted Biologics License Application (BLA) to US FDA in September 2018 BLA accepted by US FDA in November 2018 CRL received from US FDA in September 2019 Resubmitted BLA in November 2020
TX05	Breast cancer	 Completed Phase III clinical program in November 2020 (last patient completed surgery) Preparing to file BLA with US FDA in 2021
TX04	Neutropenia	· Preparing for Phase III clinical trials in 2022
TX16	Metastatic colorectal cancer	· Phase III ready

R&D investment in 2020 and as of up to the date of this annual report:

NTS in thousands

		1117 III tilousullus
YEAR	2020	Q1 2021
R&D expenses	1,860,600	356,636
Paid in Capital	3,116,067	3,118,277
R&D as % of Paid in Capital	59.71	11.44

5.1.5 Long-Term, Mid-Term and Near-Term Business Strategies

1. Near-Term Strategies:

The Company's near-term strategies include the continued development of its biosimilar product pipeline. The Company intends to directly market and sell its products in the United States and will look to expand its reach outside of the US primarily through commercial partnerships.

2. Mid-Term and Long-Term Strategies:

Looking forward, in addition to expanding upon our biosimilar capabilities and expertise, we expect to enhance and leverage our R&D capabilities to expand into the development of innovative biotherapeutics to fulfill unmet medical needs and to offer improved quality of life for patients.

5.2 Market, Production and Sales

5.2.1 Market Analysis

1. Major market

Our primary focus is on the US market, the single largest pharmaceutical market in the world. We are optimistic about the potential of the U.S. market, and plan to seize the opportunity to become a world-class biopharmaceutical company.

2. Market share

There is no market share analysis available for our products as they are not yet commercially available. We use internal market analysis to develop our product plans.

3. Market supply, demand and growth in the future

The biosimilar market is still emerging in the US. While the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act (BPCIA) was passed in 2010, the first licensed biosimilar product, Zarxio® (filgrastim-sndz), manufactured by Sandoz, was only launched in September 2015. As of December 31, 2020, there were nineteen biosimilar products (representing seven different molecules) on the market in the US.

4. Core competency

The Company's core competency is its ability to control quality and cost through its vertical integration model and the flexibility it provides which enables us to respond quickly to changing customer and market conditions.

5. Advantages and Disadvantages

Advantages:

- (1) The approval of the first biosimilar medicine in 2015 opened the door and paved the way for other manufacturers.
- (2) Large and attractive US market.
- (3) An extensively experienced R&D and commercial team with a proven track record of success in the US market.

Disadvantages:

- (1) High regulatory hurdles requiring costly clinical trials.
- (2) Innovator companies have employed various tactics making it difficult for most of the initial biosimilars brought to market to gain traction.

5.2.2 Product Overview

1. Primary Product Indication

Tanvex's major products are biosimilar medicines used to treat neutropenia, breast cancer, metastatic colorectal cancer (mCRC) and other diseases.

2. Product Manufacturing Process

Our product manufacturing process uses an integrated platform. We have in-house capabilities from cell line development, cell culture, purification, and scale-up, to formulation development, allowing us to successfully manage both technology and costs.

5.2.3 Supply of Raw Materials

As our products are in the R&D stage, there were no reportable purchases or transactions related to raw materials. At this time, we only purchase materials needed for R&D activities. We have a stable supply of these materials and purchase our materials from various sources. Thus, there has been no supply concentration.

5.2.4 Top 10% Vendors and Customers in Most Recent Two Years

We did not have any business income, customers in 2019 and 2020, as our products are in the R&D stage.

5.2.5 Production in Most Recent Two Years

We do not have any commercial production in 2019 and 2020, as our products are in the R&D stage.

5.2.6 Sales in Most Recent Two Years

We do not have any sales in 2019 and 2020, as our products are in the R&D stage.

5.3 Credentials, Average Service Years, Average Age and Educational Background of Employees in Most Recent Two Years and up to Date of This Report

YEAR	2019	2020	AS OF MARCH 31, 2021
R&D staff headcount	100	38	34
Operation staff headcount	-	53	47
Other employees headcount	26	18	19
Managerial position and above (R&D) headcount	32	17	18
Managerial position and above (Operation) headcount	-	10	10
Managerial position and above (Other) headcount	21	23	20
Total headcounts	179	159	148
Average age	41.7	40.9	40.41
Average service years	2.81	3.47	3.7
Ph.D. (%)	11	13	13
Master's degree (%)	23	22	23
College/Bachelor degree (%)	46	48	47
High school diploma (%)	20	17	17
No high school diploma (%)	0	0	0

5.4 Environmental Costs

1. Total amount of losses and penalties from environmental pollution in the most recent year and as of the date of this annual report:

We did not have any environmental pollution incidents in the most recent year and as of the date of this annual report. We will continue to follow a no pollution policy and maintain a commendable record in environmental protection.

 $2. \ \ \text{Future action plan and possible expenditures: } \textbf{None.}$

5.5 Employees Relations

5.5.1 Description of Employee Benefits Programs, Advanced Education, Training, Retirement System and Implementation of the Above, and Negotiation between Employees and Management, as Well as Measures to Protect the Employees' Rights and Benefits.

For our Taiwan-based operation:

(1) Employee Benefits Program:

- A. Paid leave entitlement: We provide more favorable benefits to our employees by granting more days of paid personal leave, sick leave and annual leave than the requirements under the Taiwan Labor Standards Act.
- B. Team building activities: We organize company outings for all employees every year for socialization and relaxation.
- C. Labor insurance: We comply with the provisions of Taiwan labor insurance legislations.
- D. National healthcare insurance: We comply with the Taiwan National Health Insurance Act.
- E. Group insurance: We provide insurance benefits to all our employees, including health and medical coverage, accident injury coverage, cancer treatment coverage and occupational injury coverage.
- F. Employee health examinations: We provide one health examination for all our employees every year.
- G. Employee stock options: To attract and retain talented employees, we provide an employee stock option plan as incentive to employees so that they can link their performance and effectiveness to the overall success of the Company. Upon the approval of the Board of Directors of the parent company, employees may be entitled to receive stock options issued by the parent company.

(2) Employee Development:

- A. Training for new hires: After a new hire reports to work, he or she will receive orientation from a Human Resources (HR) representative and get acquainted with the Company's HR policy, benefit programs, corporate overview, and co-workers in different departments.
- B. On-the-job training in Taiwan: To practice professional knowledge and improve work skills, we will provide internal training courses when necessary or send employees to attend training courses outside the Company.
- C. On-the-job training in overseas locations: In order to integrate the technologies within the value chain across the group and implement transfer of technologies developed in other countries, we will send staff to the parent company or affiliates in foreign countries or overseas institutions to attend educational courses and training to acquire new knowledge and skills.
- D. Advanced training opportunity: To help employees continue their academic study and acquire more professional knowledge, employees with two or more years of service may be eligible, subject to approval, to enroll in a formal degree program at an educational institution during regular working hours, in the evening or during non-working hours.

(3) Employee Retirement Programs:

As required by the Labor Pension Act, the Company allocates an amount not less than 6% of an employee's monthly salary to the employee's pension account with the Bureau of Labor Insurance on a monthly basis. Employees may elect to allocate within 6% of their monthly salary to their pension account.

(4) Employee Communication and Rights Protection:

The Company sponsors various activities and events which provide opportunities for employees to socialize with each other, and for the Company to better understand employees' needs and voluntarily identify and resolve issues. We are committed to building an amicable employee-employer relationship and to enhancing employee loyalty and satisfaction with the Company. We have included provisions in the Company rules that protect female employees' rights and benefits at work. The Company also provides channels to file a complaint against sexual harassment at work.

For our U.S.-based operation:

(1) U.S. Employee Benefits Program:

- A. Paid-leave entitlement: Our employees are granted more days of paid sick leave and annual leave than the standard for our industry and size of company.
- B. Team building activities: We organize Company outings in order to provide employees the opportunity to socialize and bond with each other.
- C. Workers' Compensation: Employees are covered by Workers Compensation insurance in order to be protected from work-related injury.
- D. Medical insurance: We provide employees health and welfare plans including medical, dental and vision coverage, flexible spending accounts, and long-term disability insurance.
- E. Group life insurance: We provide life insurance for employees and their family members.

- F. Voluntary plans: We give employees access to additional health and welfare plans including additional life insurance for themselves and family members, group accident and critical illness insurance, identity theft and legal assistance.
- G. Annual health examination: within the medical insurance plan, employees and their family members are entitled to a free physical exam once a year.
- H. Employee stock options: To attract and retain talented employees, we provide an employee stock option plan as incentive to employees so that they can link their performance and effectiveness to the overall success of the Company. Upon the approval of the Board of Directors of the parent company, employees may be entitled to stock options issued by the parent company.

(2) U.S. Employee Development and Training:

- A. Training for new hires: After a new hire reports to work, he or she will receive orientation from a Human Resources (HR) representative and get acquainted with the Company's HR policies, benefit programs, corporate overview, and co-workers in different departments.
- B. Domestic and foreign site training: Our employees complete job related professional training and many are certified or licensed. In addition, the Company reimburses job related classes employees choose to take on their own time. To improve working skills, we also provide internal training courses when necessary or send employees to attend training courses outside company.

(3) 401(k) retirement plan:

All eligible employees may enroll in the Company sponsored 401(k) retirement plan. It not only provides tax deferral benefits, but also helps employees set aside a portion of their income for retirement to secure their financial futures. As an additional benefit, the Company matches a certain percentage of the employees' contribution.

(4) Employee-Employer Relationship:

- A. We hold all-employee meetings throughout the year to communicate business updates and to collect feedback, suggestions, and concerns from employees. It provides a channel of interaction between the Company and employees in order to increase employees' loyalty and keep their morale high.
- B. All employees have equal rights and equal opportunity to be promoted without discrimination based on race, gender or other protected factors.
- C. We provide a private lactation room when needed to support breastfeeding female employees.
- D. The Human Resource (HR) department provides an inbox for employees' feedback and suggestions. Employees also may communicate with their supervisors and HR on any issue or concerns. This enables an effective communication channel between employees and the Company.
- E. We provide a cafeteria area for employee to take breaks and have lunches.
- 5.5.2 The Losses on Employee Disputes in Most Recent Year and as of the Date of This Annual Report, and Disclosure of Estimated Amount of Existing and Possible Future Disputes and Responsive Measures. If a Reasonable Evaluation Is Not Possible, Describe the Fact That Makes the Reasonable Evaluation Impossible.

At Tanvex BioPharma, we have a people-oriented corporate philosophy and we are rooted in professionalism. We are committed to providing a healthy work environment and professional development for our employees. We have therefore been able to maintain an amicable employee-employer relationship. There hasn't been any employee related loss.

5.6 Material Contracts

The contracting parties, major content, restrictive clauses, and the commencement dates and expiration dates of supply/distribution contracts, technical cooperation contracts, engineering/construction contracts, long-term loan contracts, and other contracts that would affect shareholders' equity, where said contracts were either still effective as of the date of publication of the annual report, or expired in the most recent fiscal year:

NATURE OF CONTRACT	CONTRACTING PARTIES	TERM	KEY CONTENTS	RESTRICTIVE CLAUSE
Lease agreement	Tanvex BioPharma USA and Third Ave. Investments, LLC.	07/30/2010- 03/31/2024	Agreement for lease office for Tanvex	None
Lease agreement	Tanvex BioPharma USA and Kilroy Realty, L.P.	07/30/2010- 11/30/2032	Agreement for lease of building (1) for LJB in San Diego, and the supplemental agreement	None
Lease agreement	Tanvex BioPharma USA and Kilroy Realty, L.P.	01/20/2016- 01/20/2032	Agreement for lease of building (2) for LJB	None
Lease agreement	Tanvex Taiwan and Best Suit Limited, Taiwan Branch	04/15/2021- 06/30/2026	Lease of R&D lab and office for Tanvex Taiwan	None
Master Collaboration Agreement and SOW	Tanvex TW and Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.	01/01/2018- 12/31/2023	Collaboration on the biosimilar products development	None
Clinical research agreement	Tanvex Biologics Corporation and Clinical Research Ltd.	10/07/2017 - study completion	Phase III clinical trials for TX05	None

6. Financial Highlights

6.1 Condensed Financial Statements in Most Recent Five Years-IFRS

6.1.1 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet –IFRS

Unit: NTD\$ in thousands

	YEAR		MOST RE	ECENT FIVE YEARS (I	NOTE 1)		AS OF MARCH 31
ITEM		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 (NOTE 2)
Current Ass	ets	2,953,236 3,176,125 3,696,323 2,6		2,604,974	2,263,513	1,802,376	
Financial As	sets at Amortized					182,715	185,38
Property, Pl	ant and Equip.	832,549	747,168	735,550	657,824	555,692	540,24
Right-of-use	Assets				265,136	1,350,585	1,337,94
Intangible A	ssets	57,665	24,626	18,168	15,932	11,957	11,49
Other Asset	s	28,902	25,084	28,728	29,127	8,263	8,32
Total Assets		3,872,352	3,973,003	4,478,769	3,572,993	4,372,725	3,885,76
Current	Before Distribution	233,147	164,704	209,463	270,448	353,099	228,40
Liabilities	After Distribution	233,147	164,704	209,463	270,448	353,099	228,40
Non-Current	Liabilities	66,098	59,078	54,453	271,674	1,398,911	1,408,88
Total	Before Distribution	299,245	223,782	263,916	542,122	1,752,010	1,637,28
Liabilities	After Distribution	299,245	223,782	263,916	542,122	1,752,010	1,637,28
Equity attrib of the parer	outable to owners	3,573,107	3,749,221	4,214,853	3,030,871	2,620,715	2,248,48
Capital Stoc	k	1,929,927	2,166,364	2,430,678	2,642,041	3,116,067	3,118,27
Capital Surp	lus	3,776,397	5,375,881	7,421,513	8,348,201	9,652,911	9,666,67
Retained	Before Distribution	(2,079,701)	(3,489,501)	(5,383,363)	(7,679,989)	(9,784,225)	(10,199,383
Earnings	After Distribution	(2,079,701)	(3,489,501)	(5,383,363)	(7,679,989)	(9,784,225)	(10,199,383
Other Equity		(53,516)	(303,523)	(253,975)	(279,382)	(364,038)	(337,086
Total	Before Distribution	3,573,107	3,749,221	4,214,853	3,030,871	2,620,715	2,248,48
Equity	After Distribution	3,573,107	3,749,221	4,214,853	3,030,871	2,620,715	2,248,48

Note 1: Independent Auditor's Report for year 2016 to 2020. Note 2: Q1, 2021 financial report reviewed by Auditors of PWC Taiwan and present to the Board on 05/14/2021.

Unit: NT\$ in thousands

YEAR		MOST RE	CENT FIVE YEARS (NO	OTE 1)	E 1)			
ITEM	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 (NOTE 2)		
Net Revenue	-	-	-	_	300	_		
Gross Profit	-	-	_	_	143	_		
Income (Loss) from Operations	(1,351,518)	(1,403,168)	(1,950,580)	(2,328,156)	(2,099,577)	(413,658)		
Non-Operating Income(Expenses)	107,098	(6,607)	56,742	53,955	(4,635)	(1,478)		
Net Loss before Tax	(1,244,420)	(1,409,775)	(1,893,838)	(2,274,201)	(2,104,212)	(415,136)		
Continued Operation - Net Loss	(1,244,446)	(1,409,800)	(1,893,862)	(2,274,226)	(2,104,236)	(415,158)		
Discontinued Operation- Net Loss	_	-	-	_	_	_		
Net Loss	(1,244,446)	(1,409,800)	(1,893,862)	(2,274,226)	(2,104,236)	(415,158)		
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	(109,275)	(250,007)	49,548	(25,407)	(84,656)	26,952		
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(1,353,721)	(1,659,807)	(1,844,314)	(2,299,633)	(2,188,892)	(388,206)		
Basic Earnings per Share	(6.61)	(7.29)	(8.32)	(9.26)	(7.84)	(1.33)		

Note 1: Independent Auditor's Report for year 2016 to 2020

Note 2: Q1, 2021 financial report reviewed by Auditors of PWC Taiwan and present to the Board on 05/14/2021.

6.2 Condensed Financial Statements In Most Five Years – R.O.C. GAAP

6.2.1 Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet –R.O.C. GAAP:

Not Applicable.

6.2.2 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehesive Income – R.O.C. GAAP: **Not Applicable.**

- 6.2.3 Significant Events Such as Accounting Policy Changes, Mergers & Acquisitions, Discontinued Operations, and Their Effects on Financial Reporting None.
- 6.2.4 Auditors' Opinions from 2016-2020
 - 1. Auditors name and opinions in most recent five years

YEAR	CPA FIRM NAME	AUDITORS	AUDIT OPINION
2016	PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan	Teng, Sheng-Wei; Tseng, Hui-Chin	An unqualified opinion
2017	PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan	Teng, Sheng-Wei; Tseng, Hui-Chin	An unqualified opinion
2018	PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan	Teng, Sheng-Wei; Tseng, Hui-Chin	An unqualified opinion
2019	PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan	Yu, Shu-Fen; Tseng, Hui-Chin	An unqualified opinion
2020	PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan	Yu, Shu-Fen; Liang, Hua-Ling	An unqualified opinion

- 2. If there is any change of auditors in most recent five years, predecessors, successors and reasons shall be listed:
 - (1) About predecessors

Date for Change	Approved by the Board on 03/25/2020					
Reasons	Replacement of CPA due to inter are Yu, Shu-Fen; Liang, Hua-Ling.	Replacement of CPA due to internal work rotation of PwC Taiwan. Since year of 2021, the Auditors are Yu. Shu-Fen: Liang. Hua-Ling.				
Reasons for termination	Who	СРА	Appointed person			
	Voluntary termination of appointment	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
	No longer accept (continued) appointment	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
Any other opinions other than unqualified opinion in recent two years						
Different opinions with issuer	Yes		Accounting principles and practices			
			Disclosed financial report			
			Check scope or steps			
			Others			
	No	✓				
	Explaination					
Other items to disclose	None					

(2) About successors

CPA FIRM NAME	PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan
Auditors	Yu, Shu-Fen; Liang, Hua-Ling.
Date of appointment	Approved by the Board on 03/25/2020
Any other opinions before appointment	None
Any different opinions from successors to predecessors	None

6.3 Financial Analysis In Most Recent Five Years (Consolidated) –IFRS

	YEAR		Most Recent Five Years (Note 1,3)				As of March 31,
ITEM		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 (Note 2)
Cantial	Debt Ratio (%)	7.73	5.63	5.89	15.17	40.07	42.14
Captial Structure	Long-term Fund to Fixed Assets Ratio (%)	437.12	509.70	580.42	502.04	723.36	676.98
	Current Ratio (%)	1,266.68	1,928.38	1,764.67	963.21	641.04	789.11
Liquidity Analysis	Quick Ratio (%)	1,252.69	1,860.64	1,690.79	898.04	586.38	723.53
	Times Interest Earned (Times)	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(Note 6)	(Note 6
	Average Collection Turnover (Times)	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Days Sales Outstanding	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Average Inventory Turnover (Times)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Operating Performance	Average Inventory Turnover Days	_	_	_	_	_	_
Analysis	Average Payment Turnover (Times)	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Fixed Assets Turnover (Times)	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Total Assets Turnover (Times)	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Return on Total Assets (%)	(45.74)	(35.94)	(44.82)	(56.49)	(52.97)	(100.54
	Return on Equity (%)	(49.57)	(38.51)	(47.56)	(62.77)	(74.47)	(170.52
Profitability	Operating Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio (%) (Note 4)	(70.03)	(64.77)	(80.25)	(88.12)	(67.38)	(13.27)
Analysis	Pre-tax Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio (%) (Note 4)	(64.48)	(65.08)	(77.91)	(86.08)	(67.53)	(13.31)
	Net Margin (%)	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Earnings Per Share (NT\$)	(6.61)	(7.29)	(8.32)	(9.26)	(7.84)	(1.33)
	Cash Flow Ratio (%)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4
Cash flow	Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio (%)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4
	Cash Flow Reinvestment Ratio (%)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	(Note 4
	Operating Leverage	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5
Leverage	Financial Leverage	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5)	(Note 5

Profiability Analysis: Net loss increased due to continuous investment in research and development.

- Note 1: Independent Auditor's Report for year 2016 to 2020
- Note 2: Reviewed by Auditors of PWC Taiwan
- Note 3: Formulas for the above table are specified as follows:
- 1. Capital Structure Analysis
- (1) Debt Ratio = Total Liabilities / Total Assets
- (2) Long-Term Capital to Property, Plant and Equipment Ratio = (Total Equity + Non-Current Liabilities) / Property, Plant and Equipment
- 2. Solvency Analysis
- (1) Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities
- (2) Quick Ratio = (Current Assets Inventories Prepaid Expenses) / Current Liabilities
- (3) Times Interest Earned = Income Before Interest Expenses and Income Taxes / Current Interest Expenses
- 3. Operating Ability
- (1) Receivables (including accounts receivable and notes receivable arising from business operations) Turnover Rate = Net Sales / Average Receivables (including accounts receivable and notes receivable arising from business operations) for each period
- (2) Average Collection Days for Receivables = 365 / Receivables Turnover Rate
- (3) Inventory Turnover Rate = Cost Of Sales / Average Inventory
- (4) Payables (including accounts payable and notes payable arising from business operations) Turnover Rate = Cost Of Sales / Average Payables (including accounts payable and notes payable arising from business operations) for each period
- (5) Average Days Of Sale = 365 / Inventory Turnover Rate
- (6) Property, Plant and Equipment Turnover Rate = Net Sales / Average Net Worth of Property, Plant and Equipment
- (7) Total Assets Turnover Rate= Net Sales / Average Total Assets
- 4. Profitability Analysis
- (1) Return on Assets = [Net Income + Interest Expense * (1 Tax Rate)] / Average Total Assets
- (2) Return On Equity = Net Income / Average Total Equity
- (3) Profit Margin Before Tax = Net Income / Net Sales
- (4) Pre-tax Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio=Pre-tax Income/Paid-in Capital
- (5) Profit Margin Before Tax = Net Income / Net Sales
- (6) Earnings Per Share = (Profit and Loss attributable to owners of the parent Dividends on Preferred Shares) / Weighted Average Number of Issued Shares
- 5. Cash Flow
- (1) Cash Flow Ratio = Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities / Current Liabilities
- (2) Net Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio = Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities for the most recent five years / (Capital Expenditures + Inventory Increase + Cash Dividend)
- (3) Cash Flow Reinvestment Ratio = (Net Cash flow from Operating Activities Cash Dividends) /(Gross Property, Plant and Equipment value + Long-Term Investments + Other Non-Current Assets + Working Capital)
- 6. Leveraging
- (1) Operating Leverage = (Net Operating Revnue Variable Operating Costs and Expenses) / Operating Income
- (2) Financial Leverage = Operating Income / (Operating Income / Interest Expenses)
- Note 4: Not calculated as operations have resulted in a net loss only
- Note 5: Not calculated since operating cash has outflow
- Note 6: Not calculated as operations have resulted in a net loss

6.4 Audit Committee's Review Report

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Audit Committee's Review Report

March 25, 2021

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2020 business report, Financial Statements and proposal for loss make-up. The CPA firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan was retained to audit Tanvex BioPharma, Inc.'s Financial Statements and has issued an audit report relating to the Financial Statements. The Business Reports, Financial Statements, and proposal for Loss make-up have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee members of Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. According to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Law, we hereby submit this Report.

	etermined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee members of Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. According to Article 14-4 of the curities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Law, we hereby submit this Report.
Aı	nnual General Meeting of Tanvex BioPharma, Inc.
Cł	nairman of the Audit Committee
Le	e-Chiou Chang
6.5	Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report
	Please refer to the Independent Auditor's Report following Section 9 of this report.
6.6	Parent Company Only Statements and Independent Auditor's Report None.
6.7	Financial Difficulities of the Company and Its Subsidiaries in Recent year and as of the Date of This Annual Report, and Impact on the Company's Financial
	None.

7. Review and Analysis of Financial Position, Operating Results and Risk Assessment

7.1 Financial Status

Discussion of the main reasons for significant changes in assets, liabilities and equities and their impact in most recent two years, if applicable. In the case of significant impact, describe the company's future action plan.

Unit: NT\$ in thousands: %

YEAR	2020	2019		RENCE
ITEM	2020	2019	AMOUNT	%
Current Assets	2,263,513	2,604,974	(341,461)	(13,11)
Property, Plant and Equipment	555,692	657,824	(102,132)	(15.53)
Financial Assets at Amortized cost	182,715	_	182,715	100
Right-of-use Assets	1,350,585	265,136	1,085,449	409.39
Intangible Assets	11,957	15,932	(3,975)	(24.95)
Other Assets	8,263	29,127	(20,864)	(71.63)
Total Assets	4,372,725	3,572,993	799,732	22.38
Current Liabilities	353,099	270,448	82,651	30.56
Non-Current Liabilities	1,398,911	271,674	1,127,237	414.92
Total Liabilities	1,752,010	542,122	1,209,888	223.18
Share Capital	3,116,067	2,642,041	474,026	17.94
Capital Surplus	9,652,911	8,348,201	1,304,710	15.63
Retained Earnings	(9,784,255)	(7,679,989)	(2,104,266)	27.40
Other Equities	(364,038)	(279,382)	(84,656)	30.30
Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	2,620,715	3,030,871	(410,156)	(13.53)
Total Shareholders' Equity	2,620,715	3,030,871	(410,156)	(13.53)

Description of analysis of the main reason for changes of more than 20% and amounts differing by more than NT\$10 million from the previous term:

- (1) Increase in Financial Assets at Amortized cost: letter of credit related to new lease in year 2020
- (2) Increase Right-of-Use Assets: New lease agreement entered in year 2020
- (3) Decrease Other Assets: mainly due to decrease of deposit for building lease
- (4) Increase in Current Liabilities: Due to increase of current portion of PPP loan and lease liability
- (5) Increase in Non-Current Liabilities: Due to increase of non-current portion of PPP loan and lease liability
- (6) Increase in Retained Earnings: due to the fact that the Company is still at R&D stage, resulting losses
- (7) Decrease in Other Equities: due to currency exchange fluctuation

7.2 Financial Performance

7.2.1 Analysis of Significant Changes in Revenue, Net Profits and Net Profits before Tax in Most Recent Two Years

Unit: NT\$ in thousands

Unit. NT 3						
YEAR	2020	2019	Amount of Increase/Decrease	Change in percentage (%)		
Revenue	300	_	300	_		
Cost of Goods Sold	(157)	_	(157)	_		
Gross Profits	143	_	143	_		
Operating Expenses	(2,099,720)	(2,328,156)	228,436	(9.81)		
Net Operating Losses	(2,099,577)	(2,328,156)	228,579	(9.82)		
Non-Operating Incomes And Expenses	(4,635)	53,955	(58,590)	(108.59)		
Net Losses before Tax	(2,104,212)	(2,274,201)	169,989	(7.47)		
Income Tax Expenses	(24)	(25)	(1)	(4.00)		
Net Losses	(2,104,236)	(2,274,226)	169,990	(7.47)		
Other Comprehensive Income (loss after tax)	(84,656)	(25,407)	(59,249)	233.20		
Total Comprehensive Income (loss)	(2,188,892)	(2,299,633)	110,741	(4.82)		

Description and analysis of main reason for changes of more than 20% and difference of over NT\$10 million from previous year:

(1) Non-Operating Income/Expenses: mainly due to the decerease of CD interest revenue

(2) Other Comprehensive Loss: Foreign exchange fluctuation

7.2.2 Projected Sales

As our products are in the final stage of FDA approval, we expected revenue during 2021.

7.2.3 Potential Impact on the Company's Financial Results

We do not expect any material impact during 2021.

7.3 Cash Flow

7.3.1 Cash Flow Analysis in Most Recent Two Years

Unit: NT\$ in thousands

YEAR	2020	2019	DIFFERENCE	
ITEM	AMOUNT	AMOUNT	AMOUNT	%
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities (Outflow)	(1,787,625)	(1,898,660)	111,035	(5.85)
Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities (Outflow)	(243,297)	1,819,282	(2,062,579)	(113.37)
Net Cash Flow from financing Activities (Outflow)	1,730,487	914,155	816,332	89.30

Description of analysis of increase/decrease in percentage:

- (1) Operating Activities: Increase of net cash outflow due to products are still in R&D stage, no revenue has been generated yet. (2) Investing Activities: in 2019, CD maturity increase the cash inflow
- (3) Financing Activities: more cash inflow from equity financing in 2020 compared to 2019

7.3.2 Improvement Plan in Response to Lack of Liquidity

Not applicable.

7.3.3 Projected Cash Flow for 2021

Unit: NT\$ in thousands

BEGINNING BALANCE	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING	EXPECTED CASH OUTFLOW CASH	EXPECTED CASH BALANCE ENDING	MEASURES TO MAKE UP FOR SHORTFALL IN CASH FLOW		
(A)	ACTIVITIES (B)	OUTFLOW IN THE YEAR (C) (NOTE)	BALANCE A+B-C	FINANCING PLAN	INVESTING PLAN	
2,068,608	0	(1,891,319)	177,289	_	_	

Analysis of changes in cash flow

Cash outflow: mainly from expenditures spent on clinical trials, labor and equipment according to R&D schedule

7.4 Major Capital Expenditures Which Significantly Impacted Financials of The Company in 2020

The company's capital expenditures in 2020 were mainly for capacity expansion and equipment purchases to accommodate the product R&D and to speed up the development progress. All expenditures are within budget. Therefore, there is no major impact to our financials in 2020.

7.5 Reinvestment Policies in 2020, Main Reason for Profits or Losses, Improvement and Investment Plan in 2021

1. Reinvestment polices:

Tanvex BioPharma's current reinvestment policies focus on investments relating to development of its core business. The company does not plan to make investments in other lines of business. All investment activities will be performed by the applicable execution department in compliance with "investment cycle" under the internal control system and the Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets, which have been discussed and approved at the board of directors' meeting or shareholders' meeting.

2. Main reason for profits or losses from reinvestment in 2020 and improvement plan:

December 31, 2020; (Unit: NT\$ in thousands)

REINVESTED COMPANY	BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	INVESTMENT GAINS/LOSSES IN 2020	REASON OF LOSSES AND IMPROVEMENT PLAN
Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.	Process development and manufacturing of biosimilars and new drugs	(1,969,363)	The product development is still at the early R&D stage, thus losses incurred. The company expects to start to earn profits after commercialization in the market.
Tanvex Biologics Corporation	Research and development of biosimilars and new drugs	(112,538)	The business activities are focused on early R&D, thus losses incurred.

3. Investment plan for next year:

Tanvex has established the Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets (the "Procedures") in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies promulgated by the competent authorities and follow the Procedures in performing reinvestment activities and to keep informed of related business and financial status. In addition, in order to have an enhanced level of supervision and management for our reinvested company, we have included regulations for supervision and management of subsidiaries in our internal control system, which provides for the management of a subsidiary's disclosure of information, finance, business, inventory and finance, so as to maximize the benefits of our reinvestments.

7.6 Risk Assessment for 2020 and as of the Date of This Annual Report

7.6.1 Impact of Interest Rate, Foreign Exchange fluctuation and Inflation on the Company's Earnings and Countermeasures

1. Interest Rate Fluctuation

Tanvex's funding source is solely from cash investment. In addition, interest rates have remained low due to the slow moving world-wide economy. Therefore, our exposure to interest rate risk is minimum. On the cash side, the Company controls spending tightly within budget, places its cash in short-term saving and checking accounts, and maintains healthy relationships with multiple major banks in order to preserve liquidity and security of our funds.

2. Foreign Exchange Volatility

Our functional currency is USD. The majority of research and development costs including clinical trial, consulting, lab material, and lab equipment purchase are in USD. Therefore, foreign exchange volatility has not significantly impacted our business. Operation costs for the subsidiary in Taiwan is in NTD. The accumulated exchange variance generated due to the exchange rate fluctuation is immaterial on the consolidated balance sheet. Overall, there is no significant risk associated with foreign exchange rate volatility. We will always monitor exchange rate fluctuations closely, adjust our practices based on the changes in order to minimize the impact from foreign exchange rate volatility.

3. Inflation Fluctuation

Based on statistics data, the inflation rate has remained low. Therefore, its impact to our business is minimal.

7.6.2 Major Reasons and Countermeasures for Gain and Losses on High-risk/High-leverage Investments; Loans to a Third Party, Making Endorsements and Guarantees and Financial Derivatives

We did not make high-risk or highly-leveraged financial investments, lending, endorsements, guarantees for other parties, or financial derivative transactions during 2020 and up to the date of this report. We have established internal policies and procedures including "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties," "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets", and "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee." All the procedures have been approved at the Board meeting and shareholders' meeting. We will follow the related policy and procedures in the occurrence of such situations.

7.6.3 R&D Plans and Projected Spending

Our development plan for our key projects as well as our investment in research and developmentis provided below:

1. TX01

Submit additional documents FDA requested in November 2020 and under FDA review.

2. TX05

Completed Phase III clinical trials in 2020 and plan BLA submit in 2021.

3. TX16

Completed Phase I clinical trial in December 2017 and prepared for Phase III clinical trials.

4. TX52

At pre-clinical R&D stage.

Based on our development plan, we have budgeted Research and Development costs in 2021. The plan is subject to adjustment upon any significant changes that may occur during the year.

7.6.4 Changes in International and Domestic Government Policies and Regulatory Environment

We are an international company with subsidiaries in the U.S. and Taiwan. Our management closely monitors all domestic and foreign governmental policies and regulations that might impact our business and financial operations. From 2020 until the date of the report, our business operation has not been impacted significantly by any change in policies and regulations.

- 7.6.5 Impact of Changes in Technologies and the Industry on the Financial Position and Operation of the Company and Countermeasures We are a company specializing in the development, manufacturing and sale of biosimilars. The biosimilar market is an emerging global industry. Therefore, the regulatory environment for biosimilars is rigorous, dynamic, and evolving. In addition to the research and development team which focuses on product and process development, we have also established a dedicated team which closely monitors and evaluates changes in current technology, and implements on-site training in order to keep our staff at the leading edge of technological development. Our leadership is updated on any new regulations and remains agile in order to adapt to change. As a result, there has not been any significant impact to our business due to the change in technology.
- 7.6.6 Impact by Changes of Corporate Image on the Company's Crisis Management and Countermeasures

Since the establishment of the Company, we have built an excellent corporate image based on our core values of quality and efficiency, culture of stability, integrity, and principle of sustainable business. We are committed to acting ethically in all aspects of our business, constantly and rigorously following rules and regulations. As a result, we are able to quickly respond to regulatory changes and opportunities. Therefore, there has not been any negative impact to our business due to a change in our corporate image from 2019 to the date of the annual report.

7.6.7 Expected Benefits and Potential Risks from Mergers and Acquisitions and Countermeasures

There have not been any mergers and acquisitions that occurred up to the date of the annual report.

7.6.8 Expected Benefits and Risks Related to Facility Expansion and Countermeasures

We have completed a plant expansion to fulfill the capability of preliminary commercialized production up to the date of the annual report. The expansion includes the following:

- 1. One 150L microbial fermenter production line, with potential to expand for two more 150L to meet the production requirement of the TX01 product in the future.
- 2. Four 1000L bioreactor production lines, with potential to expand to ten more 1000L bioreactor production lines to meet the

production requirement of TX05/TX16.

The plant expansion uses a pre-piped and wired design. This enables us to expand the production lines step by step based on our product development progress, which reduces cash outflow and capital expenditure requirements.

We have a vertically integrated manufacturing platform, which enables us to fully control the entire process from R&D to the distribution of our final product to the market, optimize our funds distribution, maximize the efficiency of our capital, and in return, reduce risks.

7.6.9 Risk from Sales and Purchase Concentration

There has not been such risk as of the date of the annual report since we are still at the Research and Development stage.

7.6.10 Impact and Risk from Transfer or Swap of Stocks by Tanvex's Directors or Major Shareholders with over 10% of Tanvex's Total Outstanding Shares, and Countermeasures

There have not been sales of significant numbers of shares by directors, and/or major shareholders who own 10% or more of the total outstanding shares as of the date of the annual report.

7.6.11 Impact and Risk from the Changes in Management of the Company and Countermeasures

There has not been any change in management which affects business operation as of the date of the annual report. We have established complete and effective internal control procedures and policies, which reduce the risks associated with any change in management.

7.6.12 Litigation and Non-litigation Matters

- 1. Any pending or settled major litigious, non-litigious or administrative disputes against the Company, director, supervisor, general manager, person in charge in substance and major shareholders who own 10% or more of total outstanding shares where it has significant effects on shareholder's interest and share price, the facts of the dispute, amount of money at stake in the dispute, the date of litigation commencement, the main parties to the dispute, and the status of the dispute as of the date of publication of this annual report shall be disclosed: None.
- 2. For director, supervisor, general manager, person in charge in substance, any events as stated in article 157 of Securities and Exchange Law of Taiwan occurred in 2019, 2020 and as of the date of this annual report: None.

7.6.13 Other Important Risks

Publicly traded foreign companies' state any changes in the macroeconomic situation and economic or political environment, any foreign exchanges controls, and any laws and regulations regarding tax of both the country where the foreign company is registered and operate its main business activities. They should also provide information about other risks such as whether or not the effects of a final and binding civil judgment from the Taiwan court can be recognized by the judicial system of the aforementioned countries as well as any measures which the Company has adopted in response to the risks.

The Company was incorporated on May 8, 2013 in the Cayman Islands as an ordinary investment holding company without any substantive economic activities. Tanvex has two wholly owned and invested subsidiaries, "Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc." located in U.S. and "Tanvex Biologics Corporation" located in Taiwan with substantial operation and defined as the important offshore subsidiaries with significant impact to Tanvex. Below is the assessment of changes in macroeconomic situation, economic and political environment, related regulations, foreign exchanges controls, and the laws and regulations regarding tax, of Cayman Islands, the country of registration, Taiwan and the U.S. where the main places of business are located, as well as other risks such as whether or not the effects of a final and binding civil judgment of a Taiwan court can be recognized by these jurisdictions.

1. The Country of Registration: British Cayman Islands

(1) Changes in Macroeconomic, Political and Economic Environment

The Cayman Islands is British overseas territories in the western Caribbean Sea, which are situated about 268 kilometers northwest of Jamaica and 700 kilometers south of Miami. The local political situation has long been stable. George Town, its capital city located on the Great Cayman Island, is the center of administration, commerce, and finance. The main sources of revenues of the

Cayman Islands are the financial service industry and tourism. The Cayman Islands enjoys a reputation of being one of the global financial centers.

There are six types of registration for enterprises in the Cayman Islands: Ordinary Company, Ordinary Non-Resident Company, Exempted Company, Limited Duration Company, Foreign Company, and Limited Liability Company. Specifically, exempted companies are widely used by many enterprises and individuals for their financial planning.

In recent years, the local government has aggressively attempted to ameliorate its reputation regarding its offshore financial services by signing the Mutual Legal Assistance Treaty in 1990 with the U.S. and the UK to deter international criminal organizations from capitalizing on the Cayman Islands for any illegal transactions such as drug trafficking or money laundering. Not only have they entered into the Model 1 agreements including inter-governmental agreements and tax information exchange agreements in order to supplement the implementation of the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA), but the Cayman government has also singed a Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement with fifty other jurisdictions to declare its commitment to enforce the Common Reporting Standard (CRS) on October 29, 2014. When reinforcing crime prevention, the Cayman government has also committed to guarantee the confidentiality of commercial activities. Therefore, the political and economic environment is remarkably stable, and so is societal safety.

In conclusion, Tanvex has registered as an exempted company with no substantive business activities in the local markets, which insulates the Company from any material influence over its overall business functions that could arise from any political or economic changes in the macroeconomic situation.

(2) Foreign Exchanges Controls, Laws and Regulations, and Tax Risks

The Cayman government imposes no taxes upon Tanvex which would be deemed significant. The Cayman Islands has no regulations concerning foreign exchanges controls or currency controls. For an exempted company, the Cayman government does not impose taxation on an individual's or a company's profits, income, gains, appreciation other than the license tax. It also does not inflict any inheritance taxes upon the Company. The Cayman government does impose the stamp duty on any contract made or entered into by the contracting parties within the territories of the Cayman Islands. While individuals transferring the share of a Cayman company are not subject to any stamp duty, this exemption does not apply if Tanvex holds interests in land in the Cayman Islands. Below are the major laws and regulations governing an exempted company in the Cayman Islands:

- A. An exempted company shall conduct its business overseas;
- B. An exempted company must not issue a solicitation to residents of the Cayman Islands in its offer to subscribe its shares or bonds. Nor is it allowed to own any land in the Cayman Islands except with an approval of the Ministry of Finance and Economic Development of the Cayman Islands;
- C. The Cayman Company Act does not require to hold an annual shareholders' meeting, leaving it to the discretion of the Company to host a shareholders' meeting or a meeting of the Board of Directors (the "Board") according to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company (the "AOA") and when such meeting is to be convened, it can take place on the Cayman Islands or elsewhere. According to the AOA, the Company should hold an annual general shareholders' meeting in Taiwan within six months after the end of a year when the Company is listed and traded on the Taiwan stock exchange ("TWSE") or Taipei Exchange ("TPEx") or is registered as emerging stock company in Taiwan. If the shareholders' meeting is to be held outside of Taiwan as approved by the Board, the Company should submit this proposal to the TPEx or TWSE within two days after the Board resolution or the shareholder submitting the proposal pursuant to Article 46 of the AOA should get the approval from the TWSE or TPEx.
- D. An exempted company is not required to provide or submit any detailed information about its shareholders to the registration office of the Cayman Islands. Yet, the AOA provides that the Board should keep a shareholders list at a stock agent in Taiwan. Shareholders may request at any time to review or transcribe the above document by providing documents proving it has interests in this matter and stating the scope of the inquiry.
- E. Shareholders' roster is not required to be available to the public.
- F. An exempted company may request the Cayman government to issue a certificate of tax exemption of the Company with a validity of twenty years. The certificate can be renewed prior to its expiration.
- G. An exempted company may request its registration be cancelled or transferred to another country of registration.
- H. An exempted company may register as a limited exempted company with not less than two shareholders as required for a valid period of not more than thirty years.

Due to the differences between the laws of the Republic of China ("ROC") and the Cayman Company Act, the Company has

amended the AOA according to the Company Act and the Securities Exchange Act of the ROC to the extent the amendments are in compliance with the laws of the Cayman Islands to protect the interest of the ROC investors and shareholders.

In conclusion, there is no significant impact on the cash flow management of the Company in view that the Cayman government implements an open policy on foreign exchange without any restriction. Meanwhile, the taxes and relevant laws and regulations of the Cayman Islands have no materials impacts on the Company's overall business functions given the fact that it is registered as a holding company without any business activities in the Cayman Islands.

(3) Recognition of a civil judgment issued by a Taiwan court

A. Litigation Risks

As the exempted Company of the Cayman Islands, the Company is not required to apply for recognition by the Ministry of Economic Affairs under Taiwan's Company Act. For a listed company in Taiwan, no provisions of the AOA of the Company should prevent any shareholder from initiating an action at a competent court to seek legal remedies against wrongful procedure to convene a shareholders' meeting or wrongful resolution at a shareholder meeting. Despite of the above, an investor may be able to secure a substantive judgment upon filing a lawsuit against the Company or its representative in a Taiwan court, although the Company has assigned a litigation or non-litigation advocate, pursuant to the rules of TWSE. However, there are uncertainties as to whether the Taiwan court has proper jurisdiction, how to conduct the service of process, and the application of foreign laws.

B. Risks of Judgment Recognition and Enforcement

Although the laws of the Cayman Islands have no statutes regarding the enforcement of a civil judgment issued by a foreign court, the principles of the Cayman Islands' common law recognize the effects of a final and conclusive civil judgment issued by a Taiwan court, provided that all of the following apply: (1) the judgment is final and conclusive; (2) the final judgment is made by a foreign court with jurisdiction; (3) the judgment held the debtor accountable for a definite liquidated sum of money; (4) the judgment is not to enforce any fines, taxes, penalties, and the likes; or the judgment is for a non-monetary relief under certain circumstance; (5) The judicial procedure or enforcement of the judgment are not contrary to the Cayman Islands public policy or natural justice. If a Cayman court does not recognize the judgment of a Taiwan court, an investor cannot enforce the judgment when obtaining a final and binding judgment against the debtor in Taiwan, meaning that an investor may not satisfy his/her claim overseas. Hence, investors should be acquainted with the legal risks regarding any securities issued by a foreign issuer which the investors intend to purchase.

2. The Principal Location of Operations: The United States

(1) The Macroeconomic and the Political Changes

The United States was the world's largest economy with the GDP of 21.48 trillion USD as of 2019, which constituted one-fifth of the world economy with the GDP per capita of 65 thousand USD, which ranked eighth in the world in 2018. The United States has the world's second-largest amount of foreign trade, is the second-largest exporter and largest importer. The United States has a mixed economy, where most of the microeconomic decisions are made by companies or private enterprises alone. The U.S. government also invests and assists in basic research, education, public health, social security, savings insurance, etc. China, Canada, Mexico, Japan, and United Kingdom are its top five business partners. The U.S. is also the third-largest oil producer and the largest producer of natural gas.

Economists predict that the global economy in 2019 has no dramatic change occurred within the U.S. market or international market, limiting negative impact on the Company's cash flow, financial conditions, competition and collaboration with other businesses.

(2) Risks of Foreign Exchanges Controls, Taxes and Regulations

Tanvex and its subsidiaries utilize the United States Dollar (USD) as the functional currency for transactions. However, for the financial reporting purpose in compliance with the IFRS recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission in Taiwan, the consolidated financial report represents in New Taiwan Dollar (NTD). Due to the exchange rate fluctuations between USD and NTD, it may result the changes of cumulative translation adjustments reflected in the consolidated financial report.

As the most advanced currency market and the most convenient platform for international financial transactions, the United States leads as the most-developed and complete financial system, as well as a well-established management system of foreign exchange markets. Tanvex and its subsidiaries encounter at no risk on the controls of foreign exchange in the U.S. In terms of relevant laws and tax risk, Tanvex and its subsidiaries have not received any material financial impact due to any changes of

relevant laws or tax regulations since Tanvex and its subsidiaries consistently comply with the U.S. Company Act and other applicable laws. Any changes in the relevant laws and tax regulation in the future may, however, affect Tanvex and its subsidiaries' operation.

(3) Recognition of a Civil Judgment Issued by a Taiwan Court

According to the currently effective Uniform Foreign Money-Judgments Recognition Act in California (CA Code of Civil Procedure sec 1713-24, hereinafter "CA Recognition Act"), if a nonmonetary judgment is consistent with the requirements of the CA Recognition Act and the definition of "foreign judgment", the non-monetary judgment in a foreign court would be deemed as a final and conclusive foreign judgment to be enforceable under the ambit of the CA Recognition Act. A foreign judgment is enforceable if all of the following apply: (1) the judgment was for a monetary claim, either to approve or deny it; (2) according to the foreign law by which the judgment was made, the judgment was a conclusive, final, and enforceable judgment but not to enforce any taxes, fines, or penalties, and not to enforce any family court judgments for divorce, alimony, and maintenance (except for the circumstances where the doctrine of international comity applies or the foreign judgment excludes the application of CA Recognition Act). The CA Recognition Act also requires the plaintiff who seek the recognition of the foreign judgment to fulfill the burden of proof regarding these abovementioned elements and provides that the request of the recognition must be made within ten years since the judgment takes effect or within the statutory period of the foreign law by which the judgment is made, whichever is shorter.

In addition, the CA Recognition Act provides that the court should not recognize a foreign judgment for any of the following occurrences: (1) the judicial system where the foreign judgment was made did not provide court with equity and fairness or the due process consistent with the California laws; (2) the foreign court had no jurisdiction over the defendant against whom the plaintiff is attempting to enforce the judgment; or (3) the foreign court had no jurisdiction over the subject matter.

Furthermore, the CA Recognition Act states that the California court should not recognize a foreign judgment for any of the following circumstance: (1) the defendant did not receive notice of the proceedings in sufficient time to enable him to defend; (2) the judgment was obtained by fraud making the plaintiff who lose the case unable to defend sufficiently; (3) the judgment, the cause of action, or the remedy was repugnant to the public policy of the U.S. or California; (4) the civil judgment conflicts with another final and conclusive judgment; (5) the proceeding in the foreign court was contrary to an agreement between the parties under which the dispute was to be settled; (6) in the case of jurisdiction based on personal service of process, the foreign court was a significantly inconvenient forum for the trial; (7) the circumstance where the foreign judgment was made caused the integrity of the rendering court to be very doubtful; (8) the judgment was not rendered under procedures compatible with the requirements of due process under the laws of California; or (9) the subject matter of the foreign judgment was a libel claim (unless the foreign court provides the same degree of constitutional protection as the case in the U.S. or in California).

3. The Principal Location of Operations: Taiwan (ROC)

(1) The Macroeconomic and the Political Changes

Taiwan ranked 13th out of 140 countries for the global competition according to the World Economic Forum ("WEF") Global Competitiveness Report 2018 issued in October 2018. Additionally, Taiwan also ranked the fourth, after Switzerlan and Norway and Singapore, out of 50 countries for the best investment environment country evaluated by the famous Business Environment Risk Intelligence Company ("BERI") in the "Assessment Report of Investment Environment" issued in December of 2018. Taiwan apparently has a stable economy, great investment environment, strong adaptabilities, financial institutions with good financial conditions, and a robust foreign exchange reserve, illustrating Taiwan as a considerable investment target for foreign companies.

The 2019 Index of Economic Freedom, published jointly by The Heritage Foundation and *The Wall Street Journal*, measures the four criteria including "rule of law", "government control", "regulatory effectiveness", and "open market" to determine the degree of freedom of economies around the world, Among the 180 countries and economies in the world, Taiwan ranked 10th, in the Asia-Pacific 43 countries and economies, Taiwan ranked 5th, followed by Hong Kong, Singapore, New Zealand and Australia. The report refers to Taiwan as having "relatively well-developed commercial code and open-market policies that facilitate the flow of goods and capital (which) have made small and medium-size enterprises the backbone of Taiwan's economic expansion."

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) forecast that Taiwan's gross domestic product (GDP) will grow 2.5 percent in 2019 and 2020 in the World Economic Outlook report dated April 2019. The IMF forecast for 2019 represents an increase from the 2 percent made in April 2018 and 2.4 percent in October 2018. In December 2018, the Executive Yuan approved the 2019 National Development Plan, which included a slight increase for Taiwan's projected economic growth. The government is now anticipating a growth rate of 2.6 percent for the next year, a small increase from the previously projected rate of 2.4 percent. Factors

influencing the increase growth prediction include the number of business professionals anticipated to return to Taiwan from abroad, along with investment and job creation expected to be facilitated between Taiwanese businesses partnering with foreign companies in Taiwan, reports Radio Taiwan International.

(2) Risks of Foreign Exchange Control, Taxes, and Applicable Laws

Taiwan's foreign exchange is conducted pursuant to the market mechanism which allows a free flow of funds. For the flow of foreign currency involving exchange of funds in New Taiwan Dollar denomination, foreign exchange proceeds and payments from and for goods and services and capital transactions (including direct investments and securities investments) approved by Taiwan competent authority are subject to no restrictions, except for the requirements on dollar amount of foreign exchange settlement for transfer of short-term funds. The exchange rate of NTD is determined by supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets, except that Taiwan's Central Bank plays the role of maintaining the order of the foreign exchange markets when the regular operation of the markets is compromised by seasonable factors or under irregular circumstances. Taiwan's Central Bank also actively promotes financial liberalization and internationalization. Management of capital flows is subject to market factors and there is a free flow of funds in and out of Taiwan. Management of foreign reserve follows the fundamental principle of liquidity, security and profitability, with an emphasis on economic effects from promotion of economic development and upgrading of industries.

For tax regulations, Taiwan follows the rule of laws and the principle of taxation by law and all collections of taxes and duties shall be governed by law. The standard procedures for tax collection are based on the Tax Collection Act. The Taiwan government also follows the Administrative Procedure Act to ensure transparency of tax collection as well as acting by law to protect people's rights and interests and improve administrative efficiency. Tax denominations include "national taxes" and "local taxes", to be collected by the National Taxation Authority, and the tax collection authority at the municipal government or county/city government, as applicable. The Ministry of Finance is the highest administrative entity governing tax matters and responsible for general management of tax collection, interpretation of tax laws, and national budgeting.

In recent years, Taiwan is developing in tandem with the international society. In order to harmonize Taiwan's tax system with those in other jurisdictions, create a fair and equitable tax environment, and respond to changes in economic development and needs for cross-border investments, various revisions have been implemented to improve Taiwan's tax system. After Taiwan's accession to the World Trade Organization (WTO) in 2002, Taiwan has referred to the regulations published by the WTO in amending the applicable laws to be used as the basis of collection of customs. Taiwan has also implemented the tax system on tobacco and alcohol products to promote international trade. Taiwan has a favorable tax environment, and open and transparent collection procedures. There is smooth and fast communication channel with tax collection authority. The Taiwan government continues to take measures to improve its tax system in response to changes in economic environment. Taiwan therefore has an appealing investment environment in Asia Pacific.

In summary, despite the fact that Taiwan implements a managed floating exchange rate regime for foreign exchange control, this does not impose any material restriction on fund flows required for the Company's operation and business activities. There is no material restriction under tax and applicable laws that are expected to affect the Company's operation and business activities.

(3) Whether a Final Civil Judgment by Taiwan Court Is Recognized

As Tanvex Biologics Corporation, the Company's subsidiary in Taiwan, mainly engages its business in Taiwan, the final civil judgment by Taiwan court is always binding and enforceable. Therefore, the question that whether a final civil judgment by Taiwan court is recognized in the main place of business does not apply.

IT safety management

Tanvex has established rules for information security inspection and control, financial and non-financial information management, asset management and personal data protection management, so company can protect information assets (including data, software, hardware equipment, etc.) from the risks of tampering, exposure, destruction or loss due to external threats or improper management or use of internal personnel.

The main procedures and processes for the information systems are as follows:

- 1. Update firewall and anti-virus automatically to prevent the threats from comuter virus and hackers.
- 2. Regularly check important system resources to ensure proper operation.
- 3. Periodically execute disaster recovery plan and test for important systems, record test procedures and results, analyze and improve test procedures.
- 4. Regularly update system backup media for disaster recovery.
- 5. Record cause and solution in detail after an emergency and review by supervisor for the basis of process improvement and future reference.
- 6. Implement information security training to ensure the company colleagues have most updated security awareness and apply it in their daily works.
- 7. Regularly review related policy and guidelines to ensure the information security processes and measurements meet the requirements of the current laws and regulations.

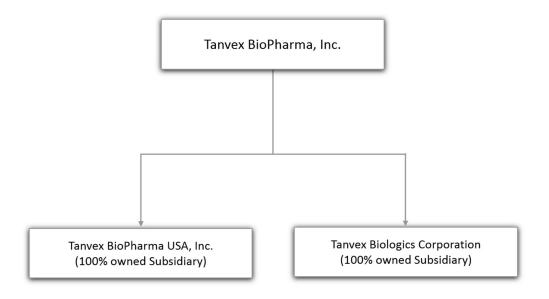
7.7 Other Important Matters

None.

8. Other Special Notes

8.1 Information on Subsidiaries

8.1.1 Subsidiaries Chart



8.1.2 Basic Information of Subsidiaries

December 31, 2020; Unit: in thousands

COMPANY	DATE OF	DATE OF INCORPORATION PLACE OF REGISTRATION		MAJOR BUSINESS
	INCORPORATION	_		Process development and
Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.	01/01/2011	10394 Pacific Center Court, San Diego, CA 92121, U. S. A.	US\$ 298,601	production of Biosimilar drugs and new drugs
Tanvex Biologics Corporation	04/07/2009	33F, No.99, Sec.1, Xintai No.5 Road, Xizhi District, New Taipei City, Taiwan R.O.C	NT\$ 2,114,190	Research and development of Biosimilar drugs and new drugs

8.1.3 Shareholders in Common of Tanvex and Its Subsidiaries with Deemed Control and Subordination: None.

8.1.4 Rosters of Directors, Supervisor, Chairman and Presidents of Tanvex's Subsidiaries

December 31, 2020

COMPANY	TITLE	NAME OR THE	SHAREHOLDING		
	IIILE	REPRESENTATIVE	SHARE(S)	%	
Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.	Chairman	Chan Lin Chang	1 000 000	1000/	
	CEO	Chen, Lin-Cheng	1,000,000	100%	
	Chairman	Allen Chao			
	Board Director	Yen, Yun		100%	
Tanvex Biologics Corporation	Board Director	Chen, Lin-Cheng	211,419,000		
	Supervisor	Kuo, Yin-Yu			
	General Manager	Chen, Lin-Cheng			

8.1.5 Operational Highlights of Subsidiaries

December 31, 2020; Unit: in thousands

COMPANY	PAID-IN CAPITAL	ASSETS	ASSETS LIABILITIES NET WORTH REVEN		REVENUE	OPERATING EXPENSE	NET LOSS AFTER TAXES	
Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. (Note)	USD298,601	USD83,839	USD60,868	USD22,971	-	USD(66,468)	USD(66,758)	
Tanvex Biologics Corporation	NTD2,114,190	NTD262,835	NTD19,445	NTD243,390	300	NTD(109,865)	NTD(112,538)	

Note: This is different from the investment gains and losses recognized by the parent company due to the adjustment of the realized/unrealized gains and losses from the sidestream transactions between the subsidiaries.

8.1.6 Consolidated Financial Statements Covering the Subsidiaries: Incorporated in the consolidated financial statements.

8.1.7 Consolidated Business Reports:

Not applicable.

- 8.2 Private Placement of Securities in Most Recent Year and up to the Date of this Annual Report None.
- 8.3 Status of Common Stock Acquired, Disposed of, and Held by Subsidiaries in Most Recent Year and up to the Date of this Annual Report None.

8.4 Other Necessary Supplemental Explanations (Major Differences Between the Company's Articles and in Relation to the Protection of Shareholders' Equity)

Due to the differences between the laws of Taiwan, ROC and the Cayman and Company Act, the amendment of the Shareholder Right Protection Checking List for foreign issuer amended by Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation on December 25, 2019, may not be applicable to Tanvex. The Company's Articles differs from the rules of the ROC in relation to the protection of shareholder equity as follows:

DIFFERENCE	CAYMAN LAWS AND THE EXPLANATION	THE COMPANY'S ARTICLES AND THE EXPLANATION
A company which buys back its shares and assigns or transfers those shares to its employees may restrain such shares from being assigned or transferred to others within a specific period of time which shall in no case be longer than two years.	Treasury Shares may be disposed of by the Company on relevant terms and conditions as determined by the directors; there are no relevant provisions regarding employee incentive program under the Cayman Companies Law.	According to the Article 1 of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company ("M&AA"), Treasury Shares refers to shares that were previously issued but were purchased, redeemed or otherwise acquired by the Company and have not been cancelled; as such, this provision is stipulated in Article 40D of the M&AA. However, as indicated by the Cayman lawyer, such restrictions agreed between the transferor and transferee is a contractual matter between themselves.
The following items shall be itemized in the causes or subjects to be described in the notice to convene a meeting of shareholders, and shall not be brought up as extemporary motions; material contents of such matters may be uploaded onto the website designated by the TWSE, TPEx or the Company with the address of website indicated in the notice: (1) Election or discharge of directors and supervisors; (2) Alteration of the Articles of Incorporation; (3)Reduction in share capital of the Company; (4)Application for de-registration as a public company; (5) Dissolution, merger, spin-off; (6) Enter into, amend, or terminate any contract for lease of the Company's business in whole, or for entrusted business, or for regular joint operation with others; (7) Transfer the whole or any essential part of its business or assets; or (8) Accept the transfer of another's whole business or assets, which has great bearing on the business operation of the Company; (9) Offering, private placement of any equity-type securities; (10) Release the prohibition on directors from participation in competitive business; (11) Pay all or partial dividends and bonuses by way of issuing new shares; (12) Distribute the legal reserve and the capital reserve that derived from the income from the issuance of new shares at a premium or the income from endowments received by the Company.	There is no special provision regarding extemporary motions under Cayman Companies Law; according to the Cayman lawyer, with respect to extemporary motions, the notice of shareholders meeting shall specify content of discussion and provide relevant information to shareholders. However, the notice of shareholders' meeting usually includes an item of "other issues;" such issues are usually informal or not material, and the chairman of the meeting shall not include any material issue in this item. All material issues shall be discussed and resolved in another meeting convened in accordance with the procedure, provided that if any urgent issue requires resolution in the meeting, it shall be raised and ratified in the next shareholders' meeting. Although Cayman law does not expressly prohibit extemporary motions, the Cayman lawyer advises that it is inappropriate to exercise extemporary motions at the shareholder's meeting.	The Cayman Companies Law has no special provisions regarding extemporary motion; as such, the Paragraph 6 is stipulated in Article 50 of M&AA. According to the Cayman lawyer, with respect to the extemporary motions, the notice of shareholders meeting shall specify content of discussion and provide relevant information to shareholders. However, the notice of shareholders' meeting usually includes an item of "other issues;" such issues are usually informal or not material, and the chairman of the meeting shall not include any material issue in this item. All material issue shall be discussed and resolved in another meeting convened in accordance with the procedure, provided that if any urgent issue requires resolution in the meeting, it shall be raised and ratified in the next shareholders' meeting.

DIFFERENCE	CAYMAN LAWS AND THE EXPLANATION	THE COMPANY'S ARTICLES AND THE EXPLANATION
If the voting power at a shareholders' meeting may be exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission, the method for exercising the voting power shall be described in the shareholders' meeting notice. A shareholder who exercises the voting power at a shareholder's meeting in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have attended the said shareholders' meeting in person, but shall be deemed to have waived the voting power in respect of any extemporary motion and/or the amendment to the contents of the original proposal.	There is no special provision regarding Paragraph 3 under Cayman Companies Law.	There is no special provision regarding the first paragraph of this Paragraph 3 under Cayman Companies Law; thus the first paragraph of this Paragraph 3 is stipulated in Article 68 of the M&AA. According to the Cayman lawyer, if the shareholder exercises the voting right in writing, it shall be deemed to authorize the chairman of the meeting to exercise the voting power, thus the latter paragraph of this Paragraph 3 is stipulated in Article 68 of the M&AA. (i.e., shareholders who exercise the voting power in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have authorized the chairman of the meeting to exercise its voting power in the meeting according to the instruction in writing or by way of electronic transmission, but shall be deemed to have waived the voting power in respect of any extemporary motion and/or the amendment to the contents of the original proposal. However, foregoing authorization shall be deemed not to constitute a provision regarding proxies under the laws and regulations in relation to TWSE/TPEx listed companies).
In case a shareholder who has exercised his/her/its voting power in writing or by way of electronic transmission intends to attend the shareholders' meeting in person, he/she/it shall, at least 2 days prior to the meeting date of the scheduled shareholders' meeting and in the same manner previously used in exercising his/her/its voting power, serve a separate declaration of intention to rescind his/her/its previous declaration of intention made in exercising the voting power under the preceding Paragraph. In the absence of a timely rescission of the previous declaration of intention, the voting power exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall prevail.	There is no special provision regarding this Paragraph 5 under Cayman Companies Law.	There is no special provision regarding Paragraph 5 under Cayman Companies Law; as such, the first paragraph of this Paragraph 5 is stipulated in Article 70 of the M&AA. According to the comment of Cayman lawyer, under common law, a person may revoke his/her proxy by attending the meeting in person. Since shareholders who exercise the voting power in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have authorized the chairman of the meeting to exercise its voting power in the meeting according to the instruction in writing or by way of electronic transmission, Paragraph 5 may be not enforceable.
After the service of the power of attorney of a proxy to the Company, in case the shareholder issuing the said proxy intends to attend the shareholders' meeting in person, a proxy rescission notice shall be filed with the Company at least 2 days prior to the date of the shareholders' meeting as scheduled in the shareholders' meeting notice so as to rescind the proxy at issue, otherwise, the voting power exercised by the authorized proxy at the meeting shall prevail.	There is no special provision regarding the power of attorney of soliciting of the power of attorney under the Cayman Companies Law.	Since there are no special provisions regarding the power of attorney of soliciting of the power of attorney under the Cayman Companies Law, set out the content of Paragraph 4 in the Article 62B of the M&AA. According to the comment of the Cayman lawyer, under the common law, a person may revoke its proxy by attending the meeting in person, so the content of Paragraph 4 may be not enforceable.
The following proposals involving significant interests of shareholders shall be adopted by a majority of the shareholders present who represent two-thirds or more of the total number of its outstanding shares.	With regard to 1, 4, 5 (the split part) and 6, there is no special provision of requirement or prohibition under the Cayman Companies Law. With regard to 2 and 3, Article 24 of the	Article 32(h) of the M&AA is expected to be amended at the annual general meeting of shareholder in 2020 of the Company in accordance with the

DIFFERENCE

If the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present at shareholders' meeting is not sufficient to meet the criteria specified in the preceding paragraph, it may be adopted by two thirds or more of the attending shareholders who represent a majority of the total number of its outstanding shares:

- 1. Enter into, amend, or terminate any contract for lease of the Company's business in whole, or for entrusted business, or for regular joint operation with others, accept the transfer of another's whole business or assets, which has great bearing on the business operation of the Company.
- 2. Amend the Articles of Incorporation.
- Any amendment to the Articles of Incorporation prejudicial to the rights of special shareholders shall be adopted by special resolution.
- 4. The whole or a part of the distributable dividends and bonuses may be paid in the form of shares newly issued.
- 5. The proposal of dissolution, consolidation or merger and split-up.
- 6. Share swap.

CAYMAN LAWS AND THE EXPLANATION

Cayman Companies Law provides that any amendment to the M&AA shall be adopted by the special resolution.

With regard to 5 (the dissolution part), the company shall be voluntarily dissolved by the special resolution pursuant to Article 116 the Cayman Companies Law, in the case that the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability to pay off all claims, it may be adopted by the shareholders' meeting by way of an ordinary resolution. Where there is any higher threshold provided in the Articles of Incorporation, such higher threshold shall prevail. In addition, with regard to 5 (the consolidation or merger part), according to the Cayman legal consultant's suggestion, the Article 233(6) of the Cayman Companies Law provides that it shall be adopted by special resolution. However, it should be pursuant to the M&AA in the case that there are other provisions regarding the resolutions provided in the M&AA.

THE COMPANY'S ARTICLES AND THE EXPLANATION

provisions of subparagraph 6 on the left of the Shareholder Right Protection Checking List for foreign issuer.

- There is no special or prohibition provisions regarding subparagraphs 1, 4 the split-up part of subparagraph 5 and 6 under the Cayman Companies Law; as such subparagraphs 1, 4 the split-up part of subparagraph 5 and 6 are separately provided in Article 32(a)(b)(c)(d)(g)(h) of the M&AA that it shall be adopted by the shareholder's meeting by way of special resolution (Supermajority Resolution Type A) refers to a resolution adopted at a shareholders' meeting, by a majority of the shareholders present who represent two-thirds or more of the total number of its outstanding shares and exercise the voting rights in person or by a proxy (if the shareholders' meeting allows the proxy) or Supermajority Resolution Type B which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present at a shareholders' meeting is less than the percentage of the total shareholdings required by the Supermajority Resolution Type A, which means that there is no resolution adopted at a shareholders' meeting by a majority of the shareholders present who represent two-thirds or more of the total number of its outstanding shares and exercise the voting rights in person or by proxy (if such shareholders' meeting allows the use of proxy).
- 2. According to Article 24 of the Cayman Companies Law, any amendments to the M&AA shall be adopted by Special Resolution at a shareholders' meeting; as such, subparagraph 2 is provided in Article 157 of the M&AA, which means that the company may at any time amend the memorandum and/or M&AA. The threshold of the number of the shareholders present is in accordance with Article 51 of Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at a shareholders' meeting is more than a majority of outstanding shares).
- 3. According to Article 24 of the Cayman Companies Law, any amendments to the M&AA shall be adopted by the Special Resolution at a shareholders' meeting; as such, subparagraph 3 is provided in Article 18 of M&AA, which means that any amendment to the M&AA prejudicial to the rights of special shareholders shall be adopted by special resolution at a special shareholders' meeting in addition to the Special Resolution at a shareholders' meeting. The threshold of the number of

the share-holders present is in accordance with Article 5 in Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represent by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at a shareholders, meeting is more than a majority of outstanding shares). 4. With regard to subparagin 5 (the dissolution part), the company shall be voluntarily dissolved by the special resolution pursuant to Article 116 of the Cayman Companies saw, is voluntarily dissolved by the special resolution pursuant to Article 116 of the Cayman Companies saw, but the case that the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability to pay off all claims, it may be adopted by an ordinary resolution at shareholders' meeting, such higher threshold shall prevail; as such, the dissolution part of subparagraph 5 is provided in Article 33 of the M&AA, if the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability dissolved due to inability dissolved due to inability dissolved due to inability of supparaging in the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability of supparaging in the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability of supparaging its proposition at a shareholders' meeting (supermajority Resolution Type 8 (Article 33(6)); if the company is voluntarily by supparaging its proposition at a shareholders' meeting (supermajority Resolution Type 8 (Article 33(6)). The thresholders present in accordance with Article 51 of Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present in accordance with Article 51 of Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at a shareholders in the A&AA. The threshold of the number of shares represented by the shareholders present in person or by report of the shareholder in the M&AA. It is accordance with Article 51 of Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholder in the MaAA. It is the consolidation or merger	DIFFERENCE	CAYMAN LAWS AND THE EXPLANATION	THE COMPANY'S ARTICLES AND THE EXPLANATION
shareholders present in person or by proxy at a shareholders' meeting is more than a majority of outstanding shares).	DIFFERENCE	CAYMAN LAWS AND THE EXPLANATION	the share- holders present is in accordance with Article 51 of Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at a shareholders' meeting is more than a majority of outstanding shares). 4. With regard to subparagraph 5 (the dissolution part), the company shall be voluntarily dissolved by the special resolution pursuant to Article 116 of the Cayman Companies Law, in the case that the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability to pay off all claims, it may be adopted by an ordinary resolution at shareholders' meeting. Where there is any higher threshold provided in the M&AA, such higher threshold shall prevail; as such, the dissolution part of subparagraph 5 is provided in Article 33 of the M&AA, if the company is voluntarily dissolved due to inability to pay off all claims on schedule, it shall be adopted by a special resolution at a shareholders' meeting (Supermajority Resolution Type A) or Supermajority Resolution Type B (Article 33(a)); if the company is voluntarily dissolved due to other causes, the company shall be dissolved voluntarily by way of a special resolution (Article 33(b)). The threshold of the number of the shareholders present is in accordance with Article 51 of Article of Incorporation (which means that the total number of shares represented by the shareholders present in person or by proxy at a shareholders' meeting is more than a majority of outstanding shares). 5. With regard to subparagraph 5 (the consolidation or merger part), according to the Cayman legal consultant's suggestion, the Article 233(6) of the Cayman Companies Law provides that it shall be adopted by special resolution. However, it should be pursuant to the M&AA in the case that there are other provisions regarding the resolutions provided in the M&AA, as such, the consolidation or merger part of subparagraph 5 is provided in the Article 31(c) of the M&AA. The threshold of the number of the shareholders present is in accordance with Ar
			proxy at a shareholders' meeting is more
Provisions regarding the supervisors There is no special provision regarding the Since the Company does not set up supervisors	Provisions regarding the supervisors.	There is no special provision regarding the	Since the Company does not set up supervisors,

		CF

- Shareholder(s) who has/have been continuously holding 1% or more of the total number of the outstanding shares of the Company over one year may request in writing the supervisors of the Company to institute, for the Company, an action against a director of the Company, and the Taipei District Court in Taiwan shall be the competent court of the first instance.
- 2. In case the supervisors fail to institute an action within 30 days after having received the request made under the preceding paragraph, then the shareholders filing such request under the preceding paragraph may institute the action for the Company; and the Taipei District Court in Taiwan shall be the competent court of the first instance.

CAYMAN LAWS AND THE EXPLANATION

There is no special provision of requirements or prohibitions under the Cayman Companies Law.

According to the Law of the Cayman Islands, the circumstances in which the shareholder may institute an action for the company: (A) the act is in violation of the laws or beyond the purview of the company and cannot be ratified by the shareholders; or (B) the act constitutes fraud to the minority shareholders (that is, the instituted action requesting relief is against the major shareholders, such major shareholders may not allow the company to let the plaintiff institute the action. It is required to prove the fact of fraud and that the actor engaged in wrongdoing has the controlling power over the company.) As for the act within the purview of the company or beyond the purview of the company but can be ratified by the shareholders and is in line with the will of the majority of shareholders, the court of the Cayman Islands is inclined not to interfere in the internal act of the company. Although this Article has been incorporated into the M&AA, its enforceability in Cayman is in doubt, because the Cayman court is unlikely to recognize the enforceability of foreign nonpecuniary judgments without re-examining the reasons for the dispute.

THE COMPANY'S ARTICLES AND THE EXPLANATION

There is no special provision of requirements or prohibitions under the Cayman Companies Law, and the company sets up the audit committee rather than supervisors; referring to the provisions regarding the responsibility to replace the supervisors by independent directors of the audit committee in 27 July 2012 Letter No. Taiwan-Securities-listed 1011702189 of Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation, thus replacing the supervisors part of the paragraph 1 and 2 by the independent directors of the audit committee provided in the Article 123 of the M&AA and may take the courts of competent jurisdiction (including Taipei District Court in Taiwan, if applicable) as the court of the jurisdiction. The Cayman lawyer further indicates that the Article 123 of the M&AA shall comply with the Cayman laws. According to the Cayman laws, the directors are not responsible to institute the action against the other directors by the request of the shareholders with 1% or more holding of the company in the case that the director considers it is not beneficial to company to institute the action.

9.

Any Events in 2020 and up to the Date of this Annual Report that Had Significant Impact on Shareholder's Rights or Security Prices as Statedin Item 3 Paragraph 2 of Article 36 of Securities and Exchange Act of Taiwan

None.

TANVEX BIOPHARMA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To Tanvex Biopharma, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Tanvex Biopharma, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2020 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we

do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter for the Group's 2020 consolidated financial statements is described below:

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment

Description

As of December 31, 2020, the Group's property, plant and equipment amounted to NT\$555,692 thousand, accounting for 13% of the consolidated total assets. Please refer to Notes 4(11) and 4(14) for the related accounting policy and Note 6(5) for the details of property, plant and equipment in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group is currently engaged in conducting research and development of biosimilar products, so the property, plant and equipment are mainly used for the purposes of research and development and are highly relevant to the outcome of biosimilar drugs' development. In addition, the balance of property, plant and equipment at December 31, 2020 was significant. Thus, we considered the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

Our procedures performed in respect of the above key audit matter included:

- Reviewing the reasonableness of the assessment of impairment indicators provided by management and discussing with management and research and development supervisor as to whether:
 - 1. Main research and development technology has not lost competition in the market.
 - 2. There is no major delay in the major research and development projects.
 - 3. The main research and development equipment is in normal use and has not been damaged or outdated.
 - 4. The market value of the Group is not lower than its book value at the balance sheet date.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards,

IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls.

- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yu, Shu-Fen	Liang, Hua-Ling
For and on behalf of Pricewaterhor	seCoopers, Taiwan

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan March 25, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent auditors are

not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

TANVEX BIOPHARMA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

]	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2019	
	Assets	Notes	F	AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	2,068,608	48	\$	2,427,451	68
1200	Other receivables			1,909	-		1,290	-
130X	Inventory	6(3)		50,082	1		52,203	1
1410	Prepayments	6(4)		142,914	3		124,030	4
11XX	Total current assets			2,263,513	52		2,604,974	73
	Non-current assets			_				
1535	Financial assets at amortised cost -	6(2) and 8						
	non-current			182,715	4		-	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5)		555,692	13		657,824	18
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)		1,350,585	31		265,136	7
1780	Intangible assets	6(7)		11,957	-		15,932	1
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			6,496	_		25,622	1
1990	Other non-current assets			1,767	_		3,505	-
15XX	Total non-current assets			2,109,212	48		968,019	27
1XXX	Total assets		\$	4,372,725	100	\$	3,572,993	100
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	Liabilities and Equity							
	Current liabilities							
2200	Other payables	6(8)	\$	232,595	5	\$	199,382	5
2280	Lease liabilities - current	6(25)		65,735	2		71,066	2
2320	Long-term borrowings, current	6(9)						
	portion			54,769	1		-	-
21XX	Total current liabilities			353,099	8		270,448	7
	Non-current liabilities				,			
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(9)		35,534	1		=	_
2580	Lease liabilities - non-current	6(25)		1,363,377	31		271,674	8
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			1,398,911	32		271,674	8
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,752,010	40		542,122	15
	Equity			<u> </u>			'	
	Share capital	6(12)						
3110	Common share	- ()		3,116,067	71		2,642,041	74
	Capital surplus	6(13)		, ,			, ,	
3200	Capital surplus	-(-)		9,652,911	221		8,348,201	234
	Retained earnings	6(14)		3,052,311			-,-,-,	
3350	Deficit yet to be compensated	,	(9,784,225) (224)	(7,679,989)(215)
	Other equity interest	6(15)	`	-,,,,	,		, , ,	,
3400	Other equity interest	,	(364,038) (8)	(279,382) (8)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of		\			`	/_	
	the parent			2,620,715	60		3,030,871	85
3XXX	Total equity			2,620,715	60		3,030,871	85
0.22.22	Significant contingent liabilities and	9		2,020,115	- 00		5,000,071	
	unrecognized contract commitments							
	Significant events after the balance	11						
	sheet date	**						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	4,372,725	100	\$	3,572,993	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANVEX BIOPHARMA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for loss per share amount)

				For th	ne year ended D	ear ended December 31,		
				2020		2019		
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
4000	Sales revenue	6(16)	\$	300	100 \$	-	_	
5000	Operating costs		(157)	(52)	=		
5900	Net operating margin			143	48	=		
	Operating expenses	6(5)(6)(7)(10)						
		(11)(20)(21)						
6100	Selling expenses		(30,077)	(10026)(68,478)	-	
6200	General and administrative							
	expenses		(209,043)	(69681)(259,566)	-	
6300	Research and development							
	expenses		((<u>620200</u>)(<u> </u>	2,000,112)		
6000	Total operating expenses		((<u>699907</u>)(<u> </u>	2,328,156)		
6900	Operating loss		(2,099,577)	(<u>699859</u>)(<u> </u>	2,328,156)		
	Non-operating income and expenses							
7100	Interest income	6(2)(17)		18,655	6219	62,799	=	
7010	Other income			1,180	393	611	=	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(18)	(5,900)	(1967)	6,125	-	
7050	Finance costs	6(6)(9)(19)	(18,570)	(<u>6190</u>)(15,580)		
7000	Total non-operating income							
	and expenses		(4,635)	(<u>1545</u>)	53,955		
7900	Loss before income tax		(2,104,212)	(701404)(2,274,201)	-	
7950	Income tax expense	6(22)	(24)	(<u>8</u>)(<u>25</u>)		
8200	Loss for the year		(\$	2,104,236)	(<u>701412</u>)(<u>\$</u>	2,274,226)		
	Other comprehensive loss							
	Components of other							
	comprehensive loss that will be							
	reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Financial statements translation	6(15)						
	differences of foreign operations		(\$	84,656)	(<u>28219</u>)(<u>\$</u>	25,407)		
8500	Total comprehensive loss for the							
	year		(\$	2,188,892)	(<u>729631</u>)(<u>\$</u>	2,299,633)		
	Loss attributable to:							
8610	Owners of the parent		(<u>\$</u>	2,104,236)	(<u>701412</u>)(<u>\$</u>	2,274,226)		
	Comprehensive loss attributable to:							
8710	Owners of the parent		(<u>\$</u>	2,188,892)	(<u>729631</u>)(<u>\$</u>	2,299,633)		
	Loss per share	6(23)						
9750	Basic loss per share		(\$		7.84)(\$		9.26)	
9850	Diluted loss per share		(\$		7.84)(\$		9.26	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANVEX BIOPHARMA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

Total	\$ 4,214,853 22,400) 4,192,453 2,274,226) 25,407) 25,407) 25,407) 25,000 155,716 27,335 \$ 3,030,871 \$ 3,030,871 \$ 3,030,871 \$ 3,030,871 \$ 1,687,000 1,687,000 1,687,000 80,356 11,380 \$ 2,620,715
Other equity interest Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	(\$ 253,975)
Deficit yet to be compensated	(\$ 5,383,363) (\$ 22,400) (\$ 5,405,763) (\$ (\$ 2,274,226) (\$ (\$ 2,274,226) (\$ (\$ 2,274,226) (\$ (\$ 7,679,989) (\$ (\$ 7,679,989) (\$ (\$ 7,679,989) (\$ (\$ 2,104,236) (\$ (\$ 2,104,236) (\$ (\$ 3,784,225)
Others	\$ 52,458
Capital surplus Capital surplus Employee stock D Others	\$ 440,559
Share premium	\$ 6,928,496
Common shares	\$ 2,430,678
Notes	6(15) 6(12) 6(11) 6(11)(21) 6(11)(12) 6(15) 6(15) 6(11) 6(11) 6(11) 6(11) 6(11)
	For the year ended December 31, 2019 Balance at January 1, 2019 Effects of retrospective application and retrospective restatement Balance at January 1 after adjustments Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive loss Issuance of shares for cash Compensation cost of issuance of shares for cash Compensation cost of emplyee stock options Exercise of employee share options Balance at December 31, 2019 For the year ended December 31, 2020 Balance at January 1, 2020 Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive loss Issuance of shares for cash Compensation cost of issuance of shares for cash Compensation cost of issuance of shares for cash Compensation cost of employee stock options Exercise of employee share options Balance at December 31, 2020

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANVEX BIOPHARMA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	For the year ended December 31,				nber 31,
	Notes		2020		2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Loss before tax		(\$	2,104,212)	(\$	2,274,201)
Adjustments					
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					***
Depreciation	6(5)(6)(20)		215,827		209,475
Amortization	6(7)(20)		4,580		6,489
Compensation cost of employee stock options	6(11)(21)		80,356		155,716
Interest income	6(17)	(18,655)	(62,799)
Interest expense	6(6)(9)(19)		18,570		15,580
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(18)		272		140
Changes in assets and liabilities relating to operating					
activities					
Changes in assets relating to operating activities					
Other receivables		(723)	(883)
Inventory			2,121	(23,625)
Prepayments		(18,884)		2,135
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities					
Other payables			32,428		12,131
Cash outflow generated from operations		(1,788,320)	(1,959,842)
Receipt of interest			18,683		76,787
Payment of interest		(17,964)	(15,580)
Income tax paid		(24)	(25)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(1,787,625)	(1,898,660)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					_
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(5)(24)	(66,029)	(89,098)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			170		-
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(7)	(1,466)	(4,504)
Acquisition of financial assets at amortized cost		(193,870)		-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at amortized					
cost			-		1,915,180
Decrease in refundable deposits			18,495		1,209
Increase in other non-current assets	6(24)	(597)	(3,505)
Net cash flows (used in) from investing activities		(243,297)		1,819,282
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(25)		94,866		=
Redemption of lease liabilities	6(6)(25)	(67,759)	(68,180)
Issuance of shares for cash	6(12)		1,692,000		955,000
Exercise of employee stock options			11,380		27,335
Net cash flows from financing activities			1,730,487		914,155
Effect due to changes in exchange rate		(58,408)	(38,031)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(358,843)	`	796,746
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		`	2,427,451		1,630,705
Cash and cash equivalents at organizing or year		¢	2,068,608	\$	2,427,451
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		Ψ	۷,000,000	Ψ	4,741,731

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TANVEX BIOPHARMA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

Tanvex Biopharma, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares in the Cayman Islands in May, 2013. The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. BOX 31119, Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are primarily engaged in the research, development, manufacture and sale of biosimilar products. The Group is currently engaged in conducting research and development of biosimilar products, biological production procedures, and has not yet generated revenues. On October 26, 2017, the Company was listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE).

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 25, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative - definition of material'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, 'Interest rate benchmark reform'	January 1, 2020
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions'	June 1, 2020 (Note)

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2020 is allowed by the FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2'	January 1, 2021

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements

are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC ("IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownership (%)			
Name of	Name of		December 31,	December 31,		
investment company	subsidiaries	Main activities	2020	2019		
Tanvex	Tanvex	Research and	100%	100%		
Biopharma, Inc.	Biologics, Corp.	development of				
	("Tanvex Taiwan")	biosimilar drugs and				
		new drugs				

			Owners	hip (%)
Name of	Name of		December 31,	December 31,
investment company	subsidiaries	Main activities	2020	2019
Tanvex Biopharma, Inc.	Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc. ("Tanvex USA")	Formulation and manufacturing of biosiomilar drugs and new drugs	100%	100%

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The Group's functional currency is United States dollars USD. However, as the Group is listed in the Taiwan Stock Exchange, under the regulations of the country where the consolidated financial statements are reported to the regulatory authorities, these consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars (NTD).

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "other gains or losses."

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period.
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Otherwise they are classified as non-current assets.

- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at amortized cost

The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(8) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For financial assets at amortized cost and accounts receivable that have a significant financing component, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(9) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(10) Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads. It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(11) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Testing equipment3~10 yearsOffice equipment3~10 yearsLeasehold improvements2~12 yearsMachinery and equipment7~10 yearsTransportation equipment5 years

(12) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-

value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
- (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

(13) Intangible assets

A. Patents and specialized technologies

Patents and specialized technologies are stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic life.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

(14) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the

depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(15) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(16) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(17) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a deduction in the future payment.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal obligation or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(18) Employee share-based payment

A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-market vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. And ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

B. The grant date of share-based payment arrangements is the date that the Group and the employees have common consensus on the terms and conditions of the agreements.

(19) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the shareholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit nor loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits and loss carryforward can be utilized.

(20) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(21) Revenue recognition

Commissioned service revenue

Revenue from providing commissioned services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. This is determined based on the actual costs incurred relative to the total expected cost. If there is lack of reliable information for the percentage of completion method, but the incurred costs for satisfying

the performance obligation can be recovered, under such circumstances, contract revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract costs incurred that is probable to be recovered until the performance obligation can be estimated reliably. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognized. The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

(22) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(23) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses impairment based on its subjective judgement and determines the separate cash flows of a specific group of assets, useful lives of assets and the future possible income and expenses arising from the assets depending on how assets are utilised and industrial characteristics. Any changes of economic circumstances or estimates due to the change of Group strategy might cause material impairment on assets in the future.

As of December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment was \$555,692.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	mber 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	132	\$	150	
Checking accounts and demand deposits		2,068,476		2,274,355	
Time deposits				152,946	
	\$	2,068,608	\$	2,427,451	

- A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

(2) Financial assets at amortized cost

Items	Decem	ber 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			
Non-current items:						
Time deposits	\$	182,715	\$ -			

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortized cost are listed below:

	For the years ended December 31						
	20	20	2019				
Interest income	<u>\$</u>	92 \$	41,164				

- B. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Group was \$182,715 and \$0, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.
- D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) <u>Inventory</u>

	December 31, 2020									
	Allowance for									
		Cost	valuation loss		Book value					
Raw materials	\$	50,082	\$	- \$	50,082					
			December 31, 201	9						
			Allowance for							
		Cost	valuation loss		Book value					
Raw materials	\$	52,203	\$	<u>-</u> \$	52,203					

(4) Prepayments

	Decen	nber 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Prepayments for contracted research expense	\$	83,408	\$	56,637	
Prepayments for software maintenance fee		1,934		6,083	
Excess business tax paid		23,661		20,697	
Others		33,911		40,613	
	\$	142,914	\$	124,030	

(5) Property, plant and equipment

		Office		Leasehold		Testing	M	I achinery	7	Transportation	Co	onstruction in		
	eq	uipment	im	provements	e	quipment	ec	quipment	_	equipment		progress		Total
At January 1, 2020														
Cost	\$	48,445	\$	340,538	\$	454,798	\$	359,753	\$	479	\$	49,409	\$	1,253,422
Accumulated														
depreciation and														
impairment	(26,656)	(198,929)	(210,238)	(159,344)	(_	431)			(595,598)
	\$	21,789	\$	141,609	\$	244,560	\$	200,409	\$	48	\$	49,409	\$	657,824
2020														
At January 1	\$	21,789	\$	141,609	\$	244,560	\$	200,409	\$	48	\$	49,409	\$	657,824
Additions		1,844		679		36,845		593		-		26,853		66,814
Reclassifications	(889)	(5,191)		6,080		-		-		-		-
Disposals		-		-		-	(170)		-	(272)	(442)
Transfer (Note)		256		7,865		14,109		6,303		-	(26,198)		2,335
Depreciation charge	(4,618)	(53,664)	(47,813)	(35,725)	(47)		-	(141,867)
Net exchange														
differences	(1,146)	(6,050)	(9,135)	(11,626)	(_	1)	(1,014)	(28,972)
At December 31	\$	17,236	\$	85,248	\$	244,646	\$	159,784	\$		\$	48,778	\$	555,692
At December 31, 2020														
Cost	\$	39,327	\$	322,420	\$	502,448	\$	342,649	\$	448	\$	48,778	\$	1,256,070
Accumulated														
depreciation and														
impairment	(22,091)	(237,172)	(257,802)	(182,865)	(_	448)			(700,378)
	\$	17,236	\$	85,248	\$	244,646	\$	159,784	\$		\$	48,778	\$	555,692

Note: It refers to prepaid equipment (shown as "other non-current assets - other") transferred into property, plant and equipment.

	20	Office juipment		Leasehold	0.	Testing		Machinery quipment	Т	Transportation equipment	C	onstruction in		Total
		uipinent	1111	provements		quipinent		quipinent		equipment		progress		Total
At January 1, 2019 Cost	\$	46,308	\$	288,188	\$	436,726	\$	354,130	\$	487	\$	70,662	\$	1,196,501
Accumulated depreciation and														
impairment	(21,125)	(144,408)	(168,958)	(126,119)	(341)			(460,951)
-	\$	25,183	\$	143,780	\$	267,768	\$	228,011	\$	146	\$	70,662	\$	735,550
2019														
At January 1	\$	25,183	\$	143,780	\$	267,768	\$	228,011	\$	146	\$	70,662	\$	735,550
Additions		2,888		9,379		15,186		6,366		-		40,344		74,163
Disposals		-		-	(52)	(88)		-		-	(140)
Transfer (Note)		-		48,552		8,380		6,003		-	(61,436)		1,499
Depreciation charge	(5,960)	(57,871)	(44,182)	(36,586)	(98)		-	(144,697)
Net exchange														
differences	(322)	(2,231)	(2,540)	(3,297)			(161)	(8,551)
At December 31	\$	21,789	\$	141,609	\$	244,560	\$	200,409	\$	48	\$	49,409	\$	657,824
At December 31, 2019														
Cost	\$	48,445	\$	340,538	\$	454,798	\$	359,753	\$	479	\$	49,409	\$	1,253,422
Accumulated depreciation and														
impairment	(26,656)	(198,929)	(210,238)	(159,344)	(_	431)			(595,598)
	\$	21,789	\$	141,609	\$	244,560	\$	200,409	\$	48	\$	49,409	\$	657,824

Note: It refers to prepaid equipment (shown as "other non-current assets - other") transferred into property, plant and equipment.

The Group did not pledge property, plant and equipment as collateral.

(6) <u>Leasing arrangements - lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including offices and plants. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 5 to 12 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise warehouse pallets and employees' dorms. Low-value assets comprise printers and warehouse lift.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount			
Buildings and plants	\$ 1,350,585	\$ 265,136			
	For the years ended December 3				
	2020	2019			
	Depreciation charge	Depreciation charge			
Buildings and plants	\$ 73,960	\$ 64,778			

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$1,230,397 and \$0, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2020			2019	
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	17,964	\$	15,580	
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	140	\$	290	
Expense on leases of low-value assets	\$	2,130	\$	2,043	

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$87,993 and \$86,093, respectively.
- G. Extension and termination options

In determining the lease term, the Group takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

(7) Intangible assets

Patent and specialized					
technologies		Cor	Computer software		Total
\$	51,650	\$	57,160	\$	108,810
(51,650)	(41,228)	(92,878)
\$	-	\$	15,932	\$	15,932
\$	-	\$	15,932	\$	15,932
	-		1,466		1,466
	-	(4,580)	(4,580)
	_	(861)	(861)
\$	-	\$	11,957	\$	11,957
\$	51,650	\$	55,220	\$	106,870
(51,650)	(43,263)	(94,913)
\$		\$	11,957	\$	11,957
	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	\$ 51,650 (technologies Cor \$ 51,650 \$ (51,650) (\$ - \$ - - - - - (- - (- - \$	technologies Computer software \$ 51,650 \$ 57,160 (51,650) (41,228) \$ - \$ 15,932 \$ - \$ 15,932 - (4,580) - (861) \$ - \$ 11,957 \$ 51,650 \$ 55,220 (51,650) (43,263)	technologies Computer software \$ 51,650 \$ 57,160 \$ \$ 51,650) (41,228) (\$ 15,932 \$ \$ \$ - \$ 15,932 \$ \$ \$ - \$ 15,932 \$ \$ 1,466 \$ \$ \$ 1,466 \$ \$

	Patent and specialized						
	te	chnologies	Com	nputer software		Total	
At January 1, 2019							
Cost	\$	51,650	\$	53,607	\$	105,257	
Accumulated amortization and							
impairment	(51,650)	(35,439)	(87,089)	
	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	18,168	\$	18,168	
2019							
At January 1	\$	-	\$	18,168	\$	18,168	
Additions		-		4,504		4,504	
Amortization change		-	(6,489)	(6,489)	
Net exchange differences		<u> </u>	(251)	(251)	
At December 31	\$	-	\$	15,932	\$	15,932	
At December 31, 2019							
Cost	\$	51,650	\$	57,160	\$	108,810	
Accumulated amortization and							
impairment	(51,650)	(41,228)	(92,878)	
	\$	-	\$	15,932	\$	15,932	

Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,					
		2020 201				
General and administrative expenses	\$	780	\$	1,400		
Research and development expenses		3,800		5,089		
	\$	4,580	\$	6,489		

Patent and specialized technologies are essential for biological research and development and manufacturing of biopharmaceuticals.

(8) Other payables

	December 31, 2020			December 31, 2019	
Wages and salaries payable	\$	52,674	\$	83,180	
Accrued research material		9,847		19,132	
Accrued research expense		126,622		53,960	
Payable on equipment		4,201		3,416	
Accrued service fee		21,850		23,387	
Others		17,401		16,307	
	<u>\$</u>	232,595	\$	199,382	

(9) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	ype of borrowings Borrowing period		Collateral	Decembe	r 31, 2020
Project grant borrowings Borrowing period is		1%	None	\$	90,303
	from May 7, 2020 to				
	May 7, 2022				
Less: Current portion			(54,769)	
				\$	35,534

- A. The Group's subsidiaries have applied for loans under the Paycheck Protection Program of the US Small Business Administration and the major conditions of the loans are as follows:
 - (a) The first six months after the drawdown date is the grace period wherein the borrower does not need to repay the principal and interest, but interest still needs to be accrued.
 - (b) A borrower can apply for forgiveness of the loan by providing documentations for salaries, rental and utilities paid eight weeks after the drawdown date.
- B. As of December 31, 2020, the Group's subsidiaries have provided documentations to the lender to apply for forgiveness of the loan. However, the application documents were still under review.
- C. Interest expense recognized in profit or loss amounted to \$606 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

(10) Pensions

A. The subsidiary, Tanvex Taiwan, has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with the R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, Tanvex Taiwan contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.

The subsidiary, Tanvex USA, provides 401(K) retirement plan, which is a defined contribution plan. Under the plan, the employee contributes an amount based on a certain percentage of the employees' salaries and wages or a certain amount to the employees' individual pension accounts. Tanvex USA also contributes certain percentage of wages and salaries of the employees to the employees' individual pension accounts.

B. The pension costs under the above pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$8,301 and \$9,861, respectively.

(11) Share-based payment

A. As of December 31, 2020, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity granted	Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	(number of shares)	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options A	2013.10	322,000	10 years	1~4 years of service

		Quantity granted	Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	(number of shares)	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options B	2013.10	20,000	10 years	Immediately vested and
			•	1~2 years of service
Employee stock options D	2014.10~12	3,680,000	10 years	1~4 years of service
Employee stock options F	2015.1~6	2,272,500	10 years	1~4 years of service
Employee stock options G	2015.7	620,000	10 years	1~4 years of service
Employee stock options H	2015.12	596,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options I	2016.6	918,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options J	2016.7	3,014,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options K	2016.9	160,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options L	2016.12	686,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options M	2017.1	200,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options N	2017.3	320,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options O	2017.6	416,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options P	2017.10	3,595,300	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options Q	2017.12	359,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options R	2018.3	1,614,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options S	2018.6	1,200,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options T	2018.9	544,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options U	2018.9	2,264,200	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options W	2018.12	1,688,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options X	2019.4	490,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options Y	2019.8	4,150,900	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options Z	2019.10	408,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options AA	2020.1	216,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options AB	2020.4	1,156,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options AC	2020.5	5,335,300	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options AD	2020.7	670,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Employee stock options AE	2020.1	90,000	10 years	2~4 years of service
Cash capital increase	2020.11	259,000	ŇA	Immediately vested
reserved for employee		,		Ž
preemption				

Quantity granted
(number of shares)

Type of		Before	After	Contract	
arrangement	Grant date	conversion	conversion	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options E (Note)	2014.10	4,453,500	4,987,884	10 years	Immediately vested and 1~4 years of service

Note: The original parent company of Tanvex USA granted employee stock options and warrants to the employees of Tanvex USA during 2010 to 2014. As the Group determined to use Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. as a listing company to apply for initial public offering, the Company issued employee stock options to Tanvex USA's employees to replace their original stock options. The fair value of incremental cost arising from the replacement was \$9,891.

B. Details of the share-based payment - employee stock options arrangements are as follows:

	20	20	20)19
		Weighted-		Weighted-
		average		average
	Number of	exercise price	Number of	exercise price
	shares	(US\$)	shares	(US\$)
Options outstanding at January 1	18,687,779	\$ 2.64	17,931,179	\$ 2.84
Options granted	7,467,300	1.27	5,048,900	2.16
Options forfeited	(4,560,200)	2.53	(3,156,050)	3.15
Options exercised	(402,627)	0.96	(1,136,250)	0.78
Options outstanding at December 31	21,192,252	2.26	18,687,779	2.64
Options exercisable at December 31	8,478,977		6,640,679	

- C. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise dates for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$47.42 (in dollars) and \$67.83 (in dollars), respectively.
- D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		December 31, 2020		December 31,	2019
			Exercise		Exercise
			Price		Price
Issuance date approved	Expiration date	Number of shares	(US\$)	Number of shares	(US\$)
2013.10	2023.10	32,500	\$ 0.20	32,500	\$ 0.20
2014.10 (Note)	2024.10	350,652	0.40	457,779	0.40
2014.10~12	2024.10~12	953,500	0.40	1,095,500	0.40
2015.1~6	2025.1~6	662,000	1.50	975,300	1.50
2015.7	2025.7	-	1.50	525,000	1.50
2015.12	2025.12	240,000	4.79	280,000	4.79
2016.6	2026.6	380,000	3.96	384,500	3.96
2016.7	2026.7	1,034,000	4.76	1,076,500	4.76
2016.9	2026.9	40,000	5.18	70,000	5.18
2016.12	2026.12	600,000	4.57	616,000	4.57
2017.1	2027.1	-	4.66	200,000	4.66
2017.3	2027.3	130,000	4.18	130,000	4.18
2017.6	2027.6	94,000	3.89	168,000	3.89
2017.10	2027.10	2,453,100	3.21	2,547,200	3.21
2017.12	2027.12	93,000	2.51	163,000	2.51
2018.3	2028.3	836,000	3.56	1,086,000	3.56
2018.6	2028.6	194,000	3.44	1,000,000	3.44
2018.9	2028.9	238,000	2.55	330,000	2.55
2018.9	2028.9	1,709,500	2.44	1,897,400	2.44
2018.12	2028.12	950,000	2.04	1,170,000	2.04
2019.4	2029.4	264,000	2.38	490,000	2.38
2019.8	2029.8	2,680,700	2.14	3,585,100	2.14
2019.10	2029.10	166,000	2.07	408,000	2.07

		December 31, 2020		December 31,	2019	
		Exercise			Exercise	
			P	rice		Price
Issuance date approved	Expiration date	Number of shares	J)	JS\$)	Number of shares	(US\$)
2020.1	2030.1	186,000	\$	1.42	-	-
2020.4	2030.4	1,076,000		1.07	-	-
2020.5	2030.5	5,079,300		1.26	-	-
2020.7	2030.7	660,000		1.59	-	-
2020.10	2030.10	90,000		1.40	-	-

Note: Please refer to the details of employee stock option E.

E. The fair value of stock options is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

				Expected	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair
Type of		Stock	Exercise	price	option	dividends	interest	value
arrangement	Grant date	price	price	volatility	life (Years)	yield rate	rate	per unit
Employee stock	2013.10	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	41.52%~	5.5~7	0%	1.42%~	US\$0.08
options A	2010110	0540.20	0540.20	42.09%	0.0	0,70	1.64%	~0.09
Employee stock	2013.10	US\$0.20	US\$0.20	40.84%~	4~5	0%	1.13%~	US\$0.07
options B			·	41.65%			1.33%	~0.08
Employee stock	2014.10~12	US\$0.40	US\$0.40	44.94%~	5.5~7	0%	1.68%~	US\$0.17
options D				50.16%			2.10%	~0.21
Employee stock	2015.1~6	US\$1.50	US\$1.50	47.78%~	5.5~7	0%	1.36%~	US\$0.64
options F				49.59%			1.95%	~0.81
Employee stock	2015.7	US\$1.50	US\$1.50	44.22%~	5.5~7	0%	1.74%~	US\$0.64
options G				51.03%			2.06%	~0.80
Employee stock	2015.12	US\$8.66	US\$4.79	48.60%~	6~7	0%	1.83%~	US\$5.50~
options H				52.88%			2.01%	5.91
Employee stock	2016.6	US\$4.01	US\$3.96	48.93%~	6~7	0%	1.28%~	US\$1.90~
options I				52.17%			1.42%	2.15
Employee stock	2016.7	US\$5.34	US\$4.76	49.27%~	6~7	0%	1.13%~	US\$2.69~
options J				52.00%			1.26%	2.98
Employee stock	2016.9	US\$4.92	US\$5.18	48.7%~	6~7	0%	1.35%~	US\$2.25~
options K				50.83%			1.50%	2.52
Employee stock	2016.12	US\$4.61	US\$4.57	44.71%~	6~7	0%	2.25%~	US\$2.11~
options L				46.81%			2.42%	2.36
Employee stock	2017.1	US\$4.79	US\$4.66	44.61%~	6~7	0%	2.09%~	US\$2.20~
options M				46.71%			2.25%	2.46
Employee stock	2017.3	US\$4.18	US\$4.18	44.54%~	6~7	0%	2.15%~	US\$1.89~
options N				46.19%			2.30%	2.10
Employee stock	2017.6	US\$3.80	US\$3.89	44.03%~	6~7	0%	1.88%~	US\$1.66~
options O				45.22%			1.99%	1.83
Employee stock	2017.10	US\$3.20	US\$3.21	43.79%~	6~7	0%	2.19%~	US\$1.43~
options P				45.32%			2.30%	1.58
Employee stock	2017.12	US\$2.51	US\$2.51	42.36%~	6~7	0%	2.22%~	US\$1.10~
options Q				43.25%			2.28%	1.22
Employee stock	2018.3	US\$3.57	US\$3.56	42.13%~	6~7	0%	2.70%~	US\$1.59~
options R				44.04%			2.76%	1.77
Employee stock	2018.6	US\$3.43	US\$3.44	45.97%~	6~7	0%	2.84%~	US\$1.63~
options S				46.32%			2.89%	1.76

				Expected	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair
Type of		Stock	Exercise	price	option	dividends	interest	value
arrangement	Grant date	price	price	volatility	life (Years)	yield rate	rate	per unit
Employee stock	2018.9	US\$2.55	US\$2.55	45.49%~	6~7	0%	2.93%~	US\$1.22~
options T				46.07%			2.96%	1.30
Employee stock	2018.9	US\$2.44	US\$2.44	45.45%~	6~7	0%	3.02%~	US\$1.17~
options U				46.02%			3.06%	1.25
Employee stock	2018.12	US\$2.04	US\$2.04	45.61%~	6~7	0%	2.65%~	US\$0.97~
options W				46.14%			2.68%	1.03
Employee stock	2019.4	US\$2.38	US\$2.38	46.23%~	6~7	0%	2.38%~	US\$1.14~
options X				47.29%			2.42%	1.20
Employee stock	2019.8	US\$2.15	US\$2.14	44.39%~	6~7	0%	1.51%~	US\$0.96~
options Y				45.20%			1.54%	1.02
Employee stock	2019.10	US\$2.07	US\$2.07	44.55%~	6~7	0%	1.40%~	US\$0.92~
options Z				45.33%			1.45%	0.98
Employee stock	2020.1	US\$1.42	US\$1.42	42.95%~	6~7	0%	1.67%~	US\$0.62~
options AA				43.67%			1.72%	0.68
Employee stock	2020.4	US\$1.07	US\$1.07	44.86%~	6~7	0%	0.52%~	US\$0.47~
options AB				45.89%			0.59%	0.49
Employee stock	2020.5	US\$1.26	US\$1.26	44.63%~	6~7	0%	0.44%~	US\$0.54~
options AC				45.50%			0.52%	0.57
Employee stock	2020.7	US\$1.59	US\$1.59	45.51%~	6~7	0%	0.41%~	US\$0.70~
options AD				46.80%			0.51%	0.74
Employee stock	2020.10	US\$1.40	US\$1.40	45.36%~	6~7	0%	0.44%~	US\$0.62~
options AE				46.81%			0.55%	0.65
Cash capital	2020.11	NT\$42.10	NT\$36.00	43.04%	0.05	0%	0.34%	NT\$6.19
increase reserved		(US\$1.49)	(US\$1.28)					(US\$0.22)
for employee								
preemption								

Information regarding Employee stock options E before and after conversion is as follows: Before conversion:

			Expected	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair
Type of	Original	Exercise	price	option	dividends	interest	value
arrangement	grant date	price	volatility	life (Years)	yield rate	rate	per unit
Employee stock	2010.6~	US\$0.15~	41.37%	6.25	0%	1.00%~	US\$0.025~
options E	2014.9	0.40	~42.14%			2.46%	0.166
			Expected	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair
Type of	Revised	Exercise	price	option	dividends	interest	value
arrangement	date	price	volatility	life (Years)	yield rate	rate	per unit
Employee stock	2014.10	US\$0.15~	37.87%	3.10~	0%	1.06%~	US\$0.01
options E							

After conversion:

			Expected	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	Fair
Type of		Exercise	price	option	dividends	interest	value
arrangement	Grant date	price	volatility	life (Years)	yield rate	rate	per unit
Employee stock	2014.10	US\$0.40	37.87%	3.10~	0%	1.06%~	US\$0.11
options E			~50.16%	6.67		2.00%	~0.20

F. Aforementioned expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Fo	For the years ended December 31,				
2020		2020	2019			
Equity-settled	\$	\$ 80,356		155,716		

(12) Share capital

- A. To strengthen working capital, on September 6, 2019, the Board of Directors adopted a resolution to increase capital by issuing 20,000,000 new shares at a premium issuance price of NT\$48 (in dollars) per share. The record date for capital increase was on November 10, 2019. The capital increase had been completed.
- B. To strengthen working capital, on September 9, 2020, the Board of Directors adopted a resolution to increase capital by issuing 47,000,000 new shares at a premium issuance price of NT\$36 (in dollars) per share. The record date for capital increase was on December 1, 2020. The capital increase had been completed.
- C. As of December 31, 2020, the Company's authorized capital was \$5,000,000, and the paid-in capital was \$3,116,067, consisting of 311,606,701 shares, with a par value of NT\$10 per share.
- D. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2020	2019
At January 1	264,204,074	243,067,824
Employee stock options exercised	402,627	1,136,250
Issuance of shares for cash	47,000,000	20,000,000
At December 31	311,606,701	264,204,074

(13) Capital surplus

- A. The Directors shall in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands establish a share premium account and shall carry to the credit of such account from time to time a sum equal to the amount or value of the premium paid on the issue of any Share.
- B. Subject to the Applicable Listing Rules and the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, there shall be debited to any share premium account on the redemption or purchase of a Share the difference between the nominal value of such Share and the redemption or purchase price provided always that at the discretion of the Directors such sum may be paid out of the profits of the Company or, if permitted by the Law, out of capital.

(14) Deficit yet to be compensated

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company by ordinary resolution may declare dividends and other distributions on shares in issue and authorize payment of the same out of the funds of the Company lawfully available thereof. The Company's dividend policy is based on the future capital expenses and the needs of capital, and dividends can be distributed to shareholders in cash or stock. Except for the Applicable Listing Rules, the net profits of the Company for each annual financial year shall be allocated in the following order and proposed by the Board of Directors to the Shareholders in the general meeting for approval:
 - (a) to make provision of the applicable amount of income tax pursuant to applicable tax laws and regulations;
 - (b) to set off cumulative losses of previous years (if any);
 - (c) to set aside ten percent (10%) as Legal Reserve pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules unless the accumulated amount of such Legal Reserve equals to the total paid–up capital of the Company;
 - (d) to set aside an amount as Special Reserve pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules and requirements of the Authority;
 - (e) with respect to the earnings available for distribution (i.e. the net profit after the deduction of the items (a) to (d) above plus any previously undistributed cumulative Retained Earnings), the Board of Directors may present a proposal to distribute to the Shareholders by way of dividends at the annual general meeting for approval pursuant to the Applicable Listing Rules. Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash dividends and/or bonus shares and subject to Cayman Islands law, the amount of dividends shall be at least ten present (10%) of the net profit after the deduction of the items (a) to (d) above. Cash dividends shall comprise a minimum of ten percent (10%) and a maximum of one hundred percent (100%) of the total dividends allocated to Shareholders.
- B. The Company incurred operating losses for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and thus had no earnings for distribution.

(15) Other equity items

		2019	
		Currency Transla	ition
At January 1	(\$	279,382) (\$	253,975)
Currency translation differences - Group	(84,656) (25,407)
At December 31	(<u>\$</u>	364,038) (\$	279,382)
At December 51	(Ψ	301,030) (#	217,502

(16) Operating revenue

	For the years ended December 31,				
	2020			2019	
Commissioned service revenue	\$	300	\$	_	

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of services over time in the following major product lines and geographical regions:

<u>2020</u>	Ta	iwan	Total	
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	300	\$	300
Timing of revenue				
Over time	\$	300	\$	300

The Group has no operating revenue for the year ended December 31, 2019.

(17) <u>Interest income</u>

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	18,563	\$	21,635	
Interest income from financial assets measured					
at amortized cost		92		41,164	
	\$	18,655	\$	62,799	

(18) Other gains and losses

	For the years ended December 31,			
		2020		2019
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(\$	272)	(\$	140)
Net currency exchange (losses) gains	(5,628)		6,265
	(\$	5,900)	\$	6,125

(19) Finance costs

	Fc	led Dec	l December 31,		
		2020	2019		
Interest expense:					
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$	606	\$	-	
Interest expense on lease liabilities		17,964		15,580	
Interest expense	\$	18,570	\$	15,580	

(20) Additional information for expenses by nature

	For the years ended December 31,					
	2020		2019			
Employee benefit expense	\$	668,191	\$	818,512		
Depreciation (Note)	\$	215,827	\$	209,475		
Amortization	\$	4,580	\$	6,489		

Note: Depreciation includes depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment and right-ofuse assets.

(21) Employee benefit expense

	For the years ended December 31					
		2020	2019			
Wages and salaries	\$	512,389	\$	580,354		
Compensation cost of share-based payments		80,356		155,716		
Directors' remuneration		8,136		8,357		
Labor and health insurance fees		55,933		60,569		
Pension costs		8,301		9,861		
Other personnel expenses		3,076		3,655		
	\$	668,191	\$	818,512		

- A. According to the Articles, a ratio of profit of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration.
- B. The Company had accumulated deficit as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, thus, the Company did not accrue employees' compensation and directors' remuneration.
- C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(22) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

	For the years ended December 31,				
		2020		2019	
Current tax:					
Current tax for the year	\$	24	\$		25

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	For the years ended December 31,						
		2020		2019			
Income tax calculated based on loss before tax and statutory tax rate	(\$	610,247)	(\$	675,638)			
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		2		4			
Temporary differences not recognized as deferred tax assets		238		911			
Taxble loss not recognized as deferred tax							
assets		610,007		674,723			
Effect from alternative minimum tax		24		25			
Income tax expense	\$	24	\$	25			

C. Research and development investment tax credits and unrecognized deferred tax assets of Tanvex USA, the subsidiary, are as follows:

December 31, 2020

			Ur	nrecognized	
Year incurred	Unus	ed tax credit	defer	red tax assets	Expiry year
2011	\$	3,452	\$	3,452	2031
2012		6,412		6,412	2032
2013		7,833		7,833	2033
2014		3,174		3,174	2034
2015		15,950		15,950	2035
2016		15,979		15,979	2036
2017		29,258		29,258	2037
2018		24,086		24,086	2038
2019		39,528		39,528	2039
2020		37,762		37,762	2040
	\$	183,434	\$	183,434	

December 31, 2019

	Unrecognized							
Year incurred	Unused tax credit	deferred tax assets	Expiry year					
2011	\$ 3,452	\$ 3,452	2031					
2012	6,412	6,412	2032					
2013	7,833	7,833	2033					
2014	3,174	3,174	2034					
2015	15,950	15,950	2035					
2016	15,979	15,979	2036					
2017	29,258	29,258	2037					
2018	24,086	24,086	2038					
2019	39,528	39,528	2039					
	\$ 145,672	\$ 145,672						

D. Expiration dates of unused taxable loss and amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets for Tanvex Taiwan, the subsidiary, are as follows:

December 31, 2020

		Amount			U	nrecognized	
Year incurred	fi	led/assessed	Uni	used amount	defe	rred tax assets	Expiry year
2010	\$	57,497	\$	57,497	\$	57,497	2020
2011		44,385		44,385		44,385	2021
2012		60,554		60,554		60,554	2022
2013		211,795		211,795		211,795	2023
2014		146,854		146,854		146,854	2024
2015		204,011		204,011		204,011	2025
2016		477,953		477,953		477,953	2026
2017		349,739		349,739		349,739	2027
2018		79,339		79,339		79,339	2028
2019		112,476		112,476		112,476	2029
2020		110,784		110,784		110,784	2030
	\$	1,855,387	\$	1,855,387	\$	1,855,387	

December 31, 2019

		Amount				Unrecognized	
Year incurred	fil	led/assessed	Ur	nused amount	de	ferred tax assets	Expiry year
2009	\$	39,478	\$	39,478	\$	39,478	2019
2010		57,497		57,497		57,497	2020
2011		44,385		44,385		44,385	2021
2012		60,554		60,554		60,554	2022
2013		211,795		211,795		211,795	2023
2014		146,854		146,854		146,854	2024
2015		204,011		204,011		204,011	2025
2016		477,953		477,953		477,953	2026
2017		349,739		349,739		349,739	2027
2018		79,339		79,339		79,339	2028
2019		112,476		112,476		112,476	2029
	\$	1,784,081	\$	1,784,081	\$	1,784,081	

E. Expiration dates of unused taxable loss and amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets for Tanvex USA are as follows:

December 31, 2020

	Amount				Unrecognized	Expiry year
Year incurred	 filed/assessed	J	Jnused amount	de	ferred tax assets	(Note)
2011	\$ 159,085	\$	159,085	\$	159,085	Indefinite
2012	251,522		251,522		251,522	Indefinite
2013	288,679		288,679		288,679	Indefinite
2014	87,115		87,115		87,115	Indefinite
2015	615,361		615,361		615,361	Indefinite
2016	710,089		710,089		710,089	Indefinite
2017	847,105		847,105		847,105	Indefinite
2018	1,089,451		1,089,451		1,089,451	Indefinite
2019	1,761,067		1,761,067		1,761,067	Indefinite
2020	 1,918,367		1,918,367		1,918,367	Indefinite
	\$ 7,727,841	\$	7,727,841	\$	7,727,841	

December 31, 2019

	Amount			Ţ	Unrecognized	Expiry year
Year incurred	 filed/assessed	U	nused amount	def	erred tax assets	(Note)
2011	\$ 159,085	\$	159,085	\$	159,085	Indefinite
2012	251,522		251,522		251,522	Indefinite
2013	288,679		288,679		288,679	Indefinite
2014	87,115		87,115		87,115	Indefinite
2015	615,361		615,361		615,361	Indefinite
2016	710,089		710,089		710,089	Indefinite
2017	847,105		847,105		847,105	Indefinite
2018	1,089,451		1,089,451		1,089,451	Indefinite
2019	 1,761,067		1,761,067		1,761,067	Indefinite
	\$ 5,809,474	\$	5,809,474	\$	5,809,474	

Note: The year limitation on the loss carryforward was removed for the US subsidiary due to the US tax law reform in December, 2017.

F. The amounts of deductible temporary differences that were not recognized as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Decei	mber 31, 2020	Decen	ber 31, 2019
Deductible temporary differences	\$	23,105	\$	21,915

G. Tanvex Taiwan's income tax returns through 2018 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(23) <u>Loss per share</u>

	For the y	year ended December 3	1, 2020
		Weighted average	
		number of common	
		stock outstanding	Loss per share
Amo	ount after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)
(<u>\$</u>	2,104,236)	268,293	(\$ 7.84)
	For the y	year ended December 3	1, 2019
		Weighted average number of common stock outstanding	Loss per share
Amo	ount after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)
(<u>\$</u>	2,274,226)	245,567	(\$ 9.26)
s do not	have dilutive	effects, so the diluted l	loss per share equal
on			
	ayments		
		For the years ended I	December 31,
		2020	2019
	(\$	Amount after tax (\$ 2,104,236) For the y Amount after tax (\$ 2,274,226) s do not have dilutive	number of common stock outstanding Amount after tax (shares in thousands) (\$\frac{2,104,236}{2}\) 268,293 For the year ended December 3 Weighted average number of common stock outstanding (shares in thousands) (\$\frac{2,274,226}{2}\) 245,567 Is do not have dilutive effects, so the diluted by the stock outstanding (shares in thousands) On I cash payments For the years ended I

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment
Add: Opening balance of equipment payable
Less: Ending balance of equipment payable
Cash paid during the year

	For the years ended December 31,						
	2020		2019				
\$	66,814	\$	74,163				
	3,416		18,351				
(4,201)	(3,416)				
\$	66,029	\$	89,098				
			-				

B. Investing activities without influencing on the cash flow

	 For the years ended December 31,					
	2020		2019			
Prepaid equipment (shown as "non-current						
assets - others") transferred into property,						
plant and equipment	\$ 2,335	\$	1,499			

(25) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

				2020			
	Long- borrov		Lea	se liabilitio	es	f	oilities from inancing vities-gross
At January 1	\$		\$	342,7	40	\$	342,740
Payments of lease liabilities	Ψ	_	(•	(59)		67,759)
Proceeds from long-term born Changes in other non-cash ite	•	94,866		,-	-		94,866
Contract modification Impact of changes in foreign		-		1,230,3	97		1,230,397
exchange rate	(4,563)	(76,2	<u>(65)</u>	(80,828)
At December 31	\$	90,303	\$	1,429,1	13	\$	1,519,416
					20	19	
			Lea	ıse liabiliti	28	f	inancing vities-gross
At January 1			\$	432,2		\$	432,297
Payments of lease liabilities			(•	80)		68,180)
Changes in other non-cash ite	ms		(00,1	.00)		00,100)
Contract modification			(16,3	328)	(16,328)
Impact of changes in foreign 6	exchange rate		()49)	(5,049)
At December 31	C		\$	342,7	40	\$	342,740
7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTI	ONS						
Key management compensation							
			For the	e years end	led I	Decem	ber 31,
			202	0		2	019
Salaries and other short-term empl	loyee benefits	\$		69,775	\$		86,377
Post-employment benefits	J			1,178			1,238
Share-based payments				24,430			64,965
1 7		\$		95,383	\$		152,580
8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>							
The Group's assets pledged as col	lateral are as follow	vs:					
	Во	ook value					
Pledged asset	December 31, 202	20 Dec	ember	31, 2019		Pı	urpose
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current							
- Time deposits	\$ 182,7	15 \$		-	Le	ase cre	edit guarantee

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u> COMMITMENTS

- (1) In line with the purchase of facilities by the Group, the Group entered into contracts for the acquisition of property and equipment amounting to \$12,053 and \$3,147 which have not yet been paid as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- (2) The Group has entered into agreements with contract service providers in performing CRO activities. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the services which have not yet been incurred amounted to \$222,546 and \$306,039, respectively (the reimbursement of the drugs and materials used is not included).

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Tanvex USA, the subsidiary, signed an agreement with Amgen Inc. on February 27, 2021 whereby Amgen Inc. agreed with the Group's use of its patent license in Canada. This agreement could eliminate the Group's possible infringement in entering Canadian market. Once the Group obtains the drug certificate in Canada, the product can be directly listed for sale, enhancing the Group's overall interests and long-term value.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's capital management objectives are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, and to provide steady returns for shareholders after the Group turns profit in the future. In order to achieve the above objective, the Group will maintain or adjust the capital structure using the following methods, including but not limited to: raising additional capital, short-term financing from specific persons or organizations, borrowing from the bank, issuing company bond, disposing assets in order to repay debt or replenish operational capital, issuing dividends, and reducing capital, etc. The Group uses the gearing ratio to monitor and manage capital. The gearing ratio is calculated by dividing "net liabilities" by "total equity". "Net liabilities" is calculated by subtracting total liabilities by cash and cash equivalents. "Total equity" is the same amount as indicated in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group maintains the same strategy in 2020 as its strategy in 2019 to maintain the gearing ratio under 50%. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total liabilities were lower than its cash and cash equivalents, thus the gearing ratio was 0%.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 201	
Financial assets				
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,068,608	\$	2,427,451
Financial assets at amortized cost		182,715		-
Other receivables		1,909		1,290
Guarantee deposits paid		6,496		25,622
	\$	2,259,728	\$	2,454,363
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost				
Other payables	\$	232,595	\$	199,382
Long-term borrowings				
(including current portion)		90,303		
·	\$	322,898	\$	199,382
Lease liabilities	\$	1,429,112	\$	342,740

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, as well as recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company and Tanvex USA's functional currency: USD; Tanvex Taiwan's functional currency: NTD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2020						
	Foreign c	urrency					
	amount				Book value		
	(in thou	sands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)		
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	2,153	28.11	\$	60,526		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	23	28.11	\$	638		
		D	December 31, 2019				
	Foreign c	urrency					
	amou	ınt			Book value		
	(in thou	sands)	Exchange rate		(NTD)		
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency)							
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	\$	5,540	30.06	\$	166,533		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items	_			_			
USD : NTD	\$	26	30.06	\$	785		

iii. Total exchange (loss) gain, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 amounted to (\$5,628) and \$6,265, respectively.

iv. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	For the year ended December 31, 2020							
	Sensitivity analysis							
					Effect on other			
		E	ffect on	(comprehensive			
	Degree of variation	pro	fit or loss		income	_		
(Foreign currency:								
functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	605	\$	-			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD : NTD	1%	\$	6	\$	-			
	For the ve	ear end	ed Decembe	d December 31, 2019				
			vity analysis		,	_		
					Effect on other	_		
		E	Effect on		comprehensive			
	Degree of variation	pro	fit or loss		income			
(Foreign currency:						_		
functional currency)								
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	1,665	\$		-		
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	1%	\$	8	\$		-		

(b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, of the customer with same scale past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits

- with banks and financial institutions. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with high credit ratings are accepted.
- ii. No credit limits were exceeded during 2020 and 2019, and management does not expect any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9, that is, the default cccurs when the contract payments were past due over 90 days.
- iv. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- v. For investments in debt instruments at amortised cost, the credit rating levels are presented below:

		December 31, 2020					
		Lifetime					
		Significant					
		increase	Impairment				
	12 months	in credit risk	of credit	Total			
Financial assets at amortized cost	\$ 182,715	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 182,715			

The Group has no investments in debt instruments at amortised cost on December 31, 2019. The Group's financial assets at amortised cost are all time deposits, and there is no significant abnormality in credit assessment.

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

D	Between 1					
December 31, 2020	Less than 1 year		and 2 years		Over 2 years	
Other payables	\$	232,595	\$	-	\$	-
Lease liabilities		107,393		138,659		1,470,682
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		56,025		35,653		-

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

D 1 21 2010			Ве	etween 1		
December 31, 2019	Less	than 1 year	and	d 2 years	Ov	er 2 years
Other payables	\$	199,382	\$	-	\$	-
Lease liabilities		83,567		59,373		242,391

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 1.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: None.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 2.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

None.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 3.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group operates business in a single industry. The chief operating decision-maker who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified the Group to be a single reportable operating segment.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The accounting policies of the operating segment are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4. The Group's chief operating decision-maker uses the after-tax net income (loss) as the basis for assessing the performance of the Group's operating segments.

(3) <u>Information about segment profit or loss</u>, assets and liabilities

The segment information of assets, liabilities and income (loss) after tax provided to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statements of comprehensive income and do not need to reconciled.

(4) Geographical information

Geographical information of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows (Financial assets are not included in non-current assets):

	A	s of and f	or the	year ended	As	of and	for the y	ear ended
		Decen	iber 31	, 2020		Dece	mber 31,	2019
	Re	venue	Non-	-current assets	Rev	enue	Non-	current assets
Taiwan	\$	300	\$	172,245	\$	-	\$	149,655
United States				1,747,756		-		792,742
Total	\$	300	\$	1,920,001	\$	-	\$	942,397

(5) Major customer information

Major customer information of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

		For the	year ended	For	the year ended
		Decemb	per 31, 2020	Dece	ember 31, 2019
	Re	evenue	Segment	Revenue	Segment
			Commissioned		
A	\$	300	service revenue	\$	<u>-</u>

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Relationship	Balance as at	as at							Balance as at	as at
	Marketable	General		with	January 1, 2020	1, 2020	Addition	ion		Dis	Disposal		December 31, 2020	1, 2020
	securities	ledger	Counterparty	the investor	Number of		Number of		Number of			Gain (loss) on	Number of	
Investor	(Note 1)	account	(Note 2) ((Note 2)	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	shares	Amount shares Selling price Book value disposal	Book value	disposal	shares	Amount
Tanvex	Tanvex	Investments	Not	Subsidiary				Disclosi	ure is not requir	Disclosure is not required (please refer to Note 2)	Note 2)			
BioPharma, Inc.	BioPharma USA,	accounted for	applicable											
	Inc.	under equity												
		method												

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. and Subsidiaries Information on investees

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Table 2

(Except as otherwise indicated) Expressed in thousands of NTD

		Footnote	112,538) Subsidiary			1,969,363) Subsidiary	
Investment income (loss)	ognized by the company	December 31, 2020	112,538)			1,969,363)	
Net profit (loss)	of the investee for the recognized by the company	30	112,538) (\$			1,969,363) (
2020	0	Book value	243,390 (\$			645,715 (
Shares held as at December 31, 2020		Ownership (%)	\$ 001			100	
Shares held	Number of shares	(in thousand shares)	211,419			1,000	
investment amount	Ralance as at	December 31, 2019	3, 2,022,565			6,535,481	(US\$217,415)
Initial investm	Ralance as at	December 31,	\$ 2,050,535			7,601,352	(US\$270,415)
,	Main business	activities	Taiwan Research and	development of biosimilar drugs	and new drugs	Formulation and	manufacturing of biosimilar drugs and new drugs
		Location	Taiwan			SO	
		Investee	Tanvex Biologics, Corp.			Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Tanvex BioPharma USA, Inc.	
		Investor	Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. Tanvex Biologics, Corp.			Tanvex BioPharma, Inc.	

Note: The exchange rate applied in this table for net profit (loss) is the average for the whole year (USDI:TWD29.51); others is based on the end date of reporting period (USDI:TWD28.11).

Tanvex BioPharma, Inc. and Subsidiaries Major shareholders information December 31, 2020

Table 3

	vnership (%)	22.64%	12.13%	7.37%
Shares	Tumber of shares held	70,566,999	37,811,668	22,978,243
	Name of major shareholders	eng Lin Investment Co., Ltd.	Panvex Biologics, Inc.	Allen Chao and Lee Hwa Chao Family Trust



Tanvex BioPharma, Inc.

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